Multi-Wing Group A/S

Staktoften 16, Trørød, DK-2950 Vedbæk

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 31 18 48 43

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 9 /5 2022

Jens Antonsen Chairman of the General Meeting



Contents

Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Review	
Company Information	5
Group Chart	6
Financial Highlights	7
Management's Review	8
Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	18
Balance Sheet 31 December	19
Statement of Changes in Equity	23
Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December	24
Notes to the Financial Statements	26

Page

Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Multi-Wing Group A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2021.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Vedbæk, 9 May 2022

Executive Board

Jesper Bernhoft

Board of Directors

Jørn Mørkeberg Nielsen Chairman	Søren Dan Johansen	Jesper Bernhoft
Thomas Stegeager Kvorning	Thomas Palm Westermann	Alan Daniel Berger



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Multi-Wing Group A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of Multi-Wing Group A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



Independent Auditor's Report

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



Independent Auditor's Report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 9 May 2022 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

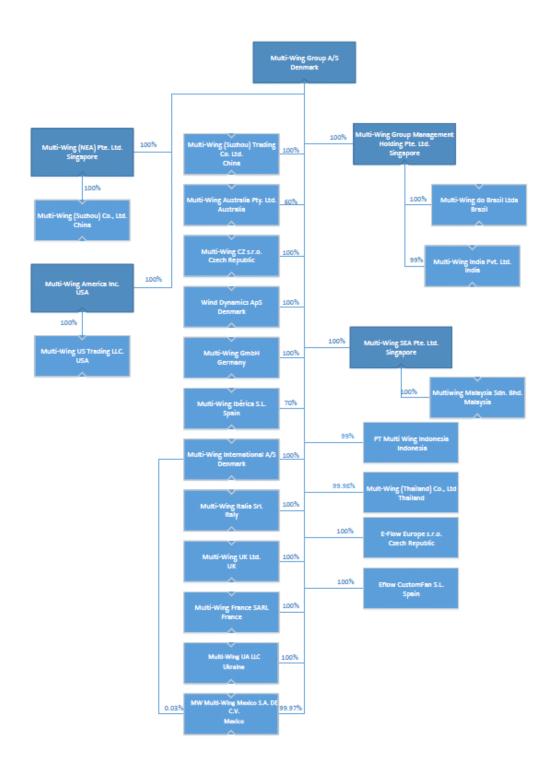
Ulrik Ræbild statsautoriseret revisor mne33262 Steffen Kaj Pedersen statsautoriseret revisor mne34357



Company Information

The Company	Multi-Wing Group A/S Staktoften 16 Trørød DK-2950 Vedbæk
	Telephone: + 45 +4545890133 Facsimile: + 45 +4545893155 E-mail: info@multi-wing.com Website: www.multi-wing.com CVR No: 31 18 48 43
	Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 22 January 2008 Financial year: 14th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Rudersdal
Board of Directors	Jørn Mørkeberg Nielsen, Chairman Søren Dan Johansen Jesper Bernhoft Thomas Stegeager Kvorning Thomas Palm Westermann Alan Daniel Berger
Executive Board	Jesper Bernhoft
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Group Chart



Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	Mio. DKK				
Key figures					
Profit/loss					
Revenue	553	456	500	395	348
Gross profit/loss	297	254	246	184	169
Profit/loss before financial income and					
expenses	120	99	81	74	65
Net financials	2	-21	-8	-2	-6
Net profit/loss for the year	88	59	55	53	44
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	538	467	484	295	258
Equity	248	177	166	170	149
Cash flows Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	95	89	53	47	56
- investing activities	-29	-62	-149	-13	-15
including investment in property, plant and					
equipment	-13	-8	-23	-10	-7
- financing activities	-5	-27	87	-23	-51
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the					
year	61	0	-9	11	-10
Number of employees	391	372	374	258	240
Ratios					
Gross margin	53,7%	55,7%	49,2%	46,6%	48,6%
Profit margin	21,7%	21,7%	16,2%	18,7%	18,7%
Return on assets	22,3%	21,2%	16,7%	25,1%	25,2%
Solvency ratio	46,1%	37,9%	34,3%	57,6%	57,8%
Return on equity	41,4%	34,4%	32,7%	33,2%	30,8%

For definition, see section in accounting policies.



Key activities

The Multi-Wing Group develops, design, produce, markets, sells and supplies a flexible and modular variety of axial impellers utilized in engine cooling, commercial refrigeration, industrial ventilation and HVAC applications.

The activities include axial impellers, high-performance FanPack as well as a services and related replacement parts.

About Multi-Wing Group

Multi-Wing is the world's leading expert and dedicated manufacturer of tailor-made axial fans and highperformance FanPacks. For over 60 years, Multi-Wing have designed and built custom axial fans for radiator and engine cooling, ventilation, air conditioning, heating and refrigeration markets all over the world.

Multi-Wing Group was originally founded by Finn Sigurd Andersen in 1938 as a local company trading hand tools and oil filters with small customers in Denmark. Today we support customers globally and meet their complex air-moving requirements. Multi-Wing's engineered axial fans are comprised of various blade and hub configurations, based on each application's performance requirements.

The key to success is our innovative modular system that allows us to create a very wide range of axial fans custom made for the specific application and tailor-made for customer needs. These capabilities have enabled Multi-Wing Group to expand into the market for FanPacks, where the axial fans are crucial for the efficiency of our customers.

High-strength, diecast aluminium hubs are combined with high-efficiency blade profiles, which are moulded in engineered thermoplastics or die cast in aluminium. Machining, assembly, trimming and balancing are performed under the best and ISO 9001:2008 certified conditions to create the perfect axial fan to match customer needs.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Group for 2021 shows a profit of TDKK 87,941, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Group shows equity of TDKK 247,633.



The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year

2021 was an eventful year for Multi-Wing Group. Besides the continued presence and impact of Covid-19, the majority of the group was acquired by Altor Equity Partners, and the group faced a cyber security incident, temporarily shutting down vital, internal systems.

In the light of all these instances which has required time and focus from the entire organization, the 2021 result and the dedication of all of the employees is considered very impressive. All major entities in the group managed to outgrow 2020, and so leading 2021 to a record result, measured on both revenue and profitability.

Net revenue for the year amounts to DKK 552,8 million against DKK 456,2 million last year, an increase of 21%. Profit before financial income and expenses increased to DKK 119,7 million against DKK 98,9 million in 2020. Leveraging on the cost structure, the Profit before financial income and expenses increased by 22%, relatively more than the increase in Revenue.

The profit before financial income and expenses is negatively impacted by DKK 4,4 million related to different "one-off's" cost. In addition, the group had expenses related to the cyber-attack of DKK 1,9 million. Adjusting for these special items, the underlying profit before financial income and expenses is improving by DKK 6,3 million to DKK 126,0 million, a growth of 27% compared to the 2020 profit before financial income and expenses.

The net profit for the year amounts to DKK 87,9 million DKK against 58,7 million last year. Adjusting for the special items, the underlying net profit is DKK 94,2 million, a staggering growth of 60% compared to the 2020 net profit.

Risk Management

As a result of its operations, investments and financing, the group is exposed to volatility in raw material prices, freight rates, exchange rates and interest rates.

The impeller components are cast in aluminium and engineered thermoplastics. In addition, FanPacks is exposed to external sourcing of other components. As freight prices has increased, freight has become a relatively larger part of the cost for delivering the goods and offerings to customers. The markets for the components, materials and freight are relatively volatile and are especially sensitive to increasing oil prices and, to some extent, the development of the USD exchange rate.

Major increases in freight and raw material prices are in large transferred to our customers following the contractual terms and conditions.

Since the group carries out most of its activity in foreign currencies, it assumes a currency risk.

Changes in the interest levels may affect the financial result. The need for hedging the interest exposure is evaluated on an ongoing basis, in order to mitigate potential future risks.



Targets and expectations for the year ahead

For 2022 we expect to grow our core-markets, as well as the new FanPacks. We foresee lower gross margins from the FanPack business compared to the core-business. The current volatility and dramatic increase in price of raw materials, labor, energy and freight etc. will lead to price increases for our customers, to reflected the increase in cost. The price increases will have a positive contribution to revenue, but have a negative impact on gross margins through 2022.

The impact of the conflict in Ukraine, has a negative impact on volumes. The Ukrainian and Russian markets accounts for a low, single digit percentage of the volume in the group.

The Multi-Wing Group is currently dealing with the Covid-19 situation in China. The facilities of the group are in operation, but due to the current lock-down situation, some customers are not able to receive the goods as agreed. This result in a delay of revenue for the group, and it is uncertain if this delay will be caught up in 2022, or if there will continue to be impact into 2023.

Based on the assumptions, revenue is expected to increase at least 20% and possibly higher, whereas a portion of the anticipated following increase in profit is expected to be invested in strategic initiatives to further strengthen the future outlook for the group. The group also expects to continue to have positive cash-flows in 2022. The expectations are based on an assumption of unchanged exchange rates for the currencies to which the group is exposed.

The general situation with lack of component deliveries out of Ukraine, Russia and China, and the risk of a global recession, could potentially increase the uncertainty around the outlook.

The Multi-Wing Group will continue to participate in various development projects with large global customers and research institutes. It is a resource consuming process, though considered important to drive significant opportunities for long-lasting cooperation and new developments.

Research and development

The Group has ongoing development projects, which are derived from the expectations of future demand as well as the potential development of the technology involved.

The major part of development projects is related to the development of new types of fans with a particular focus on noise reduction and energy optimization. The projects are proceeding as planned and expected to be completed within 1 to 5 years. The increased demands for environmental impact in both the US and the EU mean that there is increased focus and demand for this type of fans.

All development projects carried out by the group aim to reach a business viable state, where the outcome of the project is brought to market and expected to generate future business. Uncertainties relate to external factors, whereas the most critical part, is to ensure that new offerings and products meet the new US and EU standards.



Intellectual capital resources

With the ambition to be market leader, the Group is focused on the attraction and retention of a highly skilled workforce, in addition to being at the forefront of the latest technologies in its core competency areas. The main objective is to work with innovative approaches that will improve and streamline the interaction with customers.

Statement of corporate social responsibility

Business model

The group's main activities are to develop, produce and supply components and spare parts for axial impellers utilized in engine cooling and HVAC applications.

Production is outsourced to suppliers whereas customization and assembly are carried out in regional hubs.

Companies included in the group are operating globally, and in recent years the group has consolidated its position on the global marketplace.

Policies

Multi-Wing Group's social responsibility policies include our environmental and climate policy. Our environment and climate policy are based on environmentally and energy-efficient management and is a natural part of the group's objectives.

Having experienced an increasing focus on climate among the majority of our customers as well as regulatory requirements for different standards, we are continuously looking to improve the environmental footprint of the group. The Multi-Wing Group Code of Conduct reflect the group's values in key areas such as environment and climate, human rights, labour rights, and anti-corruption.

In addition, the group continues to assess future suppliers in relation to requirements, now set out in our Code of Conduct, to avoid the group being associated with companies that do not share our values.

Multi-Wing Group is still in the process of determining and selecting which KPIs is considered best in reflecting the group's climate policy. The work planned for 2021 has been postponed due to the Covid-19 pandemic as well as the Altor acquisition.

Impact on the climate and external enviroment

Multi-Wing Group is environmentally conscious and is working at reducing the environmental impact of the group's activities.

Driven by regulators demands and customer expectations, the group has a constant focus on energy optimization of the solutions. Our impellers are (among) the most efficient within our business segments which is considered to have a positive environmental impact of the industries to which the impellers are supplied, even further than the potential positive impact of internal initiatives.



Multi-Wing Group has incorporated an environmental management system into the group's main assembly facilities in China, USA and the Czech Republic. The system is certifiable according to the ISO 14001 standard, and the facilities are audited by a third party yearly in accordance with the ISO standard.

No reportable deviations to the ISO 14001 standard has been recorded during the year.

As our modular and scalable impellers are assembled locally, in close proximity of our customers, we are actively seeking to optimize and reduce our transportation footprint.

Social rights and employee policy

The Multi-Wing code of conduct as well as the Equality and Diversity policy, are both important tools in ensuring a comprehensive framework for the organization to ensure a fair treatment and work environment for all staff members. The group considers the physical and the psychosocial work environment to be important focus areas. Several sections of the code of conduct and Equality and Diversity policy address these matters, such as diversity and health and safety, the outcome of which is included below.

Health and satisfaction of employees

The last statutory employee survey was carried out in 2020. The participation in the survey was very high. The outcome of the survey has been analysed at group level, and each entity has chosen a few focus areas for the coming year. The work with the focus areas has continued in 2021.

The employee survey is one of many tools that is used to analyse the status of the organisation. It allows the group to identify what motivates employees and track employee satisfaction and loyalty.

Human rights

The main risk identified in relation to human rights is the risk of unequal treatment and harassment of any kind. It is important that our sites remain free from all forms of discrimination, intimidation, and harassment. An environment where employees can maximize their potential is only possible when each person is treated fairly and with respect. Employees are expected to comply with this principle. Multi-Wing Group is committed to enforcing this principle at all levels within the organization. A company policy, covering equality and diversity has been formulated and shared with all employees, in order to underline the importance of this matter.

It is the responsibility of every manager to be observant of the work environment among the employees, and whether any bullying or sexual harassment takes place. The group also strongly emphasizes the importance that everyone takes on a responsibility that their department and thus the cooperation between individual employees work well. Both managers and employees are therefore responsible for acting if bullying or harassment takes place.

During 2021, Management has continuously emphasized, in various ways and forms of communication, the importance of this matter to minimize the risk of matters not being reported to Management.

In 2021 no harassment or discrimination incidents were reported.

Going forward, management will continuously evaluate the need for further initiatives or training, to enforce human rights, equality and the embracement of diversity within the organization.

Anti-corruption

No significant risks have been identified in relation to anti-corruption. The reason for this is primarily that Multi-Wing Group is B2B oriented, why attempts at corruption are rare, and specifically the group has not experienced such in the past several years.

It is strictly forbidden to give or receive any form of promises when gifts are exchanged. The Multi-Wing Group and its employees must never participate in any form of bribery, accept gifts or other illegal types of remuneration of any kind in business relations with customer, suppliers, government agencies or other decision-makers, for the purpose of establishing or maintaining a business relationship. Offers of representation or entertainment may only be accepted if it lies within good business practice. The principles of the anti-corruption is formulated within the company policies, which is made available to all employees. As per these principles, all relevant employees, meaning managers as well as key employees exposed to either customers or suppliers, are trained and need to pass a test relating to anti-corruption and anti-bribery. This is mandatory. This training is also applicable for new employees in relevant functions. The feedback from employees has been positive, and the employee engagement on this important topic is good.



For 2021, Multi-Wing Group experienced o cases realted to anticorruption and anti-bribery. Relevant training will be a recurring action in 2022, training current and new employees, to keep the awareness and engagement high. The Group is aiming to have 0 incidents relating to anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

In case of doubt as to how to interpret the above in a specific case, the group's employees should always contact their immediate manager or HR for guidance.

Data ethics

Multi-Wing Group does not have a formalized policy for data ethics.

The Group is only processing business related data, and do not use advanced technologies such as artificial intelligence, advanced algorithms, data surveillance etc. Neither does the Group make data available for any third parties.

The Group is in compliance with current regulations around personal data and GDPR. Multi-Wing does not store sensitive data, besides necessary data related to the employees of the Multi-Wing Group.



Statement on gender composition

It is Multi-Wing's policy to place the best person in a position regardless of their gender, orientation, ethnic origin, religious beliefs, or other private considerations.

The board of directors aims to ensure that its members complement each other in the best possible way with respect to age, experience, nationality, gender, etc. for the purpose of ensuring a competent and versatile contribution to the work of the board in Multi-Wing Group. These factors are taken into account when new candidates for the board of directors are identified, and the nomination of candidates will always be based on an assessment of their competences, how they match the group's requirements and how they will contribute to the overall efficiency of the board of directors.

To ensure a sound and balanced gender composition across the company, leadership team and in the management team, management encourages managers to ensure qualified candidates from both genders for job interviews at all levels, and when top candidates are equally qualified, to select a gender of the underrepresented gender. To support the growth of talents of the underrepresented gender, training, development and mentoring opportunities is offered.

The share of women in the Multi-Wing Group board of directors is 0% (2020: 33%). The share of women in the Leadership team is 18% (2020: 43%).

The decrease in the share of women in the Leadership team is primarily driven by the extension of the team.

The goal for the board of directors is to have 14% of the board members to be women (equivalent to 1 woman) by 2023.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the Annual Report have not been subject to any uncertainty.

Unusual events

The financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Group and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Group for the financial year for 2021 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Subsequent events

The growth in the business is stronger than expected and combined with very high employment rates across most of the major entities, there has been some bottlenecks in the production capacity which is being addressed entity by entity.

At the beginning of 2022, the group acquired all shares in Fabrika Special Motors, based in Denmark. The purpose of this acquisition is to ensure adequate motor competencies in-house to further develop FanPacks as a solution to customers.

During the beginning of 2022, the group has entered a significant agreement to deliver FanPacks to a large international customer. The order will have an overall positive impact on the 2022 performance, and is considered a proof of the concept around FanPacks for the group.

Besides that, no events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the group's financial position.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Grou	p	Parent cor	npany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Revenue	1	552.783	456.221	2.312	1.616
Work on own account recognised in					
assets		3.880	4.059	0	0
Other operating income		1.553	3.136	0	0
Expenses for raw materials and					
consumables		-165.306	-129.151	0	0
Other external expenses		-96.278	-80.491	-6.183	-5.593
Gross profit/loss		296.632	253.774	-3.871	-3.977
Staff expenses	2, 4	-148.335	-131.079	-100	-100
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and					
property, plant and equipment	3	-28.551	-23.698	0	0
Other operating expenses		0	-89	0	0
Profit/loss before financial income					
and expenses		119.746	98.908	-3.971	-4.077
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	86.268	71.149
Financial income	4	8.269	8.435	8.658	5.901
Financial expenses	5	-6.380	-29.159	-5.384	-19.145
Profit/loss before tax		121.635	78.184	85.571	53.828
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	-33.694	-19.499	153	3.524
Net profit/loss for the year		87.941	58.685	85.724	57.352

Assets

		Group	0	Parent con	npany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		TDKK	ТДКК	ТДКК	TDKK
Completed development projects		8.227	8.496	0	0
Trade name		8.681	8.804	0	0
Customer relationships		52.300	55.025	0	0
Goodwill		80.277	71.240	0	0
Development projects in progress	-	12.961	8.668	0	0
Intangible assets	7	162.446	152.233	0	0
Land and buildings		6.769	7.394	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and					
equipment		32.889	32.370	0	0
Leasehold improvements	-	1.036	1.633	0	0
Property, plant and equipment	8	40.694	41.397	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	9	0	0	270.570	221.474
Deposits	10	5.033	3.173	0	0
Fixed asset investments	-	5.033	3.173	270.570	221.474
Fixed assets	-	208.173	196.803	270.570	221.474
Inventories	-	113.385	71.711	0	0



Assets

		Group	р	Parent cor	npany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		TDKK	ТДКК	ТДКК	TDKK
Trade receivables		104.862	90.272	0	0
Receivables from group enterprises		0	0	154.964	116.479
Other receivables		29.418	24.196	675	64
Deferred tax asset	15	1.732	1.478	153	220
Corporation tax		17	3.397	0	3.345
Corporation tax receivable from					
group enterprises		0	0	7.807	0
Prepayments	11	5.355	4.566	0	0
Receivables		141.384	123.909	163.599	120.108
Current asset investments	12	0	3.980	0	3.634
Cash at bank and in hand		75.357	70.229	2.559	1.485
Currents assets		330.126	269.829	166.158	125.227
Assets		538.299	466.632	436.728	346.701

Liabilities and equity

	Group		Group Parent co		mpany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Share capital	13	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Reserve for net revaluation under the					
equity method		0	0	188.402	81.508
Reserve for development costs		16.527	13.388	0	0
Reserve for exchange rate					
conversion		2.258	0	0	0
Retained earnings		163.303	128.151	53.686	60.031
Proposed dividend for the year	-	60.000	30.000	0	30.000
Equity attributable to shareholder	s				
of the Parent Company		243.088	172.539	243.088	172.539
Minority interests	_	4.545	4.267	0	0
Equity	_	247.633	176.806	243.088	172.539
Provision for deferred tax	15	22.068	21.794	0	0
Other provisions	_	0	0	435	0
Provisions	-	22.068	21.794	435	0
Credit institutions		174.504	82.222	174.504	82.222
Lease obligations		650	1.429	0	0
Long-term debt	16	175.154	83.651	174.504	82.222
Credit institutions		0	55.892	0	0
Short-term part of long-term debt	16	0	46.400	0	46.400
Lease obligations	16	412	750	0	0
Trade payables		46.356	28.918	10.081	1.528
Payables to group enterprises		1.695	22.500	1.710	44.012
Corporation tax		13.691	7.396	6.910	0
Other payables	-	31.290	22.525	0	0
Short-term debt	-	93.444	184.381	18.701	91.940
Debt	_	268.598	268.032	193.205	174.162
Liabilities and equity		538.299	466.632	436.728	346.701

Note

Liabilities and equity

Distribution of profit	14
Contingent assets, liabilities and	
other financial obligations	19
Related parties	20
Fee to auditors appointed at the	
general meeting	21
Accounting Policies	22



Statement of Changes in Equity

Group

Share capital TDKK equity method TDKK costs TDKK conversion TDKK earnings TDKK year interest interest interest interest Equity at 1 January 1.000 0 13.388 -11.648 139.799 30.000 172.539 Exchange adjustments 0 0 0 13.906 0 0 13.906 Ordinary dividend paid 0 0 0 0 -31.000 -30.000 -30.000 -30.000 Development costs for the year 0 0 0 -3.139 0 0 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088	Minority interests TDKK 4.267 90 -1.110 0 1.298	Total TDKK 176.806 13.996 -31.110 0 87.941
Under the Share capital TDKKunder the equity method TDKKdevelopment costsexchange rate conversionRetained earningsdividend for the yearminority interestsMinority interestsMinority interestsEquity at 1 January1.000013.388-11.648139.79930.000172.539Exchange adjustments00013.9060013.906Ordinary dividend paid0000-30.000-30.000Development costs for the year003.1390-3.13900Net profit/loss for the year0016.5272.258163.30360.000243.088Parent company	interests TDKK 4.267 90 -1.110 0	TDKK 176.806 13.996 -31.110 0
Share capital TDKK equity method TDKK costs TDKK conversion TDKK earnings TDKK year interests interests interests interests	interests TDKK 4.267 90 -1.110 0	TDKK 176.806 13.996 -31.110 0
TDKK TDKK <th< th=""><th>ТDKK 4.267 90 -1.110 0</th><th>TDKK 176.806 13.996 -31.110 0</th></th<>	ТDKK 4.267 90 -1.110 0	TDKK 176.806 13.996 -31.110 0
Equity at 1 January 1.000 0 13.388 -11.648 139.799 30.000 172.539 Exchange adjustments 0 0 0 13.906 0 0 13.906 Ordinary dividend paid 0 0 0 0 0 0 -30.000 -30.000 Development costs for the year 0 0 3.139 0 -3.139 0 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 0 0 26.643 60.000 243.088 Fauity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088	4.267 90 -1.110 0	176.806 13.996 -31.110 0
Exchange adjustments 0 0 0 13.906 0 0 13.906 Ordinary dividend paid 0 0 0 0 0 -30.000 -30.000 Development costs for the year 0 0 3.139 0 -3.139 0 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 0 0 26.643 60.000 86.643 Equity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088	90 -1.110 0	13.996 -31.110 0
Ordinary dividend paid 0 0 0 0 -30.000 -30.000 Development costs for the year 0 0 3.139 0 -31.139 0 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 0 0 26.643 60.000 86.643 Equity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088	-1.110 0	-31.110 0
Development costs for the year 0 0 3.139 0 -3.139 0 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 0 0 26.643 60.000 86.643 Equity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088 Parent company	0	0
Net profit/loss for the year 0 0 0 0 26.643 60.000 86.643 Equity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088 Parent company		
Equity at 31 December 1.000 0 16.527 2.258 163.303 60.000 243.088 Parent company	1.298	87.941
Parent company		
	4.545	247.633
Equity at 1 January 1.000 81.508 0 0 60.031 30.000 172.539	0	172.539
Exchange adjustments 0 14.825 0 0 0 0 14.825	0	14.825
Ordinary dividend paid 0 0 0 0 -30.000 -30.000	0	-30.000
Net profit/loss for the year 0 92.069 0 0 -6.345 0 85.724	0	85.724
Equity at 31 December 1.000 188.402 0 0 53.686 0 243.088		243.088



Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group	0
	Note	2021	2020
		ТДКК	TDKK
Net profit/loss for the year		87.941	58.685
Adjustments	17	63.119	91.618
Change in working capital	18	-34.375	-30.235
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and			
expenses		116.685	120.068
Financial income		6.012	8.435
Financial expenses		-3.778	-28.911
Cash flows from ordinary activities		118.919	99.592
Corporation tax paid		-23.996	-10.199
Cash flows from operating activities	-	94.923	89.393
Purchase of intangible assets		-5.887	-22.149
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-13.292	-7.668
Fixed asset investments made etc		-1.860	-69
Sale of property, plant and equipment		589	612
Sale of fixed asset investments etc		2.594	0
Acquisition of minority shares		0	-33.000
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	-	-11.266	0
Cash flows from investing activities	-	-29.122	-62.274
Repayment of debt instrument		0	-42.000
Reduction of lease obligations		-698	-608
Repayment of payables to group enterprises		-22.500	0
Raising of loans from credit institutions		45.537	0
Raising of other long-term debt		0	22.000
Minority interests		-1.100	-786
Sale of treasury shares		3.980	1.689
Dividend paid	-	-30.000	-7.500
Cash flows from financing activities	-	-4.781	-27.205



Pengestrømsopgørelse 1. januar - 31. december

	Note	2021 ТDКК	2020 ТDКК
Change in cash and cash equivalents		61.020	-86
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		14.337	14.423
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		75.357	14.337
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		75.357	70.229
Credit institutions		0	-55.892
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		75.357	14.337

1 Revenue

With reference to the Danish Financial Statements act (Årsregnskabsloven) § 96, section 1 the company has excluded the information on segments as the market only includes a limited number of competitors and disclosing the information could be harmful to the company's business.

		Group		Parent company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
2	Staff expenses	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК	TDKK
	Wages and salaries	123.756	109.449	100	100
	Pensions	14.168	7.812	0	0
	Other social security expenses	3.394	7.110	0	0
	Other staff expenses	7.017	6.708	0	0
		148.335	131.079	100	100
	Average number of employees	391	372	1	1

Remuneration to the Executive Board has not been disclosed in accordance with section 98 B(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

98 0 0
<u> </u>
60 0 0
38 0 0

		Group	p	Parent cor	npany
		2021	2020	2021	2020
4 Financial inc	0700	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
4 Financial inc	ome				
Interest received	l from group				
enterprises		0	0	159	4.868
Other financial in	ncome	114	491	0	393
Exchange gains		8.155	7.944	8.499	640
		8.269	8.435	8.658	5.901
5 Financial exj	penses				
Interest paid to g	group enterprises	0	0	263	0
Other financial e	xpenses	6.380	6.018	5.121	5.662
Exchange loss		0	23.141	0	13.483
		6.380	29.159	5.384	19.145
6 Tax on profit	/loss for the year				
Current tax for the	ne year	34.214	18.207	-153	-3.304
Deferred tax for	the year	-520	1.292	0	-220
		33.694	19.499	-153	-3.524



7 Intangible assets

Group

Croup	Completed development projects TDKK	Trade name TDKK	Customer relationships TDKK	Goodwill TDKK	Development projects in progress TDKK
Cost at 1 January	41.297	9.701	60.631	92.420	8.668
Exchange adjustment	145	797	4.981	2.891	13
Additions for the year	460	0	0	11.345	6.617
Disposals for the year	-182	0	0	0	-456
Transfers for the year	1.881	0	0	0	-1.881
Cost at 31 December	43.601	10.498	65.612	106.656	12.961
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1					
January	32.801	897	5.606	21.180	0
Exchange adjustment	143	101	709	384	0
Amortisation for the year	2.572	819	6.997	4.815	0
Reversal of amortisation of disposals for					
the year	-142	0	0	0	0
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31					
December	35.374	1.817	13.312	26.379	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	8.227	8.681	52.300	80.277	12.961

The major part group's development projects are related to the development of new types of axial impellers with a particular focus on noise reduction and energy optimization. the projects are proceeding as planned and expected to be completed within 1 to 5 years. The increased demands for environmental impact in both the US and the EU mean that there is increased focus and demand for these types of axial impellers.

In addition, development costs for development of a new cloud-based ERP system are also recognised in the balance sheet. The development has progressed as planned and is expected to be rolled out in 2022.

8 Property, plant and equipment

Group

Group	Land and buildings TDKK	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment TDKK	Leasehold improvements TDKK
Cost at 1 January	16.374	114.671	4.937
Exchange adjustment	872	3.201	4.937
Additions for the year	0	13.479	742
Disposals for the year	0	-3.532	-108
Cost at 31 December	17.246	127.819	5.909
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	8.980	82.301	3.304
Exchange adjustment	507	2.602	304
Depreciation for the year	990	10.881	1.364
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	0	-854	-99
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	10.477	94.930	4.873
Carrying amount at 31 December	6.769	32.889	1.036

	Parent cor	npany
	2021	2020
9 Investments in subsidiaries	ТДКК	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	152.246	152.246
Additions for the year	13.126	0
Cost at 31 December	165.372	152.246
Value adjustments at 1 January	69.228	63.938
Exchange adjustment	14.590	-11.648
Net profit/loss for the year	101.434	71.331
Dividend to the Parent Company	-65.322	-54.211
Amortisation of goodwill	-7.745	-1.944
Change in intercompany profit on inventories	-6.987	1.762
Value adjustments at 31 December	105.198	69.228
Carrying amount at 31 December	270.570	221.474
Positive differences arising on initial measurement of subsidiaries at net		
asset value	29.120	19.798

9 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of		Votes and
Name	registered office		ownership
Multi-Wing International A/S	Denmark	TDKK 500	100%
Multi-Wing Australia Pty., Ltd.	Australia	TAUD 150	60%
Multi-Wing France SARL	France	TEUR 100	100%
Multi-Wing (Suzhou) Co. Ltd.	China	TCNY 4,479	100%
Multi-Wing Ibérica S.L.	Spain	TEUR 27	70%
Multi-Wing GmbH	Germany	TEUR 25	100%
Multi-Wing CZ s.r.o.	Czech Republic	TCZK 200	100%
Wind Dynamic ApS	Denmark	TDKK 125	100%
Multi-Wing Italia Srl.	Italy	TEUR 100	100%
Multi-Wing Suzhou Trading Co. Ltd.	China	TCNY 2,040	100%
Multi-Wing SEA Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	TSGD 1,194	100%
Multi-Wing NEA Pte. Ldt.	Singapore	SGD 100	100%
Multi-Wing US Trading LLC	USA	USD 30	100%
Multi-Wing Group Management Holding Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	TSGD 1,146	100%
Multi-Wing India Pvt. Ltd.	India	TIRN 4,000	100%
Multi-Wing do Brazil Lta.	Brazil	TBRL 3,984	100%
Multi-Wing US Inc.	USA	TUSD 3,200	100%
Multi-Wing UK Limited	UK	TGBP 26	100%
Multi-Wing Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	Malaysia	TMYR 500	100%
Multi-Wing Thailand Co. Ltd.	Thailand	TBath 1,000	100%
Multi-Wing UA LLC	Ukraine	TUAH 161	100%
Multi-Wing Mexico S.A. DE. C.V.	Mexico	TMEP 3	100%
E-FLow Europe S.R.O	Czech Republic	TCZK 200	100%
E-Flow CustomFan S.L.	Spain	TEUR 328	100%
PT Multi-Wing Indonesia	Indonesia	IDR 2,500,000k	100%

10 Other fixed asset investments

	Group
	Deposits
	ТДКК
Cost at 1 January	3.173
Additions for the year	1.860
Cost at 31 December	5.033
Carrying amount at 31 December	5.033



11 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest as well.

		Group		Parent company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
12	Current asset investments				
	Shares	0	3.980	0	3.634
		0	3.980	0	3.634

13 Share capital

The share capital consists of 1,000 shares of a nominal value of TDKK 1,000. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

14 Distribution of profit

Proposed dividend for the year	60.000	30.000	0	30.000
Reserve for net revaluation under the				
equity method	0	0	92.069	71.149
Minority interests' share of net				
profit/loss of subsidiaries	1.298	1.333	0	0
Retained earnings	26.643	27.352	-6.345	-43.797
_	87.941	58.685	85.724	57.352

	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
15 Provision for deferred tax	ТДКК	ТДКК	ТДКК	TDKK
Provision for deferred tax at 1 January Amounts recognised in the income	20.316	3.146	-220	0
statement for the year Amounts recognised in equity for the	-520	1.292	0	-220
year	540	15.878	67	0
Provision for deferred tax at 31				
December	20.336	20.316	-153	-220

16 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

Credit institutions

After 5 years	174.504	82.222	174.504	82.222
Long-term part	174.504	82.222	174.504	82.222
Within 1 year	0	46.400	0	46.400
	174.504	128.622	174.504	128.622
Lease obligations				
Between 1 and 5 years	650	1.429	0	0
Long-term part	650	1.429	0	0
Within 1 year	412	750	0	0
	1.062	2.179	0	0

	Group	
	2021	2020
17 Cash flow statement - adjustments	ТДКК	TDKK
Financial income	-8.269	-8.435
Financial expenses	6.380	29.159
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and		
gains on sales	28.551	23.698
Tax on profit/loss for the year	33.694	19.499
Other adjustments	2.763	27.697
	63.119	91.618

18 Cash flow statement - change in working capital

	-34.375	-30.235
Change in trade payables, etc	27.900	-43.447
Change in receivables	-20.602	4.914
Change in inventories	-41.673	8.298

	Group		Parent company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	
a Contingent assets lightlities and other financial obligations					

19 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Charges and security

The following assets have been placed as security with credit institutes:

The parent company, Multi-Wing Group A/S:

As security for credit institute engagements:

- A first pledge is given on any outstanding amounts with Multi-Wing International A/S
- · A surety (primary liability) provided to Multi-Wing Internationals A/S for any outstanding amounts
- A first ranking pledge of its shares
- Assignment of Material Intra-Group Loans
- A DKK 10,000,000 business mortgage

At Group level:

As security for credit institute engagements:

• Letter of indemnity, floating company charge of 10,000 DKK'000 are given in group entities IP rights, operating equipment, stocks, and receivables with a carrying value of 110,327 DKK'000.

• A first pledge is given from Multi-Wing International A/S on any outstanding amounts with Multi-Wing Group A/S

Rental and lease obligations

Lease obligations for warehouses and				
other premises	29.203	24.428	0	0
Operational leasing arrangements of				
cars, equipment and IT	3.328	965	0	0
Hire purchase commitments	0	108	0	0

Guarantee obligations

Bank guarantees

Entities within the Group has issued guarantees towards banks for a total of TDKK 677.



Other contingent liabilities

19 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Company and its Danish subsidiaries are jointly taxed with the Danish companies of MWG Holdco ApS. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of MWG Holdco ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

20 Related parties

Basis

Controlling interest

MWG HoldCo ApS

Parent

Transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, only transactions that are not performed on market conditions are to be disclosed.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The company are included in the consolidated financial statements of:

Name

MWG HoldCo ApS (ultimate parent)

Place of registered office

Vedbæk, Denmark

The Group Annual Report of MWG HoldCo ApS (ultimate parent) may be obtained at the following address:

Staktoften 16 2950 Vedbæk



21 Fee to auditors appointed at the general meeting

The Company is included in the consolidated Financial Statements for MWG Holdco ApS, where the audit fee for the entire group is presented.

22 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Multi-Wing Group A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large enterprises of reporting class C .

With regards to the true and fair view of the financial statements, certain reclassifications have been made in the balance sheet and notes. The reclassifications have not had an effect on profit or equity. Comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in TDKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, Multi-Wing Group A/S, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.

Business combinations

Business acquisitions

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the purchase method under which the identifiable assets and liabilities of the entity acquired are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Acquired contingent liabilities are recognised at fair value in the Consolidated Financial Statements to the extent that the value can be measured reliably.

The time of acquisition is the time when the Group obtains control of the entity acquired.

The cost of the entity acquired is the fair value of the consideration agreed, including consideration contingent on future events. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of subsidiaries are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Positive differences between the cost of the entity acquired and identifiable assets and liabilities are recognised as goodwill in intangible assets in the balance sheet and are amortised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortisation of goodwill is allocated in the Consolidated Financial Statements to the operations to which goodwill is related. Where the differences are negative, they are recognised immediately in the income statement.

Where the purchase price allocation is not final, positive and negative differences from acquired subsidiaries due to changes to the recognition and measurement of identifiable net assets may be adjusted for up to 12 months after the time of acquisition. These adjustments are also reflected in the value of goodwill or negative goodwill, including in amortisation already made.

Where cost includes contingent consideration, this is measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Contingent consideration is subsequently measured at fair value. Any value adjustments are recognised in the income statement.

In respect of step acquisitions, any previously held investments in the entity acquired are remeasured at fair value at the time of acquisition. The difference between the carrying amount of the investment previously held and the fair value is recognised in the income statement.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Minority interests

Minority interests form part of the Group's total equity. Upon distribution of net profit, net profit is broken down on the share attributable to minority interests and the share attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company. Minority interests are recognised on the basis of a remeasurement of acquired assets and liabilities to fair value at the time of acquisition of subsidiaries.

Leases

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (finance leases) are recognised in the balance sheet at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the net present value of the lease payments computed by applying the interest rate implicit in the lease or an alternative borrowing rate as the discount rate. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated and written down for impairment under the same policy as determined for the other fixed assets of the Group.

The remaining lease obligation is capitalised and recognised in the balance sheet under debt, and the interest element on the lease payments is charged over the lease term to the income statement.

All other leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Revenue

Information on business segments and geographical segments based on the Group's risks and returns and its internal financial reporting system. Business segments are regarded as the primary segments.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Group.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, losses on receivables, lease payments under operating leases etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses including holiday pay and pensions and other costs to social secu-rity to the company's employees. there is deducted received compensation from public authority in staff costs.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Group, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish companies in the Multi-Wing Group. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill acquired is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 20 years.

Trade names and customer relations are measured at the lower of cost less accumulated amortisation and recoverable amount. Trade names and customer relations are amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 10-15 years.

Development costs and costs relating to rights developed by the Company are recognised in the income statement as costs in the year of acquisition.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Interest expenses on loans raised directly for financing the construction of property, plant and equipment are recognised in cost over the period of construction.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Buildings16 yearsOther fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment3-5Leasehold improvements2-5 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct labour with addition of indirect production costs. Indirect production costs comprise the cost of indirect materials and labour as well as maintenance and depreciation of the machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process as well as costs of factory administration and management.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Current asset investments

Current asset investments, which consist of listed bonds and shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined on the basis of the latest quoted market price.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when - in consequence of an event occurred before or on the balance sheet date - the Group has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that economic benefits must be given up to settle the obligation.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Other provisions include warranty obligations in respect of repair work within the warranty period of 1-5 years. Provisions are measured and recognised based on experience with guarantee work.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Loans, such as loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.



22 Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand" and "Overdraft facilities".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Gross margin	Gross profit x 100 Revenue		
Profit margin	Profit before financials x 100 Revenue		
Return on assets	Profit before financials x 100 Total assets		
Solvency ratio	Equity at year end x 100 Total assets at year end		
Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Net profit for the year x 100}}{\text{Average equity}}$		

