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Hydratech Industries Holding A/S

Sigenvej 2 9760 Vrå Central Business Registration No 31 59 27 20

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 25.09.2020

Chairman of the General Meeting

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Name: Martin Christian Kruhl

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Entity details

Entity

Hydratech Industries Holding A/S Sigenvej 2 9760 Vrå

Central Business Registration No: 31592720

Registered in: Hjørring

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Executive Board

Knud Andersen Rasmus Sandorff Jacobsen

Board of Directors

John Staunsbjerg Dueholm, Chairman
Jacob Østergaard Bergenholtz
Erik Laursen
Esben Bay Jørgensen
Peter Kjærsgaard Sørensen, Employee Representative
Ove Østergaard, Employee Representative

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and disclosure requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of their operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the development of the Group's and the Parent's business and financial matters, the results for the year and of the Parent's financial position and the financial position as a whole of the entities included in the consolidated financial statements, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Group and the Parent face.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Vrå, 31.08.2020

Executive Board

Knud Andersen Rasmus Sandorff Jacobsen

Board of Directors

John Staunsberg Dueholm

Chairman

Jacob Østergaard Bergenholtz

Erik Laursen Esben Bay Jørgensen

Peter Kjærsgaard Sørensen Ove Østergaard

Employee Representative Employee Representative

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019, which comprise the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31 December 2019, and of the results of their operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

The group has recognized goodwill of DKK 276,9 million as at 31 December 2019. Management have prepared an impairment test which is based on a 7 year forecast horizon and subsequently a terminal period.

The recorded goodwill is sensitive to changes in the assumptions applied including forecast and budgets applied for the impairment test. If the used assumptions differs significantly from expectations, it may prove necessary to record a not insignificant goodwill impairment.

We draw attention to note 12 of the financial statements, which describes significant assumptions used in the impairment test.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and these parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus, 31.08.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Jacob Nørmark State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne30176 Jakob Olesen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne34492

	IFRS 2019	IFRS 2018	IFRS 2017	DK GAAP 2016	DK GAAP 2015
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Revenue	539.360	456.507	527.090	561.311	698.916
Gross profit/loss	63.040	82.396	139.356	147.569	231.558
Operating profit/loss	(75.891)	(32.269)	(3.119)	(31.141)	(55.253)
Net financials	(32.385)	(35.568)	(43.867)	(30.650)	(22.395)
Profit/loss for the year	(93.695)	(59.721)	(45.476)	(67.575)	(81.023)
Total assets	620.797	636.611	639.359	633.563	666.462
Investments in property,	,				
plant and equipment	37.414	4.656	1.959	11.932	6.107
Equity	62.012	145.952	163.464	78.765	89.393
Ratios					
Gross margin (%)	11,7	18,1	26,4	26,3	33,1
Net margin (%)	(17,4)	(13,1)	(8,6)	(12,0)	(11,6)
Return on equity (%)	(90,1)	(38,6)	(37,6)	(80,4)	(62,9)
Equity ratio (%)	10,0	22,0	25,0	12,4	13,4

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2015" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

The figures stated for 2017, 2018 and 2019 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. All other figures have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act.

Ratios Gross margin (%)	Calculation formulas <u>Gross profit/loss x 100</u> Revenue	Explanation The entity's operating gearing.
Net margin (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Revenue	The entity's operation profitability.
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity	The entity's return on capital invested in the entity by the owners.
Equity ratio (%)	Equity x 100 Total assets	The financial strength of the entity.

Primary activities

The primary activities are to develop, manufacture, sell and service hydraulic components.

The Group consists of three divisions (Wind, Fluid and Service) and is headquartered in Denmark, with subsidiaries in the US, China, India, Czech Republic and Hong Kong. The group serves as sub-supplier in the market segments of wind, oil, gas, mining, industry and marine with related service activities. The Group is positioned as a major supplier in both Europe, Asia and the Americas, and are serving the largest OEM-producers in the Wind segment around the world.

Development in activities and finances

The fiscal year was characterized by high activity within the group's Wind division in terms of introducing new products and adapting the group supply chain to ramp-up of new customers. The Service Division experienced strong growth whereas the development in the group's Fluid division was flat.

The general price pressure in the wind industry, meant profitability was under pressure during 2019. However, with a continued focus on efficiency in operations and on cost out, significant supply chain improvements were seen towards the end of the year.

In late 2018, our new factory in Czech Republic started prototype production and has now been approved for serial production. In May 2019, we announced that we would transfer production from our facility in Silkeborg to the new factory in Czech Republic. The new factory in the Czech Republic is the last part of the recovery plan that was initiated in 2016 to ensure the best possible global production setup for servicing the customers optimally at a competitive cost level.

To support the activities within the Wind division during the year, a capital injection of 10,0 mill. DKK was made by the shareholders and the investment partners through issuance of new shares and cash increase. The capital injection is a positive recognition from shareholders and investment partners of the great market opportunities for the group.

Financial development in 2019

Revenue

The revenue Increased from DKK 457m in 2018 to DKK 539m in 2019 mainly driven by the Wind and the service division. Both the Wind and Service division experienced high growth rates of approximately 25% while the Fluid division had a flat development in revenue.

Gross margin

The gross margin dropped from 18.1% to 11,7% from 2018 to 2019, due to costs related to closing the production facility in Silkeborg, setting up a new factory in Czech Republic and ramp-up of new customers in 2019 coupled with the general price pressure in the Wind industry.

Outlook

Revenue

The Group expects the revenue in all three divisions to continue the positive development from the second half of 2019. The revenue is expected to increase in the range of 20% - 30% and the operational cost will decrease significantly although it will still be impacted negatively by the closure of the production in Silkeborg.

Fluid Division

The Group currently experiences a decrease in the activity in the Oil and Gas market as a result of the declining oil price and Covid-19 and management expect the reduced activity level to continue through 2020.

Wind Division

The Group expects a positive development in revenue in the Wind Division since we are now well-positioned with some of the largest OEM-producers worldwide, who are all experiencing high activity level, not at least in the offshore segment where the Group has a strong track record and presence. The order backlog end of 2019 is at the highest level ever.

Service Division

The Group expects the positive development from 2019 to continue in 2020 and this is supported by a huge and still increasing installed base of the group products and the aging profile of the installed base combined with customers asking for Hydratech Industries replacement products for the original installed.

Gross margin

The gross margin in 2019 was unacceptable and a significant improvement is expected in 2020. Improving the gross margin has been the key priority in 2019 and will continue to be the key priority in 2020. The gross margin is expected to improve in 2020 because:

- The new factory in Czech Republic is fully up and running
- The factory in Silkeborg is expected to close by mid-2020
- A new cost out program was implemented in the beginning of 2019. The initiatives identified in the cost out program will primarily impact 2020
- Products with low and negative margins have been identified in 2019. Products where an acceptable margin cannot be reached have been taken out of production.

The initiatives above are expected to contribute to an improved gross margin in the range from DKK 35-50m.

In the first half of 2020 the gross margin has improved, and this positive development is expected to continue throughout 2020.

Particular risks

The main operating risk relates to the ability of being strongly positioned in the markets where the products are sold and to ensure an always competitive production price.

The group was during the first half of 2020 experiencing a close down in its Chinese and Indian operation due to Covid-19 and management emphasize that with the development of Covid-19 worldwide there is still a risk for temporary operational stops if hit by Covid-19.

Among other fields, the Group is engaged in the Oil and Gas industry, which is characterized by a cyclical level of activity that is affected by developments in crude oil prices and the US dollar rate. Furthermore, products are sold to the global Marine and Shipbuilding industry, traditionally a market sensitive to market fluctuations.

Warranty commitments

As a supplier to the wind turbine industry, the Group has contracts with longer warranty coverage and extended coverage for serial claims if it can be proven that deliverables are defective.

Price risks

The use of steel as a raw material involves a risk of general increases in the price of this type of commodity. However, for most production, the the Group may include possible increases in the prices of commodities in the prices of the finished products.

Currency risks

Selling the products abroad means that results, cash flows and equity are affected by exchange rate developments in a number of currencies. Currency risk hedging takes place primarily by purchases and billing being effected in the same currency. No speculative foreign currency transactions are conducted.

Currency adjustments of investments in subsidiaries are recognized in other comprehensive income. As a main rule, related currency risks are not hedged, as the Group believes that current hedging of such long-term investments will not be optimal from an overall risk and cost point of view.

Interest-rate risks

The Groups loan financing is exposed to fluctuations in the interest-rate level.

Funding risk

Hydratech has entered into a committed financing agreement with credit facilities enabling both current operations and planned expansion. Treasury management is centralized and ensures that sufficient financial resources are available to meet planned requirements.

Credit risk

Credit risk mainly relates to trade debtors and other receivables. The aggregate amounts recognized under these items in the balance sheet constitute the maximum credit risk. Receivables primarily relate to sales from the Wind and Fluid division. Handling increased credit risk in the wind and fluid industry, the Group's global credit function monitors the creditworthiness of existing and new customers and assists in debt collection. The Group conducts individual assessments of its customers' creditworthiness, managed globally. The majority of trade receivables are credit ensured. Cash is held with banks with high credit ratings. Receivables from Group enterprises are monitored closely from the global credit function.

Financial reporting

The mitigation of the key risks relating to the Group's financial reporting is ensured through group policies, internal controls and the statutory audit. Hydratech adheres to firm budgeting and reporting schedules and monitors the performance of its business units on a monthly basis. Structured business review meetings are held quarterly.

Compliance with regulations

Hydratech is committed to conducting its business in compliance with all applicable laws and other regulation and adhering to principles of good corporate citizenship in all the countries in which it is active. The manager of each business unit, supported by group functions, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the Group's policies as well as ensuring compliance with national legislation and local requirements.

Intellectual capital resources

The Group constantly works to develop and make customised products and solutions. A large portion of revenue arises from projects and turnkey solutions, and this poses considerable demands on the knowledge resources of staff within each of the segments that its products are sold to.

To meet the Groups own high demands for the development and production of these solutions, it is vital to be able to recruit and retain staff with a high level of education as well as staff with technical experience. The Group thus intends to remain an attractive place of work and uses the global presence to attract the best candidates around the world.

Research and development activities

The range of products is adjusted and developed on a regular basis to accommodate the customers' demands.

Also, in the financial year 2019 the Group participated in several development projects together with current customers. These are projects that will help expand the range of products.

Statutory report on corporate social responsibility

Main risks are related to child labour, bribery, health and environmental issues at our sites and with our partners.

Hydratech Industries operates globally and are exposed to risks related to these regions. In order to mitigate the identified risks the Group has implemented a code of conduct with internal guidelines, objectives and strategies, under which a targeted effort is made to ensure a safe and healthy working environment so that both environmental and climatic matters are considered in the processes.

We have created a zero-philosophy within Health, Safety and Environment with a goal of 0-accidents and 0-impact on environment.

We are committed to the health and safety of our employees. We control our activities and working environment to comply to the local legislative requirements and to the prevention of injures and ill health of our employees.

Our management system reflects the continuous improvement of our internal and external processes towards proactively to identify hazards and performance of risk assessments to increase the health and safety of our employees. We will maintain a certified occupational health and safety management system in full compliance with the requirements of ISO 45001 version 2018.

The company culture is built on the statement: "safety first", and the whole organization is bound to the pledge of taking the necessary actions to avoid any accidents.

We use defined objectives and KPIs to monitor our improvement progress and set ambitious targets.

As mentioned above, efforts are made to ensure a healthy working environment, for example, by focusing on the working environment in the daily operation, target setting and reporting.

With respect to the working environment, we arrange training sessions on a safe working environment. Also in this area, the efforts in 2019 have helped sustain a healthy and safe working environment for the staff, and there have been no serious accidents in 2019.

We are committed to be responsible for the environmental impact of our products, processes, and services. We control our activities to comply to the local legislative requirements and to the protection of the environment. We have entered a commitment with our main customers to reduce the environmental footprint from our production.

Our management system reflects the continuous improvement of our internal and external processes towards proactively identifying and evaluating risks and reduce the environmental impact of our products, processes and services. We have maintained a certified environmental management system in full compliance with the requirements of ISO 14001 version 2015.

Statutory report on corporate social responsibility, continuing

We use defined objectives and KPIs to monitor our improvement progress.

The companies are certified by external parties with respect to the quality of processes with both the companies and their suppliers. These are requirements also posed by the customers, and the companies comply with them partly through internal processes and control procedures, partly through site visits to the suppliers.

The Group has set up a global quality and process department to ensure that guidelines are drawn up in this respect and to subsequently check that the companies comply with them. To ensure a common and integrated approach to our quality, environment and health & safety work we have a certified management system according to ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and OHSAS 18001:2008

Management believes that the organizational processes are at a satisfactory and necessary level and that the measures implemented will improve results in the years ahead within quality, environmental and health & safety management.

The Group respects international conventions and observes national law for protecting human rights, and preventing corruption and has implemented this as part of the code of conduct. All employees are educated in the code of conduct and formal procedures are setup to secure that both employees and business partners are compliant with the code of conduct. As a result of the clear rules in our code of conduct and the training and communication provided, we believe that we have maintained a high level of business integrity and ethics in our companies in 2019.

Statutory report on the underrepresented gender

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board aim for equal opportunity for both genders at management levels and believe that diversity generates business value. In 2013, the Board of Directors laid down objectives for diversity on the Board of Directors and at other management levels. When nominating new candidates for the Board of Directors, the Board carefully considers what knowledge and professional experience are needed to ensure that the competencies required exist on the Board. Also, the Board of Directors strives to have the best composition possible based on background, gender etc.

Gender composition of Management

When engaging managers, the knowledge and professional experience needed are considered carefully to ensure that the competencies required exist at all management levels. The employment process is designes to ensure that men and women have equal opportunities to apply for a management position. Vacancies are advertised and women are among the candidates if possible. At least two executives are involved in the appointment of managers to ensure that the biggest management talents are hired, regardless of gender.

The Board of Directors has set the following target figures for the gender composition:

- That both genders are represented on the Board of Directors by a share of at least 33%;
- That both genders are represented at management levels globally by a share of at least 33%.

Gender composition of Management, continuing

At the balance sheet date, the Executive Board consists of two men. In 2019 there have been employed one new member for the Executive Board (a man). The candidate was hired as he was considered to be the best qualified candidate for the job. We are not yet closer to meeting the target but the aim is to meet the target before 2022. When nominating candidates for the Board of Directors and Executive Board, the Board pursues the objective of adding more women to the Board. However, this must not affect the other recruiting criteria.

At year-end 2019, the gender composition at the other management levels was 1 woman and 14 men, which is an improvement of 1 woman compared to 2018. The efforts will continue in 2020.

Statutory report on corporate governance

The Company complies with the Danish Venture Capital and Private Equity Association's guidelines for disclosures in the annual report. Please refer to www.dvca.dk for further information.

The Company's share capital is divided into share classes. HTHH ApS is the parent whereas the private equity fund BWB Partners is the ultimate parent to HTHH ApS holding an ultimate ownership share of 95%.

Events after the balance sheet date

In 2020, the Group experienced the effect of the global outbreak of Covid-19, but due to strict internal processes no personal has been effected so far and operation has been close to normal.

In July 2020, a new financing agreement was finalized to ensure sustainable cash to support the expected growth in the coming years.

Consolidated income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Revenue	2	539.360	456.507
Cost of sales		(434.626)	(335.163)
Other external expenses		(41.694)	(38.948)
Gross profit/loss		63.040	82.396
Staff costs	3	(104.114)	(94.122)
Depreciation and amortisation	4	(34.817)	(20.543)
Operating profit/loss		(75.891)	(32.269)
Other financial income	5	8.604	4.696
Other financial expenses	6	(40.989)	(40.264)
Profit/loss before tax		(108.276)	(67.837)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	7	14.581	8.116
Profit/loss	8	(93.695)	(59.721)

Statement of comprehensive income

Profit for the year	(93.695)	(59.721)
Other comprehensive income		
Items that can be reclassified to the income statement when		
certain conditions are met:		
Exchange differences, foreign entities	(807)	(2.513)
Other adjustments	562	(1.086)
Total comprehensive income	(93.940)	(63.320)

Reconciliation of liabilities from financial activities

Consolidated cash flow statement for 2019

	<u>Notes</u>	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		(75.891)	(32.269)
Amortisation and depreciation		34.817	20.543
Other provisions		805	100
Working capital changes	9	13.546	55.333
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		(26.723)	43.707
		7.	422
Financial income received		74	422
Financial income paid		(33.676)	(33.311)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		2.003	2.601
Cash flows from operating activities		(58.322)	13.419
Acquisition etc of intangible assets		(8.906)	(12.432)
Acquisition etc of property, plant and equipment		(11.423)	(4.656)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		0	76
Acquisition of enterprises		(1.499)	0
Acquisition etc of fixed asset investments		(112)	0
Cash flows from investing activities		(21.940)	(17.012)
Proceeds on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary			
that does not involve loss of control		10.000	25.000
Loans raised		20.247	21.500
Instalments on loans etc		0	(53.002)
Increase of bank loans		45.190	0
Cash flows from financing activities		75.437	(6.502)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(4.825)	(10.095)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		8.544	22.303
Currency translation adjustments of cash and cash equivaler	nts	(957)	(3.664)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		2.762	8.544
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of: Cash		2.762	8.544
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		2.762	8.544
and and administration of Jan.			
Non cash transactions	10		

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Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2019

	<u>Notes</u>	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Completed development projects		15.028	20.908
Acquired licences		2.917	5.344
Goodwill		276.870	276.870
Development projects in progress		12.758	11.405
Intangible assets	12	307.573	314.527
Land and buildings		75.399	61.119
Plant and machinery		17.068	15.647
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		2.842	3.931
Leasehold improvements		5.343	2.814
Property, plant and equipment	13	100.652	83.511
Other investments	14	184	184
Deposits	14	1.923	1.949
Deferred tax	18	14.665	7.838
Fixed asset investments		16.772	9.971
Non-current assets		424.997	408.009
Raw materials and consumables		75.219	89.987
Work in progress		7.890	0.220
Work in progress		7.090	9.239
Inventories		83.109	9.239
	15		
Inventories	15 16	83.109	99.226
Inventories Trade receivables		83.109 43.518	99.226 44.702
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets	16	83.109 43.518 32.804	99.226 44.702 47.204
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Receivables from group enterprises	16	83.109 43.518 32.804 15.357	99.226 44.702 47.204 14.825
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables	16	43.518 32.804 15.357 13.800	99.226 44.702 47.204 14.825 11.544
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables Income tax receivable	16	43.518 32.804 15.357 13.800 1.850	99.226 44.702 47.204 14.825 11.544 0
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables Income tax receivable Prepayments	16	43.518 32.804 15.357 13.800 1.850 2.600	99.226 44.702 47.204 14.825 11.544 0 2.557
Inventories Trade receivables Contract assets Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables Income tax receivable Prepayments Receivables	16	43.518 32.804 15.357 13.800 1.850 2.600 109.929	99.226 44.702 47.204 14.825 11.544 0 2.557 120.832

Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2019

	Notes_	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Contributed capital	19	15.080	15.080
Reserve for development expenditure		20.858	23.257
Retained earnings		26.074	107.615
Shareholders' share of equity		62.012	145.952
Non-controlling interests		0	0
Equity		62.012	145.952
Deferred tax	18	0	4.037
Other provisions		1.905	1.100
Subordinate loan capital	20	129.804	115.382
Mortgage debts	20	9.613	6.293
Bank loans	20	0	0
Lease liabilities	20	52.410	34.500
Other payables	20	39.171	23.652
Non-current liabilities		232.903	184.964
Current portion of long-term liabilities			
other than provisions	20	40.020	50.822
Bank loans		72.057	26.867
Prepayments received from customers	21	13.542	48.265
Trade payables		140.458	136.235
Payables to shareholders and management		443	0
Income tax payable		0	39
Other payables		59.362	43.467
Current liabilities		325.882	305.695
Liabilities		558.785	490.659
Equity and liabilities		620.797	636.611
Mortgages and securities	22		
Subsidiaries	23		
Related parties with controlling interest	24		
Financial risks and financial instruments	25		
Events after the reporting period	26		

Consolidated statement of shareholders' equity

DKK'000	Share capital		Foreign currency translation adjustment	Reserve for develop- ment expen- diture	Non- controlling interest	Total
2019						
Shareholders equity at beginning of year	15.080	110.039	(2.424)	23.257	0	145.952
Profit for the year	0	(93.695)	• •	0	0	(93.695)
Transfer to reserves	0	2.399	0	(2.399)	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0	(807)	0	0	(807)
Other adjustments	0	562	0	0	0	562
Total comprehensive income	0	(90.734)	(807)	(2.399)	0	(93.940)
Proceeds on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary						
that does not involve loss of control	0	0	0	0	10.000	10.000
Adjustments preference right to distribution	0	10.000	0	0	(10.000)	0
Transactions with non-controlling interest	0	10.000	0	0	0	10.000
Shareholders equity at end of year	15.080	29.305	(3.231)	20.858	0	62.012
2018						
Shareholders equity at beginning of year	15.079	104.926	89	17.835	25.535	163.464
Profit for the year	0	(59.721)	0	0	0	(59.721)
Transfer to reserves	0	(5.422)	0	5.422	0	0
Other comprehensive income	0	0	(2.513)	0	0	(2.513)
Other adjustments	0	(1.086)	0	0	0	(1.086)
Total comprehensive income	0	(66.229)	(2.513)	5.422	0	(63.320)
Increase of capital	1	20.807	0	0	0	20.808
Transactions with owners	1	20.807	0	0	0	20.808
Proceeds on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary						
that does not involve loss of control	0	0	0	0	25.000	25.000
Adjustments preference right to distribution	0	25.000	0	0	(25.000)	0
Adjustments preference right to distribution	0	25.535	0	0	(25.535)	0
Transactions with non-controlling interest	0	50.535	0	0	<u>(25.535</u>)	25.000
Shareholders equity at end of year	15.080	110.039	(2.424)	23.257	0	145.952

In November 2019 Hydratech Industries A/S received a cash loan of DKK 10m from Anpartsselskabet af 4. juli 2008. Anpartsselskabet af 4. juli 2008 converted the loan of DKK 10m to equity.

The capital was in 2018 increased by DKK 1k nominal, whereby equity has been increased by a total of DKK 20.808k.

Number of shares is 15.080.000 with the nominel value of DKK 15.080.000.

1. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S have been prepared in accordance with the international Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and additional disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statement Act.

1.1 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

At the time of publication of the 2019 financial statements of Hydratech Industries A/S, there are a number of new or changed standards and interpretations which have not yet come into effect and have therefore have not been incorporated into the financial statements.

No material impact is expected from the issued but not yet effective IFRS standards that have not been implemented.

1.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty continuing

In the application of the accounting policies the Management of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are presented separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statement

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts regarding wind and fluid cylinders is recognized when control is transferred to the customer, and consideration agreed is expected to be received. Control is transferred upon production and Hydratech recognized revenue over time.

Management have assessed recognition of revenue over time due to the specialization of the produced units as well as the possibilities of payment from cancelled orders.

Key Sources of estimation uncertaincy

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

1.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty continuing Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. The key assumptions used in the impairments tests of goodwill are disclosed in note 12.

Revenue recognition

There exist uncertency about the estimate of the ratio of completion as well as realized margin on work in progres as of 31 December 2019. Management asses the rate of completion based on incured cost in the production of the units with a mark-up of expected gross margin on each produced unit.

	2019 DKK'000	2018 <u>DKK'000</u>
2. Net Sales		
Europe	305.182	302.688
Asia	141.473	92.305
North America	82.889	59.620
Other regions	9.816	1.894
	539.360	456.507
Wind	367.238	294.898
Fluid	40.612	44.733
Service	131.510	116.876
	539.360	456.507

The Group is not listed or in the process of becoming listed, and no segment information is disclosed according to IFRS. Revenue is split between geographical regions and activity. This information does not amount to segment information to IFRS.

Change in contracts assets regarding revenue recognized from contracts with customers recognized over time amounts to -14,4 mio.kr. as of 31 December 2019 (2018: DKK 8,0 mio.). Contract assets amount to DKK 32,8 mio. as of 31 December 2019 (2018: DKK 47,2 mio). All unsatisfied performance obligations at year end are part of contracts with customers that has an original expected duration of one year or less, and consequently, the aggregate amount of the transaction prices allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations are not disclosed.

Revenue is recognized over time to the extend that each of the vendors performance obligations is satisfied. Hydratech evaluates the stage of completion on revenue recognized over time based on the input method. Contract assets as of 31 December 2019 is completed in 2020.

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 <u>DKK'000</u>
3. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	80.223	71.030
Pension costs	13.109	12.484
Other social security costs	10.782	10.608
	104.114	94.122
Average number of employees	483	438

			Other top	
	Executive	Board of	manage-	
	board	directors	ment	Total
	DKK'000_	DKK'000_	DKK'000	DKK'000
3. Staff costs continuing				
2019				
Remuneration and salary	3.282	435	9.933	13.650
Pension, company contributions	0	0	950	950
Benefits (car, housing, phone etc.)	598_	0_	1.251	1.849
Cost at end of year	3.880	435	12.134	16.449
			Other top	
		Top ma-	manage-	
		nagement	ment	Total
		DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
2018				
Remuneration and salary		2.723	9.599	12.322
Pension, company contributions		0	510	510
Benefits (car, housing, phone etc.)		187	1.044	1.231
Cost at end of year		2.910	11.153	14.063

Referring to section 98(b3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board is listed together in 2018.

The Executive Board and a number of members of other top management are comprised by special bonus arrangements in the parent company Hydratech Industries Holding A/S, which becomes effective at sale of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S if certain entreprise values are meet. The bonus arrangements are maximized at 14 mDKK and for other top management these are maximised at 1,5 mDKK of the individual basic salary.

Niether the Executive Board nor members of other top management are comprised by special bonus arrangements besides the above mentioned exitbonus.

In November 2018, certain employees and members of Management acquired warrants and shares in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S at the fair value of the warrants at the date of acquisition. The warrants are cancelled in 2019, with no cash effect for Hydratech Industries Holding A/S.

	Warrants number	Excercise prices DKK
3. Staff costs continuing		
Number of outstanding warrants		
Beginning of year 2019	4.755.000	1
Issued during the period	0	0
Cancelled in 2019	(4.755.000)	(1)
End of year 2019	0	0
	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
4. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Amortisation of intangible assets	9.419	5.001
Impairment losses of intangible assets	6.130	0
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	19.139	13.297
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and		
equipment	129	2.245
	34.817	20.543
Hereof depreciation of right of use assets	11.802	10.078

Hydratech leases several assets including buildings, plants and other fixtures, tools and equipment.

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
5. Financial income		
Exchange rate adjustments	8.530	4.274
Other financial income	74	422
	8.604	4.696
	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
6. Financial expenses		
Exchange rate adjustments	7.313	6.953
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	4.011	3.265
Financial expenses to external lenders	29.665	30.046
	40.989	40.264

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
7. Income tax		
Current tax:		
Current tax on profit for the year	1.867	1.210
Adjustment in respect of prior years	0	0
Total current tax	1.867	1.210
Deferred tax:		
Adjustment of deferred tax asset/liability	12.714	6.906
Adjustment of deferred tax asset/liability in respect of prior years	0	0
Total deferred tax	12.714	6.906
Total income tax	14.581	8.116

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to the profit of the consolidated entities as follows:

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
Earnings before tax	<u>(108.276</u>)	(67.837)
Calculated tax at Danish statutory rate of 22%	23.821	14.924
Effect of difference in tax rate in foreign subsidiaries	617	(982)
Income / expenses not subject to tax	(9.857)	(5.826)
Tax charge	14.581	8.116
	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
8. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Retained earnings	(93.695)	(59.721)
	(93.695)	(59.721)

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
9. Change in working capital		
Increase/decrease in inventories	16.117	(4.180)
Increase/decrease in receivables	12.753	(15.403)
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc	(15.324)	74.916
	<u> 13.546</u>	55.333
10. Non cash transactions		
Conversion of debt to equity	10.000	20.808
Leases	<u>26.445</u>	0
	36.445	20.808

In November 2019 Hydratech Industries A/S received a cash loan of DKK 10m from Anpartsselskabet af 4. juli 2008. Anpartsselskabet af 4. juli 2008 converted the loan of DKK 10m to equity.

11. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Long-term borrowings <u>DKK'000</u>	Short-term borrowings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
1 January 2019	179.827	77.689	257.516
Cash flows	20.247	25.190	45.437
Loans raised	13.014	0	13.014
Leases	25.254	1.191	26.445
Sale of entreprises	0	10.000	10.000
Non cash transactions	0	(10.000)	(10.000)
Foreign exchange movement	0	663	663
Reclassifications	(7.344)	7.344	0
31 December 2019	230.998	112.077	343.075
	Long-term borrowings <u>DKK'000</u>	Short-term borrowings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
1 January 2018	195.556	129.637	325.193
Cash flows	0	(53.002)	(53.002)
Loans raised	0	21.500	21.500
Sale of entreprises	0	(25.000)	(25.000)
Non cash transactions	0	(20.808)	(20.808)
Foreign exchange movement	0	9.633	9.633
Reclassifications	(15.729)	15.729	0
31 December 2018	179.827	77.689	257.516

_	Goodwill DKK′000	Completed develop-ment projects DKK'000	Acquired lincences DKK'000	Development projects in progress DKK'000
12. Intangible assets				
2019				
Cost at beginning of year	276.870	28.124	16.564	11.405
Transfer	0	6.867	0	(6.867)
Additions	0	0	197	8.709
Disposals	0	0	(489)	0
Total cost at end of year	276.870	34.991	16.272	13.247
Amortisation at beginning of year	0	(7.216)	(11.220)	0
Exchange rate adjustments	0	0	13	0
Amortisation for the year	0	(7.106)	(2.148)	0
Impairment losses for the year	0	(5.641)	0	(489)
Reversal regarding disposals	0	0	0	0
Total amortisation at end of year	0	(19.963)	(13.355)	0
Carrying amount at end of year	276.870	15.028	2.917	12.758

Management have cancelled and consequently impaired development projects with a total of 6,130k.

2018				
Cost at beginning of year	276.870	19.371	16.253	15.859
Transfer	0	14.447		(14.447)
Additions	0	0	2.439	9.993
Disposals	0	(5.694)	(2.128)	0
Total cost at end of year	276.870	28.124	16.564	11.405
Amortisation at beginning of year	0	(9.467)	(11.303)	0
Amortisation for the year	0	(3.193)	(1.808)	0
Reversal regarding disposals	0	5.444	1.891	0
Total amortisation at end of year	<u> </u>	(7.216)	(11.220)	<u> </u>
Carrying amount at end of year	276.870	20.908	5.344	11.405

12. Intangible assets continuing

Impairment test Goodwill

Investments in group enterprises include recognition of goodwill at a total value of DKK 276.9m. An impairment test has been prepared to assess the valuation of the recognised goodwill.

Management regards the subsidiary as one CGU. The Group strategy is to use resources, knowledge and production facilities across the business areas. Consequently, there is increased intra-group trading among the divisions, and therefore the impairment test is made on the basis of one CGU.

The most significant assumptions of the impairment test are as follows:

Joint assumptions:

- WACC: 11,8% (12,3 % pre-tax).
- A forecast horizon of 7 years, and subsequently a terminal period. The forecast is in alligment with the strategy implemented for Hydratech Group. The horizon is aligned with the strategyplan for the group.
- An expected average growth rate of 5,9% in revenue in the forecast horizon. The growth rate is primarily related to sales to existing customers.
- An expected net sales growth rate of 2% in the terminal period

The group consists of three divisions: The Fluid Division, the Wind Division and the Service Division.

For the Fluid Division, the following significant assumptions apply:

- The Group currently experiences a decrease in the activity in the Oil and Gas market as a result of the declining oil price and Covid-19 and management expect the reduced activity level to continue through 2020. From 2021 and going forward is the revenue expected to stagnate and be at the 2020 level
- An unchanged contribution ratio in the forecast horizon is assumed.
- Continuous adjustment of fixed costs, thus reflecting the level of activity in the forecast horizon.

For the Wind Division, the following significant assumptions apply:

- The Group expects a positive development in revenue in the Wind Division since we are now wellpositioned with some of the largest OEM-producers worldwide, who are all experiencing high activity level, not at least in the offshore segment where the Group has a strong track record.
- A slight increase in contribution ratio is assumed at the beginning of the forecast horizon after which this is expected to settle as a result of the current cost-out projects and off-shoring of production to Asia and Eastern Europe.
- Continued focus on fixed costs, that are expected to decrease in 2020.

12. Intangible assets continuing

For the Service Division, the following significant assumptions apply:

- The low level of activity in the off-shore segment has resulted in an increase in the market for servicing of existing parts. In relation to wind turbine development, the strong growth from 2019 will continue in the next few years.
- Retention of the contribution ratio over the period up to the terminal period.
- Continued focus on fixed costs, thus reflecting the Group's activities.

The calculation of the value of the recorded goodwill is sensitive to changes in the assumptions applied. If the expected increase in revenue and reduction in fixed costs differs significantly from expectations, it may prove necessary to record a not insignificant goodwill impairment.

Based on the above assumptions and the impairment test performed, it is Management's assessment that there is no indication of impairment of the recognised goodwill.

The table below shows the risk adjusted discount rate and forecast operating cash flow assumptions used in the calculation of value in use for the CGU and the amount by which each assumption must change in isolation in order for the estimated recoverable amount to equal the carrying value:

Value in excess over carrying value (DKK million)	7m
Assumptions use in the calculation of value in use	
WACC	11,8%
Growth rate in the terminal period	1%
Inflation in the termial period	1%
Change required for the recoverable amount to equal the carrying value	
WACC	11.9%

Development projects in progress

Development projects in progress comprise development of different hydraulic systems to be used in energy production. Costs of development projects consist in all material respects of internal costs of direct wages and direct materials incurred for the development work which is recorded on a continuous basis.

The carrying amount at 31.12.2019 amounts to DKK 12.758k. The systems are completed on a continuous basis and put into operation after completion of a satisfactory test. An amount of DKK 6m is estimated to complete the development projects in progress.

An amount of DKK 692k is expenced in 2019 related to research activities.

12. Intangible assets continuing

Development projects in progress

Development projects in progress constitute a fundamental factor for the Company's strategy of maintaining the current position as a leader in technology.

Management has carried out an impairment test in 2019 of the carrying amount of development projects in progress. It is assessed that the recoverable amount in the form of value in use exceeds the carrying amount. The value in use is determined on the basis of the expected cash flows based on the budget years 2020-2026 approved by Management and a discount rate before tax of 10%.

Completed development projects

Completed development projects comprise development of hydraulic systems to be used in energy production. The systems are put into operation on a current basis and amortised over the estimated useful life of the product. The projects are continuously reassessed in preparation for a review for impairment. Management has in 2019 impaired development projects for a total of DKK 6,1m.

	Land and buildings DKK'000	Plant and machinery DKK'000	other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000
13. Property, plant and equipment			
2019	07.474	400 500	4-06-
Cost at beginning of year	97.454	133.593	17.967
Exchange rate adjustments	0 25.991	0 7.121	1 100
Additions			1.190
Disposals Transfers	0 0	(12.908) 0	(1.412)
Total cost as at end of year	123.445	127.806	0 17.745
Depreciation at beginning of year	(36.335)	(117.946)	(14.036)
Depreciation for the year	(11.771)	(4.786)	(1.999)
Reversal regarding disposals	0	11.994	1.132
Exchange rate adjustments	60	0	0
Transfers	0_	0	0
Depreciation at end of year	(48.046)	(110.738)	(14.903)
Carrying amount at end of year	75.399	17.068	2.842
Hereof right of use assets:			
Net carrying amount 31 December 2019	28.880	1.919	1.637
Depreciation expense for the year 31 December 2019	8.246	1.279	945
Additions for the year 31 December 2019	25.991	0	0
		2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Amount recognized in profit and loss regarding leas Interest Depreciation	es	4.177 11.802	3.265 10.078
·		15.979	13.343

Total cash flows related to leasing amounts to DKK 12.816k for the year (2018: 11.709k).

		C	ther fixtures
	Land and buildings DKK'000	Plant and machinery DKK'000	and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000
13. Property, plant and equipment continuing			
2018			
Cost at beginning of year	97.201	128.303	17.355
Exchange rate adjustments	0	2.504	737
Additions	253	3.201	1.156
Disposals	0	(415)	(1.208)
Transfers	0_	0	(73)
Total cost as at end of year	97.454	133.593	17.967
Depreciation at beginning of year	(26.750)	(116.414)	(13.853)
Depreciation for the year	(9.585)	(1.947)	(1.223)
Reversal regarding disposals	0	415	973
Transfers	0_	0	67
Depreciation at end of year	(36.335)	(117.946)	(14.036)
Carrying amount at end of year	61.119	15.647	3.931
Hereof right of use assets:			
Net carrying amount 31 December 2018	36.768	2.449	1.543
Depreciation expense for the year 31 December 2018	8.241	959	878

	Leasehold improve- ments DKK'000
13. Property, plant and equipment continuing	
2019	
Cost at beginning of year	13.453
Additions	3.112
Disposals	(8.147)
Total cost as at end of year	8.418
Depreciation at beginning of year	(10.639)
Depreciation for the year	(583)
Reversal regarding disposals	8.147
Depreciation at end of year	(3.075)
Carrying amount at end of year	5.343
2018	
Cost at beginning of year	17.412
Additions	46
Transfers	73
Disposals	(4.078)
Total cost as at end of year	13.453
Depreciation at beginning of year	(10.030)
Depreciation for the year	(542)
Transfers	(67)
Depreciation at end of year	(10.639)
Carrying amount at end of year	2.814

	Other investments	Deposits
14. Fixed asset investments	DKK'000	DKK'000
2019		
Cost beginning of year	500	1.949
Additions	0	0
Disposals	0	(26)
Cost end of year	500	1.923
Impairment losses beginning of year	(316)	0
Impairment losses end of year	<u>(316</u>)	<u>0</u>
Carrying amount end of year	184	1.923
	Other investments <u>DKK'000</u>	Deposits DKK'000
2018		
Cost beginning of year	500	1.887
Additions	0	62
Cost end of year	500	1.949
Impairment losses beginning of year	(316)	0
Impairment losses end of year	(316)	<u> </u>
Carrying amount end of year	184	1.949
	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
15. Trade receivables		
Trade receivables	43.694	45.822
Provisions for impairment of trade receivables	(176)	(1.120)
	43.518	44.702
Impairment losses at beginning of year	(1.120)	(1.120)
Realised in the year	944	0
Impairment losses at end of year	(176)	(1.120)

At 01.01.2018 trade receivables amounted to DKK 42,295k and provisions for impairment of trade receivables amounted to DKK -1.120k.

15. Trade receivables (continued)

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated.

The majority of trade receivables are credit insured and therefore provision for impairment of trade receivables according to expected loss ratio according to IFRS 9 is insignificant.

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
16. Contract assets		
Contract assets	32.804	47.204
Provisions for impairment of contract assets	0	0
	32.804	47.204

At 01.01.2018 contract assets amounted to DKK 39,149k and provisions for impairment of contract assets amounted to DKK 0k.

No lifetime expected losses is expected and therefore no provision for losses have been made. Mangement have in 2020 delivered all contract assets for 2019 and received payment without any incurred losses.

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 <u>DKK'000</u>
17. Receivables from group enterprices		
Receivables from group enterprices	15.357	14.825
Provisions for impairment of group receivables	0	0
	15.357	14.825

Management calculates provision based on 12-month expected losses. Management has not identified objective indication of credit losses. Management assesses the need for provisions for 12-month expected losses as well as lifetime expected losses.

18. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

	Deferred tax,	Deferred tax			Deferred tax,	Deferred tax,	
2019	intangible	tangible	Deferred tax,	Deferred tax,	taxable losses	long term	Total deferred
DKK'000	assets	assets	current assets	provisions	prior years	liabilities	tax
Deferred tax beginning of year	7.634	1.291	2.789	(242)	(15.422)	149	(3.801)
Charge to the income statement	(896)	(61)	(1.004)	(128)	(9.323)	548	(10.864)
Deferred tax end of year	6.738	1.230	1.785	(370)	(24.745)	697	(14.665)

Deferred tax is presented in the balance sheet as follows:

Deferred tax asset 14.665

Deferred tax liability 0

Deferred tax asset year end, net 14.665

2018	Deferred tax, intangible	Deferred tax tangible	Deferred tax.	Deferred tax, t		Deferred tax,	otal deferred
DKK'000	assets	assets	current assets	provisions	prior years	liabilities	tax
Deferred tax beginning of year	6.639	1.599	866	(221)	(10.841)	391	(1.567)
Charge to the income statement	995	(308)	1.923	(21)	(4.581)	(242)	(2.234)
Deferred tax end of year	7.634	1.291	2.789	(242)	(15.422)	149	(3.801)

Deferred tax is presented in the balance sheet as follows:

Deferred tax asset 7.838

Deferred tax liability 4.037

Deferred tax asset year end, net 3.801

19. Share Capital

The share capital in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S is divided into following share classes:

31 December 2019

SI DCCCIIIDCI 2015		
Share Class	Number of Shares (nominel DKK)	Share Capital
A Shares	47.504	47.504
B Shares	271.414	271.414
C Shares	14.761.082	14.761.082
Total	15.080.000	15.080.000

31 December 2018

Share Class	Number of Shares (nominel DKK)	Share Capital
A Shares	47.504	47.504
B Shares	271.414	271.414
C Shares	14.761.082	14.761.082
Total	15.080.000	15.080.000

Each class C preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to distribution of proceeds to shareholders in an aggregate amount of DKK 91,8 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10,0% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class C preference shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C shares having been satisfied, class B preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to distribution of proceeds to shareholders in an aggregate amount of DKK 13,3 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10,0% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class B preference shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C shares having been satisfied, Class C and B preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to dividend distribution of proceeds pro rata in an aggregate amount of DKK 71,3 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class C and B shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C and B shares having been satisfied, Class A, B and C preference share, carry a preference right to dividend distribution until DKK 160,0 million.

Upon the preference right of the Class A, B and C shares having been satisfied, Class A and C preference share, carry a preference right to dividend distribution pro rata until DKK 400,0 million.

19. Share Capital continuing

19. Share Capital continuing			Shave of
2019	Number	Nominal value DKK'000	Share of contributed capital %
Tuesday, alterna	Number	DKK 000	
Treasury shares Holding of treasury shares:			
A Shares beginning of 2019	14.826	15	0,098%
Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest	0	0	0,000%
Total treasury shares, A Shares	14.826	15	0,098%
2018	Number	Nominal value DKK'000	Share of contributed capital %
Tuescum, chause			
Treasury shares Holding of treasury shares:			
A Shares beginning of 2018	14.826	15	0,100%
Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest	0	0	0,002%
Total treasury shares, A Shares	14.826	15	0,098%
,			
	Instalments within 12	Instalments between	Outstanding
	months 2019 DKK'000	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000	after 60 months DKK'000
20. Liabilities other than provisions	months 2019	12-60 months 2019	after 60 months
20. Liabilities other than provisions Subordinate loan capital	months 2019	12-60 months 2019	after 60 months
	months 2019 DKK'000	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000	after 60 months DKK'000
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans	months 2019 DKK'000	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000	after 60 months DKK'000
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities	0 806 34.100	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171	0 2.245 0 0
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans	0 806 34.100	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities	0 806 34.100	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171	0 2.245 0 0
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities	0 806 34.100 0 5.114	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171 29.142	0 2.245 0 23.268
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities	0 806 34.100 0 5.114 40.020 Instalments within 12 months 2018	12-60 months	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245 0 0 23.268 25.513 Outstanding after 60 months
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities Lease liabilities	0 806 34.100 0 5.114 40.020 Instalments within 12 months 2018 DKK'000	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171 29.142 205.485 Instalments between 12-60 months 2018 DKK'000	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245 0 0 23.268 25.513 Outstanding after 60 months DKK'000
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities Lease liabilities Subordinate loan capital	## 12 months 2019 DKK'000	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171 29.142 205.485 Instalments between 12-60 months 2018 DKK'000 115.382	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245 0 0 23.268 25.513 Outstanding after 60 months DKK'000
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities Lease liabilities Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities	## Company	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171 29.142 205.485 Instalments between 12-60 months 2018 DKK'000 115.382 6.293	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245 0 0 23.268 25.513 Outstanding after 60 months DKK'000 0 0
Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans Other liabilities Lease liabilities Subordinate loan capital Mortagage debts Bank loans	## Company March Company	12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 129.804 7.368 0 39.171 29.142 205.485 Instalments between 12-60 months 2018 DKK'000 115.382 6.293 0	after 60 months DKK'000 0 2.245 0 0 23.268 25.513 Outstanding after 60 months DKK'000 0 0 0

21. Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers primarily relates to projects in the wind division. Production has not yet begun hence no revenue is recognized in 2019. The projects is expected to be delivered in 2020.

22. Mortgages and securities

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties. The mortgage also comprises the plant and machinery deemed part of the property.

Bank loans are secured by way of a deposited mortgage deed registered to the mortgagor on plant of DKK 9.215k nominal.

Bank loans are secured by way of a company charge.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 23.680k.

		Equity- interest
	Registered in	<u>%</u>
23. Subsidiaries		
Hydratech Industries A/S	Silkeborg	85,83
Hydratech Industries Fluid Power Ltd.*	China	85,83
Hydratech Industries Fluid Power Inc.*	USA	85,83
Hydratech Hong Kong Ltd.*	Hong Kong	85,83
Hydratech Industries Wind Power India Pvt. Ltd.*	India	85,83
Hydratech Industries Wind Power Ltd.*	China	85,83
Hydratech Industries Czech Republic s.r.o.*	Czech Rep.	85,83
*) Subsidiaries to Hydratech Industries A/S		

24. Related parties and group relations

HTHH ApS, Hjørring holds the majority of the shares in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S and thus has a controlling interest.

Anpartsselskabet af 4. Juli 2008, Kokkedal holds the majority of the shares in HTHH ApS and thus has a controlling interest.

BWB Partners I K/S, Kokkedal holds the majority of the shares in Anpartsselskabet af 4. Juli 2008 and thus has a controlling interest.

Transactions with parent entities.

	2019	2018	
	DKK'000	DKK'000	
Financial receivables	16.176	16.327	
Financial payables	443	0	

Besides the above listed transactions, there has been made a conversion of debt of DKK 10.000k by the shareholders.

25. Financial risks and financial instruments

Financial risk factors refer to fluctuations in the Group's results, cash flows and financial position due to changes in financial exposure. The overall objective of risk monitoring and control is to provide cost-effective financing and to minimise potential adverse impacts from market fluctuations.

Exchange rate risk

The Group's business activities are predominantly based in DKK, USD, CNY and EUR, and many credit facilities are primarily denominated in DKK and EUR. Significant investments in foreign entities are financed in USD, CNY and EUR. Material currency exposure for the Group is related to translation risks of foreign subsidiaries, and the loans taken out to finance these investments.

The Group is mainly exposed to the currencies USD and CNY.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase in USD and CNY. The sensitivity analysis includes investments in relevant subsidiaries and external debt, where the debt is denominated in the relevant currency. A positive number indicates an increase in profit/(loss) or equity where the currency strengthens 10% against DKK at the balance sheet date. A 10% weakening of the currency would have a comparable but opposite impact on profit/(loss) and equity.

	USD imp	act	CNY it	npact
mDKK	2018	2019	2018	2019
Impact on profit/(loss) from translation of debt and investments in subsidiaries	0,1	0,0	0,2	0,0
Impact on equity from translation of debt and investments in subsidiaries	0,2	-4.5	0.6	-0.1
Substitutaties	0,2	-4,3	0,0	-0,1

Interest rate risk

The interest rates of credit facilities and mortgages are variable, and the change in interest rates are monitored monthly. The interest rates of mortgage debt is based on EURIBOR3.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2019 would decrease by DKK 2,5m (2018: decrease by DKK 8,4m) due to the Company's exposure to interest rates on variable rate borrowings.

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on the exposure to floating rate liabilities and derivatives at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

25. Financial risks and financial instruments continuing Liquidity risk

The Group has entered into a committed financing agreement with credit facilities enabling both the current operations and planned expansion. Treasury management is centralised and ensures that sufficient financial resources are available to meet planned requirements. This is done by montering the cash flow on a weekly basis matches the planned cash needs. The Group has agreed on certain covernants towards SEB.

The following table details the Group's liquidity analysis for its financial liabilities based on contractual maturities. The amounts specified represent amounts for payment.

		6 to 12			
2019	<6 months	months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Subordinated loan capit	tal 0	0	129.804	0	129.804
Mortage debts	403	403	7.368	2.245	10.419
Bank loans	96.892	9.265	0	0	106.157
Lease liabilities	2.557	2.557	29.142	23.268	57.524
Trade payables	140.458	0	0	0	140.458
Payables to group					
Enterprises	443	0	0	0	443
Other payables	37.734	21.628	39.171	0	98.533
Total	278.487	33.853	205.485	25.513	543.338
		6 to 12			
2018	<6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
2018 Subordinated loan capit			1 to 5 years 139.612	>5 years	Total 153.925
		months			
Subordinated loan capi	tal 8.255	<u>months</u> 6.058	139.612	0	153.925
Subordinated loan capit Mortage debts	tal 8.255 410	6.058 410	139.612 6.328	0	153.925 7.148
Subordinated loan capi Mortage debts Bank loans	tal 8.255 410 1.287	6.058 410 65.654	139.612 6.328 0	0 0 0	153.925 7.148 66.941
Subordinated loan capit Mortage debts Bank loans Lease liabilities	tal 8.255 410 1.287	6.058 410 65.654	139.612 6.328 0	0 0 0	153.925 7.148 66.941
Subordinated loan capit Mortage debts Bank loans Lease liabilities Prepayments from	tal 8.255 410 1.287 6.312	6.058 410 65.654 6.146	139.612 6.328 0 33.884	0 0 0 7.369	153.925 7.148 66.941 53.711
Subordinated loan capit Mortage debts Bank loans Lease liabilities Prepayments from costumers	tal 8.255 410 1.287 6.312 48.265	6.058 410 65.654 6.146	139.612 6.328 0 33.884	0 0 0 7.369	153.925 7.148 66.941 53.711 48.265

Credit risk

Credit risk mainly relates to trade debtors, contract assets, other receivables and cash at banks. The aggregate amounts recognised under these items in the balance sheet constitute the maximum credit risk. Receivables relate to sale of goods, spareparts and service. The handling of credit risk is done by the global credit function which monitors the creditworthiness of existing and new customers and assists in collection. The Group credit insures most of the trade receivables and receive prepayents in order to reduce the credit risk. The Group conducts individual assessment of customers' creditworthiness and credit lines are managed globally. Cash is held with banks with high credit ratings. The Group has entered factoring agreements.

25. Financial risks and financial instruments continuing Capital structure

The Group's management assesses whether the Group's capital structure is in line with the interests of the company and its shareholders. The overall objective is to ensure a capital structure that supports long-term profitable growth.

The Group has in 2019 received capital injection of 10.000 tDKK including convertion of debt.

26. Events after the reporting period

In 2020, the Group experienced the effect of the global outbreak of Covid-19, but due to strict internal processes no personal has been effected so far and operation has been close to normal.

In July 2020, a new financing agreement was finalized to ensure sustainable cash to support the expected growth in the coming years.

Parent income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Other operating income		3.324	3.799
Other external expenses		(3.081)	(1.053)
Gross profit/loss		243	2.746
Staff costs	2	(7.928)	(4.579)
Operating profit/loss		(7.685)	(1.833)
Income from investments in group enterprises		(61.118)	39.378
Other financial expenses	3	(17.979)	(21.903)
Profit/loss before tax		(86.782)	15.642
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	0	2.930
Profit/loss	5	(86.782)	18.572
Statement of comprehensive incon	ne		
Profit/loss for the year		(86.782)	18.572
Other comprehensive income			
Items that can be reclassified to the income statement certain conditions are met:	t when		
Exchange differences, foreign entities		(807)	(2.513)
Total comprehensive income		(87.589)	16.059

Parent cash flow statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		(7.685)	(1.833)
Working capital changes	6	10.536	(11.543)
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		2.851	(13.376)
Financial expense paid		(17.979)	(21.903)
Income taxes refunded/(paid)		700	2.175
Cash flows from operating activities		(14.428)	(33.104)
Capital contribution to subsidiaries		(13.000)	(1.750)
Sale of non-controlling interests in subsidiary		0	20.000
Cash flows from investing activities		(13.000)	18.250
Loans raised		27.710	20.000
Instalments on loans etc		0	(5.200)
Increase of bank loans		84	0
Acquisition of treasury shares		(450)	0
Cash flows from financing activities		27.344	14.800
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(84)	(54)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		84	138
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		0	84
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		0	84
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		0	84

Non cash transactions 7
Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financial activities 8

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2019

	Notes_	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises	9	244.956	283.882
Deferred tax	11	6.414	7.587
Fixed asset investments		<u>251.370</u>	291.469
Non-current assets		251.370	291.469
Receivables from group enterprises	10	19.217	18.390
Income tax receivables		473	0
Receivables		<u>19.690</u>	18.390
Cash		0	84
Current assets		19.690	18.474
Assets		271.060	309.943

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2019

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Contributed capital	12	15.080	15.080
Retained earnings		54.445	132.484
Equity		69.525	147.564
Subordinate loan capital	13	129.804	115.382
Bank loans	13	0	0
Other payables	13	38.489	23.113
Non-current liabilities		168.293	138.495
Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions Bank loans Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Other payables	13	0 84 1.258 31.243 657	2.088 0 3.314 18.482 0
Current liabilities		33.242	23.884
Liabilities		201.535	162.379
Equity and liabilities		271.060	309.943
Contingent liabilities	14		
Mortgages and securities	15		
Related parties with controlling interest	16		
Financial risks and financial instruments	17		
Events after the reporting period	18		

Parent statement of shareholders' equity

				Reserve for	
			-	net revalu- ation under	
	Share	Retained	translation		
DKK'000	capital	<u>earnings</u>	<u>adjustment</u>	method	Total
2019					
Shareholders equity at beginning of year	15.080	134.908	(2.424)	0	147.564
Profit for the year	0	(86.782)	0	0	(86.782)
Other comprehensive income	0	0	(807)	0	(807)
Total comprehensive income	0	(86.782)	(807)	0	(87.589)
Acquisition of treasury shares	0	(450)	0	0	(450)
Disposal of partial interest in subsidiary	0	10.000	0	0	10.000
Transactions with owners	0	9.550	0	0	9.550
Shareholders equity at end of year	15.080	<u>57.676</u>	(3.231)	0	69.525
2018					
Shareholders equity at beginning of year	15.079	95.529	89	0	110.697
Profit for the year	0	18.572	0	0	18.572
Other comprehensive income	0	0	(2.513)	0	(2.513)
Total comprehensive income	0	18.572	(2.513)	0	16.059
Increase of capital	1	20.807	0	0	20.808
Transactions with owners	1	20.807	0	0	20.808
Shareholders equity at end of year	15.080	134.908	(2.424)	0	147.564

The capital was in 2018 increased by DKK 1k nominal, whereby equity has been increased by a total of DKK 20.808k.

Number of shares is 15.080.000 with the nominel value of DKK 15.080.000.

1. Basis of preparation

The separate financial statements of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and additional disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statement Act.

1.1 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

At the time of publication of the 2019 financial statements of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S, there are a number of new or changed standards and interpretations which have not yet come into effect and have therefore have not been incorporated into the financial statements.

No material impact is expected from the issued but not yet effective IFRS standards that have not been implemented.

1.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the accounting policies the Management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are presented separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statement

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts regarding wind and fluid cylinders is recognised when control is transferred to the customer, and consideration agreed is expected to be received. Control is transferred upon production and Hydratech recognised revenue over time.

Management has assessed recognition of revenue over time due to the specialisation of the produced units as well as the possibilities of payment from cancelled orders.

Key Sources of estimation uncertaincy

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

1.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, continuing Investment in Group enterprices and group receivables

Hydratech measures investments in group enterprises according to the equity method. Hydratech has group enterprises with a negative equity. Receivables from group enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment with underlying budget and discounted cash flow models from each entity in the Group. Provision is recognised if Hydratech has an obligation to cover liabilities, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent.

Based on the budgets including cash flow for the group enterprises, Management in Hydratech Indstries A/S has reversed provisions made in Hydratech China for DKK 7m, which was expensed in the financial statements in 2018 and earlier.

As of 31 December 2019, Hydratech Industries Holding A/S has group receivables of DKK 19m of which DKK 0m is provided for loss. The carrying amount at 31 December 2019 amounts to DKK 19m.

			2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
2. Staff costs				
Wages and salaries			7.843	4.569
Other staff costs			85	10
			7.928	4.579
Average number of employees			3	2
	Executive board DKK'000	Board of directors DKK'000	Other top manage- ment DKK'000	Total DKK'000
2. Staff costs continuing				
2019				
Remuneration and salary	1.914	435	1.551	3.900
Pension, company contributions	0	0	130	130
Benefits (car, housing, phone etc.)	367_	0	181	548
Cost at end of year	2.281	435_	1.862	4.578
		Top ma- nagement DKK'000	Other top manage- ment DKK'000	Total DKK'000
2018				
Remuneration and salary		402	306	708
Pension, company contributions		0	11	11
Benefits (car, housing, phone etc.)		19_	32	51
Cost at end of year		421	349	770

2. Staff costs continuing

Referring to section 98(b3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board for 2018 is listed together.

The Executive Board and a number of members of other top management are comprised by special bonus arrangements, which becomes effective at sale of Hydratech Industries Holding A/S if certain entreprise values are meet. The bonus arrangements are maximized at 14 mDKK and for other top management these are maximised at 1,5 mDKK of the individual basic salary.

Niether the Executive Board nor members of other top management are comprised by special bonus arrangements besides the above mentioned exitbonus.

In November 2018, certain employees and members of Management acquired warrants and shares in the parent company Hydratech Industries Holding A/S at the fair value of the warrants at the date of acquisition. The warrants are cancelled in 2019, with no cash effect for Hydratech Industries A/S.

	Warrants number	Excercise prices DKK
Number of outstanding warrants		
Beginning of year 2019	4.755.000	1
Issued during the period	0	0
Cancelled in 2019	(4.755.000)	(1)
End of year 2019	0	0
	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
3. Financial expenses		
Financial expenses to external lenders	17.979	21.903
	<u> 17.979</u>	21.903
	2019 <u>DKK′000</u>	2018 DKK'000
4. Income tax		
Current tax		
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(700)	0
Total current tax	<u>(700)</u>	0
Deferred tax		
Adjustment of deferred tax asset	700	(2.930)
Total deferred tax	700	(2.930)
Total income tax	0	(2.930)

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
4. Income tax continuing		
Earnings before tax	(86.782)	15.642
Income from equity method used towards subsidaries	61.118	(39.378)
Earnings before tax, Parent company	(25.664)	(23.736)
Calculated tax at Danish statutory rate of 22.0%	(5.646)	(5.222)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	4.346	2.292
Income / expenses not subject to tax	1.300	0
Tax charge	0	(2.930)
	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
5. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Retained earnings	(86.782)	18.572
	(86.782)	18.572
	2019 DKK′000	2018 DKK'000
6. Change in working capital		
Increase/decrease in receivables	(827)	3.469
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc.	11.363	(15.012)
	10.536	(11.543)
	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
7. Non cash transactions		
Debt conversion	0	25.000
	0	25.000

8. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Long-term borrowings <u>DKK'000</u>	Short-term borrowings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
1 January 2019	138.495	2.088	140.603
Cash flows	0	0	0
Loans raised	27.710	0	27.710
Non cash transactions, transactions with owners	0	0	0
Foreign exchange movement	0	0	0
Reclassifications	2.088	(2.088)	0
31 December 2019	168.293	0	168.293
	Long-term borrowings DKK'000	Short-term borrowings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
1 January 2018	borrowings	borrowings	
1 January 2018 Cash flows	borrowings DKK'000	borrowings DKK'000	DKK'000
-	borrowings <u>DKK'000</u> 131.558	borrowings DKK'000 18.250	DKK'000 149.808
Cash flows	DKK'000 131.558	borrowings <u>DKK'000</u> 18.250 (5.200)	DKK'000 149.808 (5.200)
Cash flows Loans raised	DKK'000 131.558 0	borrowings DKK'000 18.250 (5.200) 20.000	DKK'000 149.808 (5.200) 20.000
Cash flows Loans raised Non cash transactions, transactions with owners	borrowings	borrowings DKK'000 18.250 (5.200) 20.000 (25.000)	DKK'000 149.808 (5.200) 20.000 (25.000)

9. Fixed asset investments	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000
2019	
Cost beginning of year	538.850
Additions	13.000
Cost end of year	551.850
Revaluations beginning of year	(254.968)
Exchange rate adjustments	(808)
Share of profit/loss for the year	(61.118)
Adjustment of preference right to distribution	10.000
Revaluations end of year	(306.894)
Carrying amount end of year	244.956

The carring amount of goodwill is DKK 237.638k.

The carring amount of goodwill is DKK 237.638k.

In 2019, Management in Hydratech Industries A/S has made a reversal of DKK 7,084k (2018: DKK 37,700k) regarding provision for loss on receivables from group enterprises made in prior years. Group enterprises with negative equity value which have not been expenced in Hydratech Industries A/S amounts to DKK 47,186k (2018: DKK 40,048k) as of 31 December 2019 including the above mentioned reversal of provision for loss on receivables from group enterprises.

Hydratech Industries Holding A/S has a preference right to distribution in Hydratech Industries A/S.

	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000
2018	
Cost beginning of year	543.250
Additions	21.750
Disposals	(26.150)
Cost end of year	538.850
Revaluations beginning of year	(294.067)
Exchange rate adjustments	(2.513)
Share of profit/loss for the year	1.476
Adjustment of preference right to distribution	25.535
Reversal regarding disposals	14.601
Revaluations end of year	(254.968)
Carrying amount end of year	283.882

	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
10. Receivables from group enterprices		
Receivables from group enterprices	19.217	18.390
Provisions for impairment of group receivables	0	0
	19.217	18.390

Management calculates provision based on 12-month expected losses. Management has identified objective indication of credit losses incurred on some group enterprises and therefore made provision for lifetime expected losses. Management assesses the need for provisions for 12-month expected losses as well as lifetime expected losses based on budgets for each group enterprise.

11. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

	Deferred tax,	Deferred tax			Deferred tax,	Deferred tax,	
2019	intangible	tangible	Deferred tax,	Deferred tax,	taxable losses	long term	Total deferred
DKK'000	assets	assets	current assets	provisions	prior years	liabilities	tax
Deferred tax end of year	0	0	0	0	7.587	0	7.587
Charge to the income statement	0	0	0	0	(1.173)	0	(1.173)
Deferred tax end of year	0	0	0	0	6.414	0	6.414

Deferred tax is presented in the balance sheet as follows:

Deferred tax asset 6.414

Deferred tax liability 0

Deferred tax asset year end, net 6.414

2018	Deferred tax, intangible	Deferred tax tangible		Deferred tax,	Deferred tax, taxable losses		Total deferred
DKK'000	assets	assets	current assets	provisions	prior years	liabilities	tax
Deferred tax end of year	0	0	0	0	10.517	0	10.517
Charge to the income statement	0	0	0	0	(2.930)	0	(2.930)
Deferred tax end of year	0	0	0	0	7.587	0	7.587

Deferred tax is presented in the balance sheet as follows:

Deferred tax asset 7.587

Deferred tax liability 0

Deferred tax asset year end, net 7.587

12. Share Capital

The share capital in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S is divided into following share classes:

31 December 2019

Share Class	Number of Shares (nominel DKK)	Share Capital
A Shares	47.504	47.504
B Shares	271.414	271.414
C Shares	14.761.082	14.761.082
Total	15.080.000	15.080.000

31 December 2018

Share Class	Number of Shares (nominel DKK)	Share Capital
A Shares	47.504	47.504
B Shares	271.414	271.414
C Shares	14.761.082	14.761.082
Total	15.080.000	15.080.000

Each class C preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to distribution of proceeds to shareholders in an aggregate amount of DKK 91,8 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10,0% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class C preference shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C shares having been satisfied, class B preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to distribution of proceeds to shareholders in an aggregate amount of DKK 13,3 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10,0% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class B preference shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C shares having been satisfied, Class C and B preference share, which have a par value of DKK 1, carry a preference right to dividend distribution of proceeds pro rata in an aggregate amount of DKK 71,3 million with the addition of an accumulating compounding return of 10% annually from the date of the initial issuance of the Class C and B shares.

Upon the preference right of the Class C and B shares having been satisfied, Class A, B and C preference share, carry a preference right to dividend distribution until DKK 160,0 million.

Upon the preference right of the Class A, B and C shares having been satisfied, Class A and C preference share, carry a preference right to dividend distribution pro rata until DKK 400,0 million.

12. Share Capital continuing

Holding of treasury shares:	2019	Number	Nominal value DKK'000	Share of contributed capital
A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0 0,000% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% 2018 Nominal value DKK'000 Share of contributed capital optical interest 0 0 0 Holding of treasury shares: 14.826 15 0,100% 0 0 0,002% A Shares beginning of 2018 14.826 15 0,100% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0 0,002% 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Treasury shares			
Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0,000% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% 2018 Number Nominal value DKK'000 Share of contributed capital Montributed Capital Mont	Holding of treasury shares:			
Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% 2018 Number Nominal value DKK'000 Share of contributed capital MK'000 Treasury shares Holding of treasury shares: The seasury shares of treasury shares 15 0,100% 0,002%	A Shares	14.826	15	0,098%
2018 Number Nominal value DKK'000 Share of contributed capital walue DKK'000 Treasury shares Treasury shares: Share of contributed capital walue DKK'000 Holding of treasury shares: 14.826 15 0,100% A Shares beginning of 2018 14.826 15 0,100% Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0 -0,002% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Total treasury shares, A Shares 11.83dlments between months within 12 within	Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest	0	0	0,000%
2018 Number Nominal value capital policy contributed capital policy Treasury shares 8 5 6 Holding of treasury shares: 14.826 15 0,100% A Shares beginning of 2018 14.826 15 0,100% Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0 -0,002% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Total treasury shares, A Shares 11.826 15 0,098% Within 12 months 2 2019 ptween 2019 ptween 2019 ptween 60 months petween 60 months petween 0	Total treasury shares, A Shares	14.826	15	0,098%
Note Part Part	2018	Number	value	contributed capital
A Shares beginning of 2018 14.826 15 0,100% Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0 -0,002% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Instalments within 12 months 2 2019 Instalments between 12-60 months 2019 Outstanding after 60 months DKK'000 13. Liabilities Subordinate loan capital 0 129.804 0 Other payables 0 38.489 0 Instalments within 12 months 2 2019 Instalments between 12-60 months 260	Treasury shares			
Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest 0 0 -0,002% Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Instalments within 12 months 2019 DKK'000 Instalments between 12-60 months 2019 DKK'000 Outstanding 3fter 60 months 2019 DKK'000 13. Liabilities 3 129.804 0 Subordinate loan capital 0 129.804 0 Other payables 0 38.489 0 Instalments within 12 months between 12-60 months 2018 0 BOKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 Subordinate loan capital 2.018 DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 Subordinate loan capital 2.088 115.382 0 Other payables 0 23.113 0	Holding of treasury shares:			
Total treasury shares, A Shares 14.826 15 0,098% Instalments within 12 months 2019 DKK'000 Instalments between 2019 2019 60 months 2019 DKK'000 Outstanding 312-60 months 2019 DKK'000 13. Liabilities 3 0 <	A Shares beginning of 2018	14.826	15	0,100%
Instalments within 12 between 2019 2019 60 months 2019 DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000	Adjustment regarding disposal of partial interest	0_	0	0,002%
Vithin 12 months 2019 months 2019 DKK'000 between 60 months after 60 months DKK'000 13. Liabilities Subordinate loan capital 0 129.804 0 Other payables 0 38.489 0 Instalments within 12 months 2018 Instalments between 12-60 months after 60 months 2018 Outstanding 12-60 months after 60 months 2018 Subordinate loan capital 2.088 115.382 0 Other payables 0 23.113 0	Total treasury shares, A Shares	14.826_	<u>15</u>	0,098%
Subordinate loan capital 0 129.804 0 Other payables 0 38.489 0 Instalments within 12 months Instalments between 12-60 months after 60 months Outstanding 12-60 months PKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 Subordinate loan capital 2.088 115.382 0 Other payables 0 23.113 0		within 12 months 2019	between 12-60 months 2019	after 60 months
Other payables 0 38.489 0 Instalments within 12 months Instalments between after 60 months Outstanding after 60 months 2018 DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 Subordinate loan capital 2.088 115.382 0 Other payables 0 23.113 0	13. Liabilities			
Tinstalments within 12 Detween within 12	Subordinate loan capital	0	129.804	0
Instalments within 12 between months 12-60 months 2018 2018 2018 60 months DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 DKK'000 Other payables 0 23.113 0	Other payables	0	38.489	0
within 12 months 2 2018 between 12-60 months after 60 months DKK'000		0	168.293	0
Other payables 0		within 12 months 2018	between 12-60 months 2018	after 60 months
Other payables 0	Subordinate loan capital	2.088	115.382	0
2.088 138.495 0		0_	23.113	0
		2.088	138.495	0

14. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Anpartsselskabet af 4. Juli 2008 serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore alternatively liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, but only for the share by which the Entity is included in the Group, and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these entities.

15. Mortgages and securities

Investments in the subsidiary are pleged as collateral for the Group's debt to Skansinaviske Enskilda Banken AB (SEB).

Shares in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S, CVR-no. 31 59 27 20 have been pledged with first priority by Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), Kungsträdsgårdsgatan 8, 106 40 Stockholm, Sweden ("SEB").

16. Related parties with controlling interest

HTHH ApS, Hjørring holds the majority of the shares in Hydratech Industries Holding A/S and thus has a controlling interest.

Anpartsselskabet af 4. Juli 2008, Kokkedal holds the majority of the shares in HTHH ApS and thus has a controlling interest.

BWB Partners I K/S, Kokkedal holds the majority of the shares in Anpartsselskabet af 4. Juli 2008 and thus has a controlling interest. BWB Partners I K/S is the ultimate parent of Hydratech Industries A/S.

Transactions with parent entities.

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Financial receivables	19.217	18.390
Transactions with group entities.		
	2019 <u>DKK'000</u>	2018 DKK'000
Management fee paid		
Management fee paid Management fee received	DKK'000	DKK'000

With reference to note 2, we refer to staff cost to Management.

17. Financial risks and financial instruments

Financial risk factors refer to fluctuations in the Company's results, cash flows and financial position due to changes in financial exposure. The overall objective of risk monitoring and control is to provide cost-effective financing and to minimise potential adverse impacts from market fluctuations.

17. Financial risks and financial instruments continuing Exchange rate risk

The Company's business activities are predominantly based in DKK, and credit facilities are denominated in DKK, thus the company is not exposed to significant exchange rate risk.

Interest rate risk

The interest rates of credit facilities (subordinary loan capital) are fixed, and therefore will an increase or decrese in the interest rates not effect on the Company's exposure to interest rates.

Liquidity risk

Hydratech Industries Holding A/S has entered into a committed financing agreement with credit facilities enabling both the current operations and planned expansion. Treasury management is centralised and ensures that sufficient financial resources are available to meet planned requirements. This is done by montering the cash flow on a weekly basis matches the planned cash needs. Hydratech Industries Holding A/S has agreed on certain covernants towards SEB.

The following table details the Company's liquidity analysis for its financial liabilities based on contractual maturities. The amounts specified represent amounts for payment.

2019	<6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Subordinated loan					
capital	0	0	129.804	0	129.804
Trade payables	1.258	0	0	0	1.258
Payables to group entreprises	31.243	0	0	0	31.243
Other payables	657	0	38.489	0	39.146
Total	33.158	0	168.293	0	201.451
		6 to 12			
2018	<6 months	months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Subordinated loan capit	tal 8.255	6.058	139.612	0	153.925
Trade payables	3.314	0	0	0	3.314
Payables to group					
entreprises	18.482	0	0	0	18.482
Other payables	0	0	23.113	0	23.113
Total	30.051	6.058	162.725	0	198.834

Credit risk

Credit risk mainly relates to receivables from group enterprices. The aggregate amounts recognised under these items in the balance sheet constitute the maximum credit risk. The handling of credit risk is done by the global credit function which monitors the creditworthiness of the subsidiaries. Cash is held with banks with high credit ratings.

Capital structure

The Company's management assesses whether the Company's capital structure is in line with the interests of the company and its shareholders. The overall objective is to ensure a capital structure that supports long-term profitable growth.

18. Events after the reporting period

In 2020, Hydratech Industries A/S experienced the effect of the global outbreak of Covid-19, but due to strict internal processes no personal has been effected so far and operation has been close to normal.

In July 2020, a new financing agreement was finalized to ensure sustainable cash to support the expected growth in the coming years.

Reporting class

The 2019 annual report of the parent company is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements for the financial statements of class C enterprises, cf. the Danish Executive Order on IFRS (IFRS-bekendtgørelsen) issued in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies for the Parent Company and for the Hydratech Industries Group are identical except for the situations mentioned below.

Situations, where the accounting policies of the Parent Company deviate from the Group's Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or less unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and plus or less unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

The Parent's share of the enterprises' profits or losses after elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses and less amortisation of goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

Subsidiaries with a negative equity value are measured at zero value, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

The purchase method is applied in the acquisition of investments in subsidiaries.

Corporation tax

The Company is jointly taxed with all of its Danish subsidiaries, its ultimate parent Anpartsselskabet af 4 juli 2019 and all subsidiaries of Anpartsselskabet af 4 juli 2019, with Anpartsselskabet af 4 juli 2019 serving as the administration company. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the acquisition date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

When recognising foreign subsidiaries and associates with functional currencies other than DKK, the share of results for the year is translated at average exchange rates for the months that do not significantly deviate from the rates at the transaction date. The share of the net assets of subsidiaries and associates are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Revenue

Hydratech recognizes revenue from the following major sources:

- Fluid power contract sales
- · Wind power contract sales
- Spare-part sales

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue from contracts with costumers is recognised when control is transferred to the costumer, and considerations is expected to be received. Revenue from contracts to deliver wind and Fluid contract sales with a high degree of customisation is recognised as the wind power and fluid power units are constructed based on the stage of completion of the individual contracts (turnkey projects).

Control is transferred upon production from OEM sales in the fluid and wind division and consequently Hydratech recognize revenue over time.

Revenue from spare-part sales is recognised in the income statement when control is transferred to the customer, which is considered to be upon delivery. Revenue from spare-parts is recognized at a point in time. Service sales, comprising service and maintenance agreements as well as extended warranties regarding wind turbines and wind power plants sold, were recognised as revenue over the term of the agreement as the services were provided.

Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for company staff.

Depreciation and amortisation

Amortisation and depreciation relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in group enterprises – Separate financial statements

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of internal profits or losses.

Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, payables and trans-actions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc. recognized applying the effective interest methoid

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises, recognized applying the effective interest method.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including net capital losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised in other comprehensive income by the portion attributable to entries recognized in other comprehensive income.

Balance sheet

Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise development projects completed and in progress and acquired intellectual property rights.

Development projects on clearly defined and identifiable products and processes, for which the technical rate of utilisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be established, and where the intention is to manufacture, market or apply the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred. When recognising development projects as intangible assets, an amount equalling the costs incurred is taken to equity under Reserve for development costs that is reduced as the development projects are amortised and written down.

The cost of development projects comprises costs such as salaries and amortisation that are attributable to the development projects.

Completed development projects are amortised on a straight-line basis using their estimated useful lives which are determined based on a specific assessment of each development project. For development projects, protected by intellectual property rights, the maximum amortisation period is the remaining duration of the relevant rights. The amortisation periods used are 5 years.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Licences are amortised over the term of the agreement.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment of goodwill is recognised directly in profit/(loss). An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit/(loss) on disposal

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	25-30 years
Plant and machinery	3-15 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years
Leasehold improvements	5-10 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually. Residual values on buildings contains 11.339 tDKK. Residual values on other assets contains 0 tDKK.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises - Separate financial statements

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus or minus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If Hydratech Industries Holding A/S has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

Indirect production costs comprise indirect materials and labour costs, costs of maintenance of, depreciation on of and impairment losses relating to machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process as well as costs of factory administration and management. Financing costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at their transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value less lifetime expected credit losses. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix with reference to past default experience of the debtors and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the market in which the debtor operates.

Hydratech recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses and writes off trade receivables when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. The amount of write-downs is recognised in the income statement under sales and distribution costs. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written down are credited against sales and distribution costs.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of non-recourse guarantee commitments etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Non-recourse guarantee commitments comprise commitments to remedy defects and deficiencies within the guarantee period.

Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Leases

Hydratech assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. Hydratech recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, Hydratech recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, Hydratech uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at the amount of the corresponding lease liability with the addition of lease payments made at or before the commencement day, any initial direct costs, and obligation for costs to dismantle or remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash less short-term bank loans.