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K/S SCE Solar Hettenkofen

Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. 1114 København K CVR No. 31615542

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 04.06.2024

Carsten Hansen Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

K/S SCE Solar Hettenkofen Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. 1114 København K

Business Registration No.: 31615542 Registered office: København Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Hanno Schoklitsch

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Allé 4 6000 Kolding

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of K/S SCE Solar Hettenkofen for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 04.06.2024

Executive Board

Hanno Schoklitsch

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of K/S SCE Solar Hettenkofen

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of K/S SCE Solar Hettenkofen for the financial year 01.01.2023 -31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Kolding, 04.06.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Lars Ørum Nielsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne26771

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company and the Group is, directly or indirectly, to own erect and oper-ate solar plants in Germany and related activities.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Gross profit/loss		(7,278)	(12,786)
Income from investments in group enterprises		70,307	33,063
Other financial income	1	5,866	5,199
Other financial expenses	2	(22,073)	(24,490)
Profit/loss for the year		46,822	986
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		150,000	0
Retained earnings		(103,178)	986
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		46,822	986

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Investments in group enterprises		1,004,228	953,835
Financial assets	3	1,004,228	953,835
Fixed assets		1,004,228	953,835
Receivables from group enterprises		88,590	215,109
Other receivables		2,768	76
Receivables		91,358	215,185
Cash		96,490	103,970
Current assets		187,848	319,155
Assets		1,192,076	1,272,990

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Contributed capital	4	13,232,400	13,232,400
Unpaid contributed capital		(9,447,358)	(9,447,358)
Retained earnings		(3,124,809)	(3,021,631)
Equity		660,233	763,411
Trade payables		7,515	7,000
Payables to group enterprises		516,828	495,079
Other payables		7,500	7,500
Current liabilities other than provisions		531,843	509,579
Liabilities other than provisions		531,843	509,579
Equity and liabilities		1,192,076	1,272,990

Group relations

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Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital EUR	Unpaid contributed capital EUR	Retained earnings EUR	Proposed extraordinary dividend EUR	Total EUR
Equity beginning of year	13,232,400	(9,447,358)	(3,021,631)	0	763,411
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(150,000)	(150,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(103,178)	150,000	46,822
Equity end of year	13,232,400	(9,447,358)	(3,124,809)	0	660,233

Notes

1 Other financial income

	2023	2022	
	EUR	EUR	
Financial income from group enterprises	3,567	4,218	
Other interest income	2,299	981	
	5,866	5,199	
2 Other financial expenses			
	2023	2022	
	EUR	EUR	
Financial expenses from group enterprises	21,749	21,731	
Other interest expenses	0	678	
Exchange rate adjustments	324	2,081	
	22,073	24,490	
3 Financial assets			
		Investments	
	in group		
		enterprises EUR	
Cost beginning of year		1,381,500	
Cost end of year	1,381,500		
Impairment losses beginning of year	(427,665)		
Share of profit/loss for the year	70,307		
Dividend	(19,914)		
Impairment losses end of year		(377,272)	
Carrying amount end of year		1,004,228	

			Equity	
		Corporate	interest	
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%	
SCE Solar Hettenkofen GmbH & Co. KG	Germany	KG	100	

4 Share capital

		Nominal
		value
	Number	EUR
ordinary shares	13,232,400	13,232,400
	13,232,400	13,232,400

The General partner of the company is SCE Solar Hettenkofen Komplementaranpartsselskab.

5 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Kaiserwetter Solar Invest ApS, Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. sal, 1114 Copenhagen K.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The annual report is presented in EUR.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for stationery and office supplies etc.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.