

Ørsted - Anholt Offshore A/S

Annual report for 2021

CVR no. 31 17 67 43

(14th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 May
2022

Vibeke Rohde
chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The board of directors and the executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Ørsted - Anholt Offshore A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved at the annual general meeting.

Skærbæk, 24 May 2022

Executive board

Allison Marie Metzack
Director

Board of directors

Jan Engelbert
chairman

Mikkel Friis-Olsen
deputy chairman

Allison Marie Metzack

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Ørsted - Anholt Offshore A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Ørsted - Anholt Offshore A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 24 May 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Anders Stig Lauritsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne32800

Company details

The company

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Kraftværksvej 53
Skærbæk
7000 Fredericia

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CVR no.: 31 17 67 43

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2021

Financial year: 14th financial year

Domicile: Fredericia

Board of directors

Jan Engelbert, chairman
Mikkel Friis-Olsen, deputy chairman
Allison Marie Metzack

Executive board

Allison Marie Metzack

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company Ørsted A/S, CVR no. 36 21 37 28

The Group Annual Report of Ørsted A/S, CVR no. 36 21 37 28 may be obtained at the following address:

www.orsted.com/en/investors/ir-material/financial-reports-and-presentations

Financial highlights

Seen over a 5-year period, the development of the Company may be described by means of the following financial highlights:

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | TDKK | TDKK | TDKK | TDKK | TDKK |
| Key figures | | | | | |
| Profit/loss | | | | | |
| Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses | -1.547 | -3.828 | -3.455 | -5.261 | -8.642 |
| Net financials | 251.119 | 358.899 | 293.588 | 200.473 | 258.197 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 203.460 | 290.721 | 238.733 | 166.964 | 211.877 |
| Balance sheet | | | | | |
| Balance sheet total | 2.657.501 | 3.015.542 | 3.567.874 | 3.991.093 | 4.478.192 |
| Equity | 2.015.571 | 1.812.111 | 1.521.390 | 1.282.656 | 1.115.692 |
| Financial ratios | | | | | |
| Return on assets | -0,1% | -0,1% | -0,1% | -0,1% | -0,2% |
| Solvency ratio | 75,8% | 60,1% | 42,6% | 32,1% | 24,9% |
| Return on equity | 10,6% | 17,4% | 17,0% | 13,9% | 21,0% |

The financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations and key figures. For definitions, see the summary of significant accounting policies.

Management's review

Business activities

The Company's objects are to engage in activities in the energy sector and ancillary activities.

The company holds an ideal share on 50% of Anholt Havvindmøllepark I/S. The partnership is a joint venture with PensionDanmark (30%) and PKA (20%).

Business review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of TDKK 203.460, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of TDKK 2.015.571.

Net profit (loss) relation to expected development assumed in previous report

Earnings before interest and taxes for 2021 was expected to be negative with DKK 4-6 million, but because of lower expenses to administration the result was better than assumed last year. Revenue in joint venture has been 17% lower than in 2020 which is the main reason for the lower profit for the year.

Financial review

Earnings before interest and taxes for 2022 is expected to be affected by a continuing stable operation and earnings which is expected to be negative with DKK 2-3 million.

Special risks apart from generally occurring risks in industry

Operating risks

There are no special risks related to the company except for those usual for the industry.

Environment

A monitoring programme for migrating birds required in the concession for Anholt Offshore Windfarm was successfully completed and approved in 2016 by the Danish Energy and Nature Agencies. The report concluded that Anholt Offshore Windfarm does not lead to increased collision risk for the main species of concern.

No further environmental monitoring is required in the concession.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Ørsted - Anholt Offshore A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in TDKK.

Pursuant to sections §112, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Accounting policies

Income from investments in joint ventures

The proportionate share of the profit or loss of the individual joint ventures is recognised in the income statement after elimination of the proportionate share of intra-group gains/losses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Ørsted Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income. Danish entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from the ultimate parent company (the management company), Ørsted A/S equivalent to the tax base of the tax losses utilised (full allocation), while Danish entities that utilise tax losses in other entities pay joint taxation contributions to the Ørsted A/S equivalent to the tax base of the utilised losses.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises ("the equity method") calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of any remaining value of positive differences (goodwill) and deduction of any remaining value of negative differences (negative goodwill).

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in joint ventures.

Joint ventures with a negative net asset value are recognised at t.kr. 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the parent company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions. If the carrying amount of negative equity value exceeds receivables, the remaining amount is recognized under provisions, in the extent that the parent company has a legal or actual obligation to cover the subsidiaries equilibrium.

Accounting policies

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investment in joint ventures is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis.

Where there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is performed for each individual asset or group of assets. Write-down is made if the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net present value and the value in use less expected costs to sell. The net present value is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the anticipated net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of their useful life.

Receivables

Receivables, which include trade receivables, receivables from group entities and other receivables, are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability at the date of declaration by the annual general meeting.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Accounting policies

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign-exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date.

Cash flow statement

In pursuance of Section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has omitted preparing a cash flow statement as the company's cash flow is included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Ørsted.

Financial highlights

Definitions of financial ratios.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Return on assets | $\frac{\text{Profit/loss before financials} \times 100}{\text{Average assets}}$ |
| Solvency ratio | $\frac{\text{Equity, end of year} \times 100}{\text{Total assets at year-end}}$ |
| Return on equity | $\frac{\text{Profit/loss from ordinary operations after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$ |

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2021</u> TDKK | <u>2020</u> TDKK |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Revenue | | 0 | 0 |
| Other external expenses | | -1.547 | -3.828 |
| Gross profit | | -1.547 | -3.828 |
| Staff costs | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/loss before net financials | | -1.547 | -3.828 |
| Income from investments in joint ventures | | 255.446 | 370.903 |
| Financial costs | 2 | -4.327 | -12.004 |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 249.572 | 355.071 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 3 | -46.112 | -64.350 |
| Profit/loss for the year | | <u>203.460</u> | <u>290.721</u> |
| Distribution of profit | 4 | | |

Balance sheet 31 December

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2021</u> TDKK | <u>2020</u> TDKK |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Investments in joint ventures | 5 | <u>2.429.002</u> | <u>2.878.176</u> |
| Fixed asset investments | | <u>2.429.002</u> | <u>2.878.176</u> |
| Total non-current assets | | <u>2.429.002</u> | <u>2.878.176</u> |
| Receivables from group companies | 6 | 228.499 | 57.244 |
| Other receivables | | <u>0</u> | <u>80.122</u> |
| Receivables | | <u>228.499</u> | <u>137.366</u> |
| Total current assets | | <u>228.499</u> | <u>137.366</u> |
| Total assets | | <u>2.657.501</u> | <u>3.015.542</u> |

Balance sheet 31 December

| | Note | 2021 TDKK | 2020 TDKK |
|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Share capital | | 100.000 | 100.000 |
| Retained earnings | | 1.315.571 | 1.712.111 |
| Proposed dividend for the year | | 600.000 | 0 |
| Equity | 7 | 2.015.571 | 1.812.111 |
| Provision for deferred tax | 8 | 115.168 | 141.314 |
| Total provisions | | 115.168 | 141.314 |
| Deferred income | | 205.086 | 257.178 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 9 | 205.086 | 257.178 |
| Trade payables | | 0 | 6 |
| Payables to group companies | | 200.212 | 685.470 |
| Corporation tax | | 72.128 | 119.463 |
| Other payables | | 49.336 | 0 |
| Total current liabilities | | 321.676 | 804.939 |
| Total liabilities | | 526.762 | 1.062.117 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 2.657.501 | 3.015.542 |
| Subsequent events | 10 | | |
| Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations | 11 | | |
| Related parties and ownership structure | 12 | | |

Statement of changes in equity

| | Share capital | Retained earnings | Proposed dividend for the year | Total |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| | TDKK | TDKK | TDKK | TDKK |
| Equity at 1 January 2021 | 100.000 | 1.712.111 | 0 | 1.812.111 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0 | -396.540 | 600.000 | 203.460 |
| Equity at 31 December 2021 | 100.000 | 1.315.571 | 600.000 | 2.015.571 |

Notes

| | <u>2021</u> TDKK | <u>2020</u> TDKK |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 Staff costs | | |
| Average number of employees | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> |
| <p>The executive board and board of directors have not been paid remuneration.</p> | | |
| 2 Financial costs | | |
| Financial expenses, group companies | <u>4.327</u> | <u>12.004</u> |
| | <u>4.327</u> | <u>12.004</u> |
| 3 Tax on profit/loss for the year | | |
| Current tax for the year | 72.128 | 119.463 |
| Deferred tax for the year | -26.146 | -51.923 |
| Adjustment of tax concerning previous years | <u>130</u> | <u>-3.190</u> |
| | <u>46.112</u> | <u>64.350</u> |
| 4 Distribution of profit | | |
| Proposed dividend for the year | 600.000 | 0 |
| Retained earnings | <u>-396.540</u> | <u>290.721</u> |
| | <u>203.460</u> | <u>290.721</u> |

Notes

| | 2021 TDKK | 2020 TDKK |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| 5 Investments in joint ventures | | |
| Cost at 1 January 2021 | 6.272.115 | 6.272.115 |
| Cost at 31 December 2021 | 6.272.115 | 6.272.115 |
| Revaluations at 1 January 2021 | -3.393.939 | -2.936.224 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 255.446 | 370.903 |
| Dividend to the parent company | -704.620 | -828.618 |
| Revaluations at 31 December 2021 | -3.843.113 | -3.393.939 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2021 | 2.429.002 | 2.878.176 |

Investments in joint ventures are specified as follows:

| Name | Registered office | Ownership interest | Equity | Profit/loss for the year |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Anholt Havvindmøllepark I/S | Fredericia | 50% | 4.831.898 | 508.378 |

6 Receivables from group companies

The company's receivables from group companies includes TDKK 223.283 in a cash pool scheme with the ultimate parent company, Ørsted A/S (2020: TDKK 57.242).

7 Equity

The share capital consists of 1 share of a nominal value of TDKK 100.000. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

Notes

| | <u>2021</u> TDKK | <u>2020</u> TDKK |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 8 Provision for deferred tax | | |
| Provision for deferred tax at 1 January 2021 | 141.314 | 193.237 |
| Deferred tax recognised in income statement | -26.146 | -51.923 |
| Provision for deferred tax at 31 December 2021 | <u>115.168</u> | <u>141.314</u> |

Provisions for deferred tax on:

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 213.712 | 250.150 |
| Other provisions | -98.544 | -108.836 |
| | <u>115.168</u> | <u>141.314</u> |

9 Long term debt

| | <u>Debt at 1 January 2021</u> TDKK | <u>Debt at 31 December 2021</u> TDKK | <u>Instalment next year</u> TDKK | <u>Debt outstanding after 5 years</u> TDKK |
|-----------------|---|---|---|---|
| Deferred income | 257.178 | 205.086 | 0 | 0 |
| | <u>257.178</u> | <u>205.086</u> | <u>0</u> | <u>0</u> |

10 Subsequent events

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Notes

11 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitments

The group's Danish companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on group jointly taxes income, etc. Reference is made to the annual report for Ørsted A/S, the administration company in relation to joint taxation. The group's Danish companies are also jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes on dividends, royalties and interests within the group of jointly taxed entities. Any subsequent corrections to income and withholding taxes may result in an increase in the entities' liability.

The group's Danish entities have joint and several liability for joint VAT registration.

Other contingent liabilities

The company participate at a rate of 50 % in Anholt Havvindmøllepark I/S. The company is jointly and severally liable together with other participants for liabilities relating to agreements entered into. The total debt is TDKK 636.569.

12 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

Ørsted Wind Power Denmark A/S, Kraftværksvej 53, 7000 Fredericia (parent company)

Other related parties

Ørsted A/S (ultimate parent company)

Ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Ørsted Wind Power Denmark A/S