



## Créadore A/S

Nordager 20, DK-6000 Kolding

Reg.no. 31 60 57 41

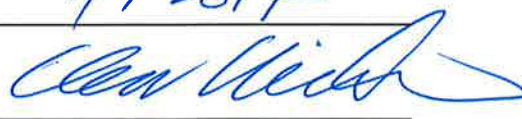
### Annual Report for the year ended 30 April 2017 9th financial year

The annual report has been presented to and approved by the  
annual general meeting of the shareholders on

Date

14/9 2017

Chairman





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## Company details

Créadore A/S  
Nordager 20  
DK-6000 Kolding  
[www.creadore.com](http://www.creadore.com)

Reg.no.                    31 60 57 41

Formation:              11 July 2008

Financial year:        1 May - 30 April

### **Supervisory Board**

Jakob Ravnsbo  
Nadeem Abdullah  
Peter Beirholm  
Nabeel Abdullah

### **Executive Board**

Peter Beirholm

### **Auditors**

Ernst & Young P/S  
Kolding Åpark 1, 3.  
DK-6000 Kolding

## Statement by the management

The Supervisory Board and the Executive Board discussed and approved the annual report of Creadore A/S for the financial year 1 May 2016 - 30 April 2017.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

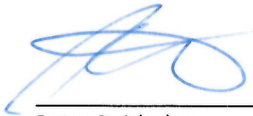
It is our opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 30 April 2017 and of the results of the company's operations and cash flow for the financial year 1 May 2016 – 30 April 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Kolding, 17 August 2017

Executive Board:



Peter Beirholm

Supervisory Board:



Jakob Ravnsbo



Nadeem Abdullah



Peter Beirholm



Nabeel Abdullah

## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of Creadore A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Créadore A/S for the financial year 1 May 2016 – 30 April 2017, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 April 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2016 – 30 April 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

## Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement of the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Kolding, 17 August 2017

**Ernst & Young**

**Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab**

**CVR.no. 30 70 02 28**



Claus E. Andreasen

State authorized public accountant



Michael Vakker Maass

State authorized public accountant



## Management's review

### Principal activities and business overview

Creadore A/S is primarily engaged in product development and marketing of textiles for the global hotel industry.

The main target group is international and global hotel chains which have defined their own standards for linen and textiles, and which have a defined objective of sourcing directly from producers at global level.

Creadore A/S has been established as a unique collaborative model between Beirholms Væverier A/S and Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd.

Beirholms Væverier A/S is one of Western Europe's leading suppliers of home textiles for industrial use in the hotel and restaurant industry and thus has in-depth knowledge of the market and of developing products optimized for industrial use.

Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd. is one of Pakistan's leading suppliers of bed linen. It exports to Asia, Western Europe and North America, giving it in-depth knowledge of production and production processes.

True to our motto "Creadore Beyond Linen", we supply textiles that not only meet the needs of hotels and guests but also deliver on laundry performance. In addition, Creadore offers customers a complete supply chain solution, including forecasting, logistics and distribution. We want to be the first choice of textile partner for our customers, and to offer support in the form of our textiles expertise in order to facilitate the most optimal textile solutions, i.e. lowest total cost of ownership (TCO) and improved guest experience and image at our customers' businesses.

We believe that leasing is a winning concept, whereby industrial laundries buy, own and launder the textiles and provide hotels, restaurants, hospitals, nursing homes, etc. with clean textiles on a leasing/rental basis. The competitive ability of a laundry is a result of how effective it is in each of its three roles independently, and how effective it is in balancing key dependencies between these roles:

1. The financial role, which optimizes investment in technology, textile procurement and amortization in relation to capital expenditure.
2. The production role, which optimizes operational costs in logistics, laundering, inventory management, and real product life-cycle costs.
3. The knowledge sharing role, which optimizes market-fit factors for specific end-user and consumer needs in terms of quality, color, design and concepts.

The leasing laundry industry - and thus the textile leasing concept in Western Europe - is a mature industry, and we believe that, over time, the business concept will be implemented in other parts of the world, such as the Middle East, where the leasing laundry industry has not yet matured, but where the potential is extremely high due to the comprehensive hotel sector.

Creadore A/S is a market leader in textiles designed and developed for the leasing laundry industry in the Middle East, so Creadore has a tried-and-tested solution for textiles which works optimally for linen rental companies (leasing laundries).

The business activities are supported by offices in three locations:

- Kolding (Denmark) is the main corporate office, which manages all business support, system application as well as sales in Europe.
- Dubai (United Arab Emirates) is the regional sales office, supporting sales in the Middle East and Africa.
- Lahore (Pakistan) supports production, supply management as well as sales in the Middle East and Africa.



## Management's review

From our bases in Kolding and Lahore, we have unique access to the knowledge resources of our affiliates Beirholms Væverier A/S and Sapphire Textile Mills Ltd. in terms of production, product development, supply management, laundry expertise, etc., and sharing resources as well as office and state-of-the-art production facilities keeps operations lean and costs down.

We have joint ActNow ([www.actnow.dk](http://www.actnow.dk)) which is an action-oriented partnership platform for businesses, NGOs and public institutions, who influence and inspire decision-makers by promoting energy-efficient cases and solutions. We want to be part of this network to present sustainable textile solution by introducing BeirTex to the market and be part of this fast developing area.

### Development in activities

During the year, we chose to invest further resources and efforts in developing the market in the Middle East, making our unique business model even stronger and visible to our customers and potential customers, especially within the laundry sector.

We realized a 11 % increase in sales volume, resulting in a year result after tax of 876,000 EUR, which is considered satisfactory and better than expected.

### Outlook

During the financial year 2017/18, we expect the level of activity to increase, mainly as a result of organic growth. We will invest in resources to develop the company into a truly global player in the industry and to ensure that our existing business is run in the best and most efficient way possible. We do, however, expect the result in 2017/18 to be lower than the result of 2016/17.

### CSR and sustainability

Creadore wishes to be a responsible partner which proactively supports human rights, good working practices and good environmental conditions in the workplaces that form part of our partnerships. We have recently become DS49001 (ISO 26001) certified - a culmination of long-term efforts to secure sustainable textiles. This is supported by our formalized CSR strategy, our Code of Conduct and our management systems ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001.

In order to set new and better standards for the future, we have developed new yarn types (called BeirTex) with the hospitality industry in mind. Articles made with BeirTex yarns are BCI Cotton (Better Cotton Initiative) and are produced in accordance with the strictest environmental requirements under the EU Label: sustainable solutions at no additional cost.



## Income Statement 1 May - 30 April

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2016/17</u> EUR '000	<u>2015/16</u> EUR '000
<b>Gross profit</b>		1.132	278
Financial income	3	1	0
Financial expenses	4	<u>-13</u>	<u>-31</u>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		1.120	247
Taxation	5	<u>-244</u>	<u>-58</u>
<b>Net result</b>		<u>876</u>	<u>189</u>
 <b>Proposed appropriation of profit</b>			
Retained earnings		<u>876</u>	<u>189</u>

## Balance sheet 30 April

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> EUR '000	<u>2016</u> EUR '000
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Inventories</b>			
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		813	878
Prepayments for goods		<u>568</u>	<u>710</u>
<b>Total inventories</b>		<u>1.381</u>	<u>1.588</u>
<b>Receivables</b>			
Trade receivables		1.192	1.177
Other receivables		133	36
Prepaid expenses		53	62
Deferred tax assets		<u>57</u>	<u>67</u>
<b>Total receivables</b>		<u>1.435</u>	<u>1.342</u>
<b>Cash in bank</b>		<u>144</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>2.960</u>	<u>2.930</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>2.960</u>	<u>2.930</u>

## Balance sheet 30 April

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> EUR '000	<u>2016</u> EUR '000
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Shareholder's equity</b>			
Share capital	6	1.006	1.006
Retained earnings		<u>1.252</u>	<u>376</u>
<b>Total shareholder's equity</b>		<u><u>2.258</u></u>	<u><u>1.382</u></u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Short term liabilities</b>			
Banks		0	1.132
Trade payables	7	439	320
Prepayments received from customers		128	38
Corporate tax payable		<u>135</u>	<u>58</u>
<b>Total short term liabilities</b>		<u><u>702</u></u>	<u><u>1.548</u></u>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<u><u><u>2.960</u></u></u>	<u><u><u>2.930</u></u></u>
<b>Other notes</b>			
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## Cash flow statement

	<u>2016/17</u> EUR '000	<u>2015/16</u> EUR '000
Result before interest and depreciations	1.132	278
Changes in inventories	207	1.045
Changes in receivables	-103	907
Changes in liabilities	209	-931
Corporate tax, paid	-157	-133
Interest, paid	-13	-31
<b>Cash flow from operations</b>	<u>1.275</u>	<u>1.135</u>
Change in short term bank liabilities	<u>-1.132</u>	<u>-1.135</u>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>	<u>-1.132</u>	<u>-1.135</u>
<b>Total cash flow</b>	143	0
Cash in bank, beginning of year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Cash in bank, end of year</b>	<u><u>143</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>

## Notes

### 1 Accounting principles

The Annual Report for Creadore A/S for 2016/17 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B enterprises under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The financial statements are prepared in EUR.

The accounting policies are consistent with those of last year.

### Income Statement

According to section 32 of the Danish Financial statements Act, net sales, cost of goods and external expenses are aggregated in one item called gross profit.

#### Net sales

Revenue from the sale of goods for resale is recognised in the income statement provided that delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer has taken place before year end and that the income can be reliably measured and is expected to be received. Revenue in the form of sales commissions are recognized on the time the service is rendered and considered earned.

Revenue is measured excluding VAT and duties charged on behalf of third party. All kinds of discounts allowed are recognized/deducted in the revenue.

#### External expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing contracts and purchase of personell ressources from group companies.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses from financial receivables and liabilities as well as exchange rate gains and losses on receivables, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

#### Taxation

Tax for the year comprises current tax and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

### Balance sheet

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs necessary to make the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in expected sales price.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. Write-down is made for bad debt losses based on an individual assessment of receivables.

## Notes

### 1 Accounting principles - continued

#### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a setoff against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity.

Changes in deferred tax due to changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### 2 Principal activities

Creadore A/S is primarily engaged in product development and marketing of textiles for the global hotel industry.

Creadore A/S is incorporated in Denmark and has a branch office in Dubai, UAE.

The target customers are international and global hotel chains which have defined their own standards for linen and textiles and which have a defined objective of sourcing directly from the producers at global level. Furthermore the company approaches local hotel chains and leasing laundries on the Middle-East market.

## Notes

	2016/17 EUR '000	2015/16 EUR '000
<b>3 Financial income</b>		
Group enterprise	1	0
	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>4 Financial expenses</b>		
Group enterprise	0	5
Banks	13	26
	<u>13</u>	<u>31</u>
<b>5 Taxation</b>		
Current tax	236	126
Tax from previous years	-2	-1
Change in deferred tax assets	10	-67
	<u>244</u>	<u>58</u>

## 6 Shareholders equity

The share capital consists of 7,500 shares of nominal 1,000 DKK each, totalling 7.5 million DKK (1 million EUR).

	2016/17 EUR '000	2015/16 EUR '000	2014/15 EUR '000	2013/14 EUR '000	2012/13 EUR '000
Share capital at 1 May	1.006	1.006	1.006	1.006	1.006
Capital increase	0	0	0	0	0
Share capital at 30 April	<u>1.006</u>	<u>1.006</u>	<u>1.006</u>	<u>1.006</u>	<u>1.006</u>

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Shareholders equity at 1 May 2016	1.006	376	1.382
Result for the year	0	876	876
<b>Shareholders equity at 30 April 2017</b>	<u>1.006</u>	<u>1.252</u>	<u>2.258</u>

	2016/17 EUR '000	2015/16 EUR '000
<b>7 Trade payables</b>		
Group enterprise	53	61
Others	386	259
	<u>439</u>	<u>320</u>

## 8 Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish companies within the Beirholm Holding Group. As a jointly taxed, but not fully owned company, the Company is limited and subsidiarily liable for corporate taxes in the joint taxation.

## 9 Staff matters

The Company employs no staff, but hires staff resources from group enterprises. Hired in staff resources were 12 full time employees in 2016/17 (in 2015/16: 11).

## Notes

### 10 Related parties

#### Ownership

The following shareholders holds more than 5 % of voting rights or minimum 5 % of the share capital:

Beirholm Holding A/S  
Nordager 20  
6000 Kolding  
Denmark

Sapphire Textile Mills Limited  
212 Cotton Exchange Building 1.1. Chundrigar Road  
Karachi  
Pakistan

#### Group

The Company's Annual Report is part of the consolidated Annual Report of Beirholm Holding A/S.