

**ODIN MANAGEMENT
GENERAL PARTNER II ApS
under frivillig likvidation**

Avderødvej 27 C
2980 Kokkedal
Business Registration No
31427231

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 12.04.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting



Name: Mogens Thorninger

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Entity details

Entity

ODIN MANAGEMENT GENERAL PARTNER II ApS under frivillig likvidation

Avderødvej 27 C

2980 Kokkedal

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 31427231

Registered in: Fredensborg

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Liquidator

Mogens Thorninger

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

Postboks 1600

0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Liquidator have today considered and approved the annual report of ODIN MANAGEMENT GENERAL PARTNER II ApS under frivillig likvidation for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Kokkedal, 12.04.2018

Liquidator

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'Mogens Thornønger', written over the printed name.

Mogens Thornønger

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of ODIN MANAGEMENT GENERAL PARTNER II ApS under frivillig likvidation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ODIN MANAGEMENT GENERAL PARTNER II ApS under frivillig likvidation for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter regarding circumstances in the financial statements

Without having affected our conclusion, we would like to draw attention to the fact that the Entity is under liquidation. The annual report is therefore not presented in accordance with the principle of going concern.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and

Independent auditor's report

are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

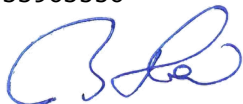
Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 12.04.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR)
33963556



Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne30131



Rasmus Ørskov

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne42777

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity has no actual business activities apart from being a general partner of the limited partnership Odin Equity Partners II K/S.

Development in activities and finances

The Entity has entered into liquidation proceedings in accordance with the rules on voluntary liquidation of limited liability companies.

Profit of the year is DKK 46,261 which is consistent with the liquidator's expectations.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK'000</u>
Other external expenses		<u>(43,125)</u>	<u>(22)</u>
Operating profit/loss		<u>(43,125)</u>	<u>(22)</u>
Other financial income		78,329	262
Other financial expenses		<u>0</u>	<u>(2)</u>
Profit/loss before tax		<u>35,204</u>	<u>238</u>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	<u>11,057</u>	<u>(53)</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>46,261</u>	<u>185</u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		<u>46,261</u>	<u>185</u>
		<u>46,261</u>	<u>185</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK'000</u>
Other receivables		912,754	908
Receivables		<u>912,754</u>	<u>908</u>
Cash		<u>9</u>	<u>0</u>
Current assets		<u>912,763</u>	<u>908</u>
Assets		<u>912,763</u>	<u>908</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital		125,000	125
Retained earnings		215,096	168
Equity		340,096	293
Payables to associates		500,369	500
Income tax payable		53,547	96
Other payables		18,751	19
Current liabilities other than provisions		572,667	615
Liabilities other than provisions		572,667	615
Equity and liabilities		912,763	908
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	3		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	168,835	293,835
Profit/loss for the year	0	46,261	46,261
Equity end of year	125,000	215,096	340,096

Notes

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK'000</u>
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	7,745	53
Adjustment concerning previous years	<u>(18,802)</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>(11,057)</u>	<u>53</u>

3. Contingent liabilities

There are no guarantees or contingent liabilities of the company.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year. However, recognition, measurement, classification and compilation of financial statement items etc. have been performed considering that assets and liabilities of the Entity will be realised.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to administration etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income consists of interest income from the limited partnership, which the company is general partner to.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and adjustment concerning previous years.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.