

Connected Wind Services A/S

CVR no. 31 15 62 70

Annual report 2020

The annual report was presented and approved at
the Company's annual general meeting

On 13th of April 2021

Morten Lund

chairman of the annual general meeting

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Connected Wind Services A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Balle, 13th of April 2021
Executive Board:

 Digitally signed by
Oliver Auras
Date: 2021-04-13
09:31:16+02:00

Oliver Auras

 Digitally signed by
Morten Lund
Date: 2021-04-13
08:10:06+02:00

Morten Lund

Board of Directors:

 Digitally signed by Georgios
Nikolaos Stamatelopoulos
Date: 2021-04-13
09:06:34+02:00

Dr. Georgios
Stamatelopoulos
Chairman

 Digitally signed by Dirk Güsewell
Date: 2021-04-13
08:12:29+02:00

Dirk Güsewell

 Digitally signed by Andreas
Mühlig
Date: 2021-04-13 09:01:32+02:00

Andreas Mühlig

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Connected Wind Services A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Connected Wind Services A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (ESBA Code) and additional requirement applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

Independent auditor's report

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 13th of April 2021

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Jes Lauritzen
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne10121



Christian Jøker
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne31471

Management's review

Company details

Connected Wind Services A/S
Nyballevej 8, 8444 Balle

Telephone: 50 80 20 45
Website: www.connectedwind.com
E-mail: info@connectedwind.com

CVR no. 31 15 62 70
Established: 17 December 2007
Registered office: Syddjurs
Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Dr. Georgios Stamatelopoulos
Dirk Güsewell
Andreas Mühlig

Executive Board

Oliver Auras
Morten Lund

Auditor

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Værkmestergade 25, 8100 Aarhus C

Management's review

Financial highlights

DKK'000	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Gross profit/loss	4.970	14.482	14.928	15.690	10.993
Ordinary operating profit/loss	-2.026	-1.509	-987	-3.697	-3.562
Profit/loss from financial income and expenses	-859	-2.163	-1.764	-1.650	-348
Profit/loss for the year	-14.766	-23.969	-56.360	-67.178	-56.233
Total assets	112.925	130.167	120.757	144.111	178.806
Equity	41.602	56.286	23.359	12.086	79.206
Return on equity	-30,2	-42,6	-318,0	-147,2	-52,7
Solvency ratio	36,8	42,7	19,3	8,4	44,2

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the guidelines "Recommendations and Ratios" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts. The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Profit from ordinary activities after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$
Solvency ratio	$\frac{\text{Equity ex. non-controlling interests at year end} \times 100}{\text{Total equity and liabilities at year end}}$

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The company's main activity is to be the holding and management company for companies in Denmark and abroad that are engaged within commerce, industry and production.

Development in activities and financial position

Following a substantial negative result in previous years, Connected Wind Services has in 2020 continued the turn-around activities and has conducted further investments into improving the future performance, including further build up of the newly established subsidiary in France and a general strengthening of the organization. The initiatives taken have shown a continuous improvement in the revenue and profits, however, the net profit is not yet positive.

Profit/loss for the year

The company's activities show a loss for the year of TDKK 14.766 against a loss in 2019 of TDKK 23.969. The loss for 2020 was within the expected range stated in the annual report 2019, however, as the result is negative, the management considers the result unsatisfactory.

The improved performance in 2020 in the service business is expected to continue in 2021 and beyond. Together with an improved equity and committed financing we expect that the company can realize the planning for the coming years.

Capital resources

It is periodically reviewed whether the Group has an adequate capital structure, just like the Board of Directors continually assess whether the Group's capital structure is in accordance with the Group's and its stakeholders' interests. The overall goal is to ensure a capital structure that supports long-term profitable growth. It is Management's assessment that the current capital structure provides the necessary flexibility to deal with the Group's forward-looking strategy.

Outlook

The company expects an increase in operational earnings in 2021 but still a negative result in the range of TDKK 10.000 to TDKK 15.000 due to expected one-off costs. This outlook has been made under the assumption that the company will not experience a significant negative effect of the ongoing Covid-19 virus outbreak.

Events after the balance sheet date

In the first months of 2021, the company has not experienced any significant negative effect of the Covid-19 virus outbreak. However, as the magnitude of the Covid-19 virus outbreak is still uncertain, it is currently not possible for management to assess if the virus outbreak can have a negative effect on the 2021 financial performance. No other significant events have occurred after the end of the financial year, which may influence the assessment of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2020.

Intellectual capital

The most important knowledge resource is the groups employees, who have broad and long-standing experience in service, maintenance, optimization and renovation of wind turbines and components for these.

Management's review

Operating review

Particular risks

The Group's activities are within the manufacturer independent servicing of wind turbines and wind farms and the execution of comprehensive service projects on these. These activities are not immediately affected by the number of newly constructed turbines in Scandinavia or Europe, but rather by the number of turbines that are in operation. It is expected that the number of turbines that will be serviced by independent service providers will increase in the coming years.

The Board of Directors assess on an ongoing basis, together with the Executive Board, the Group's overall risk ratio and adopts guidelines to meet these. The Group manages the financial risks centrally, including coordinated liquidity management and raising capital.

Price risks

The company and group uses materials and spare parts purchased from many different suppliers. The groups activities are not dependent on parts from individual suppliers.

Financial risks

Currency risks

The activities outside Denmark is primarily settled in Euro, why the risk of currency fluctuations is limited. There are no foreign currency contracts that run beyond 12 months and the exposure is therefore limited. Therefore, currency risks are not hedged and the company do not enter into agreements of speculative currency displacements.

Interest rate risks

The interest-bearing debt is at an acceptable level and a moderate change in interest rates will only have a minor impact on earnings. Interest rates have not been hedged.

Credit risks

The company and group gives customers credit according to the market standard. Customers are assessed continuously, and prepayments or credit insurance is used if deemed relevant. Overall, the credit risk is assessed to be low.

Quality, Safety and Environment

It is the Group's goal that the Group's activities are carried out with the greatest possible safety for staff and business partners in mind. This is ensured, among other things, through ongoing training and through the development of skills in the areas of business that the Group serve.

The Group's companies are responsible for the safe, economic and sustainable operation of many wind turbines. Accountability is expressed through, among other things, the continuous quality improvement of the services of Connected Wind Services through quality goals in each entity's ISO 9001 or similar quality system.

The Group's activities are carried out so that staff, the surroundings and the sites of turbines are exposed to the least possible environmental impact. This is ensured by, among other things, continuous development in the use of chemicals and the handling of these. The Group obeys current rules of environment, work environment and work security.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
Gross profit		4.970	14.482
Administrative expenses	3	-6.996	-15.991
Operating loss		-2.026	-1.509
Loss from equity investments in group entities	9	-11.881	-20.297
Financial income	4	949	1.543
Financial expenses	5	-1.808	-3.706
Loss before tax		-14.766	-23.969
Tax on loss for the year	6	0	0
Loss for the year	7	-14.766	-23.969

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	8		
Software		562	1.124
		<u>562</u>	<u>1.124</u>
Investments			
Equity investments in group entities	9	82.583	81.597
Receivables from group entities		28.560	39.827
		<u>111.143</u>	<u>121.424</u>
Total fixed assets		<u>111.705</u>	<u>122.548</u>
Receivables			
Trade receivables		225	0
Receivables from group entities		553	1.107
Prepayments		0	35
		<u>778</u>	<u>1.142</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>442</u>	<u>6.477</u>
Total current assets		<u>1.220</u>	<u>7.619</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u><u>112.925</u></u>	<u><u>130.167</u></u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	10	10.944	10.944
Retained earnings		30.658	45.342
Total equity		<u>41.602</u>	<u>56.286</u>
Provisions			
Provision, investment in group entities	9	1.193	0
Total provisions		<u>1.193</u>	<u>0</u>
Liabilities other than provisions			
Non-current liabilities other than provisions			
Payables to group entities	11	65.329	65.329
Other payables		282	0
		<u>65.611</u>	<u>65.329</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions			
Payables to group entities	11	2.689	6.926
Trade payables		427	158
Other payables		1.403	1.468
		<u>4.519</u>	<u>8.552</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions		<u>70.130</u>	<u>73.881</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u><u>112.925</u></u>	<u><u>130.167</u></u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
Equity at 1 January 2020	10.944	45.342	56.286
Exchange rate adjustment, foreign subsidiary	0	82	82
Transferred over the distribution of loss	0	-14.766	-14.766
Equity at 31 December 2020	<u>10.944</u>	<u>30.658</u>	<u>41.602</u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Connected Wind Services A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C medium-sized entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Omission of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared. The financial statements of Connected Wind Services A/S and group entities are included in the consolidated financial statements of EnBw Energie Baden-Württemberg AG, Durlacher Allee 93, 79131 Karlsruhe.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Upon recognition of foreign subsidiaries which are independent entities, the income statements are translated into Danish kroner at average exchange rates for the month, and balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising upon translation of foreign subsidiaries' opening equity and results at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

Foreign exchange adjustments of balances with independent foreign subsidiaries considered part of the total investment in the subsidiary are recognised directly in equity. Similarly, foreign exchange gains and losses on loans and derivative financial instruments taken out for the purpose of hedging investments in foreign subsidiaries are recognised directly in equity.

Upon recognition of foreign subsidiaries which are integrated entities, monetary items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items are translated at the exchange rates at the date of acquisition or the date of subsequent revaluations of the asset. Income statement items are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date, whereas items derived from non-monetary items are translated at historical exchange rates for the non-monetary item.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services, comprising management fees, is recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement as the services are provided.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred during the year for management and administration of the Company, including expenses for administrative staff, management, office premises, office expenses and depreciation.

Income from equity investments in Group entities

Income from equity investments in Group entities comprises realised capital gains and losses from equity investments in Group entities recognised as investments in the balance sheet.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement at the amount attributable to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity at the amount attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is assessed for Danish tax purposes jointly with domestic Group entities. Foreign subsidiaries are not covered by the joint taxation scheme.

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Software

Software are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Software	3 years
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The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement as administrative expenses.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Equity investments in group entities have been recognised accordingly to the equity method, so that the investments are measured at the pro rata share of the group entities' equity at the beginning of the financial year as well as profit/loss for the financial year are taken to equity.

Group entities with negative net asset values are measured at zero, and any receivable from such entities is written down by the Parent's share of the negative net asset value to the extent deemed irrecoverable. If the negative net asset value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised in provisions to the extent the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the relevant group entity's liabilities.

Acquisition of Group entities are recognised at cost. The difference between the cost price and the asset net value of the acquired company, which appears at the time of establishing the consolidation, is as far as possible allocated to the assets and liabilities whose value is higher or lower than the carrying amount. A remaining positive difference is treated as goodwill and included in the value of investments, which is amortized in the income statement over 20 years. The depreciation period is based on an assessment of the market position, earning profile and expectations of customers loyalty, which within reasonable limits is based on historical data/registrations. Any negative difference setting off an expected cost or unfavourable development is to be recognised in prepayments. The amount is to be recognised in the income statement to the extent the anticipated cost or unfavourable development has been realised.

The total net revaluation of investments in Group entities is allocated via the profit distribution to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributions to the Parent and is adjusted by changes in equity in the Group entities.

Leases

All leases are operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and other leases are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's total obligation relating to operating leases and other leases is disclosed as contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets as well as equity investments in group entities is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised write-downs are reversed when the basis for the write-down no longer exists.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities measured on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to office buildings non-deductible for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at cost, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Finance lease obligation comprise the capitalised residual lease obligation of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Cash flow statement

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

2 Impairment test of goodwill

As normal practice the company has made an impairment test of the recognized goodwill. As the result for 2020 was just below the budget from last year then management has also lowered the expectations for the future cash flow in the impairment test. Despite this then the impairment test did not show any need for additional depreciation. The basis for the impairment test has been a discounted cash flow model including:

- expected growth from turbines owned by the parent company EnBW
- expected growth from investments in new turbines by EnBW
- expected growth from external customers based on organic growth due to investments in new technology/new turbine types
- The valuation model is based on annual revenue growth in the medium-term range of 4-15% and an inflationary growth in the terminal period. This is based on the general expectations of growth in the company's geographic markets, as well as a significant revenue growth from wind turbines owned by the parent company EnBW. The model also uses a discount factor of 5.4% which reflects the current low interest rate level
- The sensitivity of a write-down requirement is primarily related to the company's fulfillment of the current 3-year plan (including budgeted income statement, balance sheet and cash flow for 2021-2023 including underlying strategic actions and value drivers) as well as changes in long-term revenue expectations as well as in the discount factor. However, there must be a significant change in these factors before it will lead to a write-down requirement

Together with the strong financial backing from EnBW the group expect to be able to carry out the plans in the coming year and therefore having a value exceeding the goodwill with a reassuring margin.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

3 Staff costs and incentive schemes

DKK'000	2020	2019
Wages and salaries	2.804	2.287
Pensions	325	271
Other social security costs	19	13
	<u>3.148</u>	<u>2.571</u>
Average number of full-time employees	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>

Pursuant to §98 b(3). of the Danish Financial Statements Act the remuneration of the Company's Board of Directors and Executive Board are not disclosed

4 Financial income

Interest income from group entities	926	1.487
Other interest income	23	56
	<u>949</u>	<u>1.543</u>

5 Financial expenses

Interest expense to group entities	1.747	3.619
Other interest expense	61	87
	<u>1.808</u>	<u>3.706</u>

6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

Current tax for the year	0	0
Deferred tax adjustment for the year	0	0
	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

7 Distribution of loss

Proposed dividend for the financial year	0	0
Retained earnings	-14.766	-23.969
	<u>-14.766</u>	<u>-23.969</u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

8 Intangible assets

DKK'000	Software
Cost at 1 January 2020	1.686
Transferred	0
Cost at 31 December 2020	1.686
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2020	562
Amortisation	562
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2020	1.124
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	562

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

9 Investments

DKK'000	Equity invest- ments in subsidiaries
Cost at 1 January 2020	269.532
Additions	12.369
Disposals	0
Cost at 31 December 2020	281.901
Value adjustments at 1 January 2020	-187.935
Value adjustments for the year	-6.814
Write-down of payables from group entities	416
Depreciations for the year	-4.985
Value adjustments at 31 December 2020	-199.318
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	82.583

Name/legal form	Registere d office	Equity interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/loss for the year DKK'000
Subsidiaries:				
Connected Wind Services Danmark A/S	Syddjurs	100%	12.267	2.678
Connected Wind Services Refurbishment A/S ¹⁾	Syddjurs	100%	-1.268	-416
Connected Wind Services Deutschland GmbH	Rantrum	100%	6.058	-6.982
Sweden Connected Wind Services AB	Falkenberg	100%	3.588	1.118
Connected Wind Services France SAS	Dijon	100%	3.066	0
			23.711	-3.602
Consolidated goodwill			102.792	0
Elimination of group goodwill			-3.294	-3.294
Accumulated depreciation			-41.894	-4.985
Write-down of payables from group entities			75	0
Total			81.390	-11.881

1) Reference is made to explanation for loss in Management's review.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

10 Share capital

The shared capital consists of 10.943.831 shares of nom. DKK 1. The shares have not been divided into classes.

11 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Non-current liabilities other than provisions can be specified as follows:

Payables to group entities

DKK'000

	2020	2019
0-1 years	945	6.926
1-5 years	17.800	17.800
>5 years	47.529	47.529
Total non-current liabilities other than provisions	66.274	72.255

12 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company carries out the daily financing of its subsidiaries through EnBw credit facilities. The Company thus ensures the the individual subsidiaries have the sufficient liquidity to carry out planned activities.

The Company is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed Group companies for tax on consolidated taxable income and for certain withholding taxes such as withholding tax and royalty tax.

Operating lease obligations

The Company has entered into operating leases with a remaining term of 2-5 months and an average monthly lease payments of DKK 2 thousand, totalling DKK 57 thousand including residual payment.

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Notes

13 Related party disclosures

Connected Wind Services A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Control

EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG, Durlacher Allee 93, 76131 Karlsruhe

EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

Connected Wind Services A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG, Karlsruhe, which is the smallest and largest group, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG and the consolidated financial statements of EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG can be obtained on www.EnBWw.com.

Related party transactions

Pursuant to section 98c(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not disclosed related party transactions as these have been carried out on an arm's length basis.