

DHCDAN HOLDING APS
ÅKANDEVEJ 21, 2700 BRØNSHØJ
ANNUAL REPORT
1. JANUAR - 31. DECEMBER 2016

**The Annual Report has been presented and
adopted at the Company's Annual General
Meeting on 2 June 2017**

Anders Birkebæk Clausen

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COMPANY DETAILS

Company	DHCDAN Holding ApS Åkandevej 21 2700 Brønshøj
	CVR no.: 31 50 24 54 Established: 25 June 2008 Registered Office: Brønshøj Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December
Board of Executives	Frank T. McFaden
Auditor	Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Osvald Helmuhs Vej 4 2000 Frederiksberg

STATEMENT BY BOARD OF EXECUTIVES

Today the Board of Executives have discussed and approved the Annual Report of DHCDAN Holding ApS for the year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the the Company's financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

I recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 2 June 2017

Board of Executives

Frank T. McFaden

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of DHCDAN Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DHCDAN Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 2 June 2017

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR-nr. 30 70 02 28

Henrik Kronborg Iversen
State Authorised Public Accountant

Rasmus Bloch Jespersen
State Authorised Public Accountant

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Principal activities

The objectives of the company is to carry on commercial and manufacturing business as well as financing and investment. Specifically the company holds investments in group enterprises.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2016 shows a net profit of DKK 944,211 thousand, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2016 shows equity of DKK 14,049,713 thousand.

In 2016, the Company received a dividend in kind of DKK 924,245 thousand, comprising shares of Unfors Raysafe AB from its subsidiary, DH Medical Holding ApS. Subsequently the shares of Unfors Raysafe AB was distributed from DHCDAN Holding ApS to Denmark Holding ApS as dividend in kind.

The Executive Board recommends distribution of the profit as stated under distribution of profit.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events of material importance for the company's financial position have occurred after the end of the financial year.

Future expectations

For 2017, the Company expects a result less any dividend income from investments in group enterprises at the same level as 2016.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2016 DKK '000	2015 DKK '000
GROSS PROFIT.....		-532	-446
OPERATING PROFIT.....		-532	-446
Dividend income from investment in group enterprises.....		924.245	0
Other financial income.....	1	29.086	38.795
Other financial expenses.....	2	-12.192	-24.588
PROFIT BEFORE TAX.....		940.607	13.761
Tax on profit/loss for the year.....	3	3.604	-2.589
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR.....		944.211	11.172
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT			
Proposed dividend for the year.....		0	924.245
Retained profit.....		944.211	-913.073
TOTAL.....		944.211	11.172

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS	Note	2016 DKK '000	2015 DKK '000
Investment in group enterprises.....		18.607.648	18.607.648
Fixed asset investments.....	4	18.607.648	18.607.648
FIXED ASSETS.....		18.607.648	18.607.648
Receivables from group enterprises.....		3.425.456	2.949.181
Receivables corporation tax.....		3.606	8.909
Receivables.....		3.429.062	2.958.090
CURRENT ASSETS.....		3.429.062	2.958.090
ASSETS.....		22.036.710	21.565.738

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2016 DKK '000	2015 DKK '000
Share capital.....		126	126
Retained profit.....		14.049.587	13.105.375
Proposed dividend.....		0	924.245
EQUITY.....		14.049.713	14.029.746
Payables to group enterprises.....		3.051.786	3.066.565
Long-term liabilities.....	5	3.051.786	3.066.565
Bank debt.....		60.034	54.092
Trade payables.....		251	155
Payables to group enterprises.....		4.874.926	4.415.180
Current liabilities.....		4.935.211	4.469.427
LIABILITIES.....		7.986.997	7.535.992
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES.....		22.036.710	21.565.738
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EQUITY

	Share capital	Retained profit	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity at 1 January 2016.....	126	13.105.376	924.245	14.029.747
Dividend paid.....			-924.245	-924.245
Proposed distribution of profit.....		944.211		944.211
Equity at 31 December 2016.....	126	14.049.587	0	14.049.713

Changes in share capital in the latest 5 years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Balance at 1 January.....	126	126	126	126	125
Capital increase.....					1
Balance at 31 December.....	126	126	126	126	126

NOTES

	2016 DKK '000	2015 DKK '000	Note
Other financial income			1
Interest, group enterprises	29.086	38.795	
	29.086	38.795	
Other financial expenses			2
Interest, group enterprises	12.134	24.073	
Other interest expenses.....	58	515	
	12.192	24.588	
Tax on profit/loss for the year			3
Calculated tax on taxable income of the year.....	-3.606	-8.909	
Adjustment of tax for previous years	2	9	
Adjustment of deferred tax.....	0	11.489	
	-3.604	2.589	
Fixed asset investments			4
		Investment in group enterprises	
Cost at 1 January 2016		18.607.648	
Addition, received dividend in kind.....		924.245	
Disposals, distribution of dividend in kind.....		-924.245	
Cost at 31 December 2016.....		18.607.648	
Carrying amount at 31 December 2016.....		18.607.648	

Impairment test

Management has prepared an impairment test and thereby calculated the recoverable amount of the Company's investment in group enterprises at 31 December 2016.

The impairment method used is based on Danaher's standard internal valuation methodology. This method is based on the financial reporting as of 31 December 2016, and representative EBITDA multiplied by an assessed multiplier based on a peer-group analysis, adjusted for control premiums if applicable and non-operating assets/liabilities. The impairment test did not result in need for impairment.

Dividend in kind

On 18 May 2016, the Company received a dividend in kind comprising the shares of Unfors Raysafe AB from its subsidiary, DH Medical Holding ApS. The shares were distributed to the company at value of DKK 924,245 thousand.

Subsequently, at the general meetings of shareholders at 19 May 2016 the executive board decided to distribute the shares of Unfors Raysafe AB, to the shareholders of DHCDAN Holding ApS as dividend in kind.

NOTES

Note

Investments in group enterprises

Name and registered office	Ownership
Danrad Holding ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
SenDx Medical Inc., US Delaware.....	100 %
Radiometer Sp. zoo, Poland.....	100 %
Radiometer sro, Czech Republic.....	100 %
Radiometer KK, Japan.....	100 %
Kavo Dental SA, Switzerland.....	34,9 %
Radiometer Basel AG, Switzerland.....	23,6 %
AB Sciex KK, Japan.....	20,2 %
Radiometer South Africa Pty Ltd., South Africa.....	100 %
Radiometer Tibbi Malzemeler Sanayi Ticaret Ltd, Turkey.....	100 %
Radiometer SEA PTE Ltd., Singapore.....	100 %
Radiometer Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia.....	100 %
DH Medical Holding ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
Danrad ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
DH Medical Holding AB, Sweden.....	100 %
DHRAD ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
Radiometer Medical ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
Danaher Medical ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
AB Sceix ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
Phenomenex ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
DH Netherlands BV, Denmark.....	81,6 %
DH Rus Service LLC, Netherlands.....	100 %
DHR MEA General Trading LLC, United Arab Emirates.....	49 %
J.S.C. Videojet Technologies , Rusia.....	100 %
Radiometer d.o.o., Croatia.....	100 %
Radiometer Kazakhstan, Kazakhstan.....	100 %
Radiometer Magyarorszag Korlatolt Felelossegu Tarsasag, Hungary.....	100 %
DH Denmark EUR ApS, Denmark.....	100 %
Radcue Holding AB, Sweden.....	100 %
Hemocue AB, Sweden.....	100 %
Hemocue OY, Sweden.....	100 %
Hemocue South Africa Pty. Ltd., South Africa.....	100 %
Radiometer Solutions Sp. zoo, Poland.....	100 %
Radiometer Finance Corp., USA.....	93 %
AB Sceix Pte. Ltd., Singapore.....	100 %
AB Sceix EDC BV, Netherlands.....	100 %
AB Sceix Finance BV, Netherlands.....	100 %
AB Sceix, Portugal.....	100 %
Leica Microsystems AG, Switzerland.....	100 %
Leica Technology Holding GmbH, Switzerland.....	100 %
Leica Technology Acquisition GmbH, Switzerland.....	100 %
Leica Instruments Pte. Ltd., Singapore.....	100 %

NOTES

					Note
Long-term liabilities					5
	1/1 2016 total liabilities	31/12 2016 total liabilities	Repayment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years	
Payables to group enterprises...	3.066.565	3.051.786	0	3.051.786	
	3.066.565	3.051.786	0	3.051.786	

Contingencies etc.

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Joint taxation

The company is jointly taxed with Danaher Tax Administration ApS, which is the management company (Administrationselskab) for the Danish joint taxation. The company is jointly and severally unlimited liable with the other jointly taxed companies for payment of corporation tax for the income year 2013 and later, and for withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, which are payable on 1 July 2012 or later.

At 31 December 2016, the jointly taxed companies' net liability to SKAT is disclosed in the annual report for Danaher Tax Administration ApS, registration number - 28 31 68 87. Any subsequent assessments of the taxable income subject to joint taxation or withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties may entail that the Company's liability will increase.

Other contingencies

The company has no other contingent assets or liabilities.

Consolidated financial statements

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The ultimate parent of the group is:

Danaher Corporation
2200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Suite 800W
Washington, DC 20037
USA

The consolidated financial statement for the Danaher group can be acquired at the following link:

<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313616/000031361617000066/dhr-20161231x10xk.htm>

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of DHCDAN Holding ApS for 2016 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Reclassification changes have been made in the financial statements regarding classification of intercompany debt and the comparative figures have been restated to reflect the classification change. In the balance sheet, 'payables from group enterprises' of DKK 3,066,565 thousand at 31 December 2015, previously incorrectly presented as current liabilities, have been reclassified to 'payables from group enterprises' under long term liabilities. The reclassification change has not affected the results of operations or equity.

Effective 1 January 2016, the Company has adopted act no. 738 of 1 July 2015. This implies changes in the recognition and measurement in the following areas:

Dividend from investments in subsidiaries

Dividend from investments in subsidiaries must always be recognised in the income statement going forward. If the carrying amount of the net assets of subsidiaries exceeds cost, or if dividend exceeding the profit for the year is distributed, there will be indication of impairment, meaning that an impairment test must be conducted. Previously, dividend exceeding the subsidiary's accumulated earnings would be set off against cost.

The above change does not impact the income statement or the balance sheet for 2016 or the comparative figures.

Apart from the above and new and changed presentation and disclosure requirements, which follow from act. no. 738 of 1 June 2015, the accounting policies are consistent with those of last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared. The financial statements for DHCDAN Holding ApS and its group entities are part of consolidated financial statements for Danaher Corporation, USA.

INCOME STATEMENT

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.

Investments in subsidiaries

Dividend from investments in subsidiaries is recognised in the income statement in the year of declaration. Distributions of dividend where the dividend exceeds the profit for the year or where the carrying amount of the Company's investments in the subsidiary exceeds the carrying amount of the subsidiary's net asset value will be evidence of impairment, meaning that an impairment test must be conducted.

Financial income and expenses in general

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tax on profit for the year

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that may be attributed to entries directly to the equity.

The company is jointly taxed with affiliated Danish enterprises. The current Danish corporation tax is distributed between the jointly taxed Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable income, and with full distribution with refund regarding taxable losses. The jointly taxed companies are included in the tax-on-account scheme.

BALANCE SHEET

Fixed asset investments

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test must be conducted. Investments are written down to the lower of the carrying amount and the recoverable amount.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in group enterprises, which are not measured at fair value, are valued on an annual basis for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the net realisable value is lower than the carrying amount, write-down is provided to the lower value.

The recoverable amount is calculated at the higher of net selling price and capital value. The capital value is determined as the fair value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the expected net cash flows from sale of the asset or group of assets after the end of its useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by write-down to meet expected losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and bank balances.

Balances in the group's cash pool are not, due to the nature of the scheme, considered cash, but are recognised under "Receivables from group enterprises" and "Payables to group enterprises".

Equity

Dividend in kind are measured based on the fair value of the assets to be distributed at the time of distribution. Any difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the dividend payable (measured with reference to the fair value of the asset) is recognised in the income statement.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivables or payables is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date.