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# **MSM Invest ApS**

Havnen 5 3250 Gilleleje Central Business Registration No 31085772

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 13.06.2018

**Chairman of the General Meeting** 

Name: Michael Søgaard Madsen

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# **Entity details**

### Entity

MSM Invest ApS Havnen 5 3250 Gilleleje

Central Business Registration No: 31085772 Founded: 29.11.2007 Registered in: Gribskov Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

### **Executive Board**

Michael Søgaard Madsen

### Bank

Danske Bank Østergade 8-10 3200 Helsinge

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of MSM Invest ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Gilleleje, 13.06.2018

### **Executive Board**

Michael Søgaard Madsen

### Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of MSM Invest ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MSM Invest ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

### Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability
  to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 13.06.2018

### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Jan Larsen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne16541

### **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The Company's primart activity consists in holding shaes in subsidiaries.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The Company's profit/loss has not been satisfactory in the financial year.

The Company expects that the result for the year 2018 will be positiv.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2017**

	Notes	2017 DKK	2015 DKK
Gross loss		(10.000)	(10.000)
Income from investments in associates Other financial income Other financial expenses <b>Profit/loss before tax</b>	1	(160.647) 75.762 (15.999)	306.775 75.013 (15.048)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(110.884) (11.331)	<b>356.740</b> (11.066)
Profit/loss for the year Proposed distribution of profit/loss Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to		(122.215)	<b>345.674</b> 306.775
the equity method Retained earnings		<u>38.431</u> (122.215)	38.899 <b>345.674</b>

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

		2017	2015
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in associates		12.453.308	12.613.955
Receivables from associates		7.390.000	7.390.000
Fixed asset investments	3	19.843.308	20.003.955
Fixed assets		19.843.308	20.003.955
Receivables from associates		262.009	186.246
Income tax receivable		1.000	0
Receivables		263.009	186.246
Cash		4.618	5.617
Current assets		267.627	191.863
Assets		20.110.935	20.195.818

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK	2015 DKK
Contributed capital Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity		125.000 10.958.057	125.000 11.118.703
method Retained earnings <b>Equity</b>		8.525.555	8.487.124
Equity		19.608.612	19.730.827
Income tax payable		11.000	7.066
Other payables		491.323	457.925
Current liabilities other than provisions		502.323	464.991
Liabilities other than provisions		502.323	464.991
Equity and liabilities		20.110.935	20.195.818

Contingent liabilities

4

# Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125.000	11.118.703	8.487.124	19.730.827
Profit/loss for the year	0	(160.646)	38.431	(122.215)
Equity end of year	125.000	10.958.057	8.525.555	19.608.612

## Notes

2017	2015
ДКК	DKK
75.762	75.013
75.762	75.013
2017	2015
DKK	DKK
11.000	11.066
331	0
11.331	11.066
Investment	Receivables
s in	from
associates	associates
DKK	DKK
1.495.252	7.390.000
1.495.252	7.390.000
	0
(160.647)	0
10.958.056	0
	 75.762 75.762 75.762 2017 DKK 11.000 331 11.331 11.331 11.331 Investment s in associates DKK 1.495.252 1.495.252 1.495.252 1.495.252

			Equity
		Corpo-	inte-
		rate	rest
	Registered in	form	%
Investments in associates comprise:			
Hyperbaric Consult A/S	Gribskov	A/S	50,0

## Notes

	2017	2015
	DKK	DKK
4. Contingent liabilities		
Other contingent liabilities	7.390.000	5.000.000
Hereof contingent liabilities to associates	7.390.000	5.000.000

The company has issued a withdrawal declaration on its receivable behalf at the associated company Hyperbaric Consult A/S against the associated company's balance with the bank.

### **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Income statement**

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

### Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss after elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Accounting policies**

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### Balance sheet

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the associates' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised pro rata intra-group profits and losses

Associates with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant associate, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in associates is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in associates are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax