

Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S Annual Report 2018

Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S Ostbanegade 135, DK-2100 Copenhagen 0 Denmark

CVR-nr. 31 06 65 06

The Annual report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 20/5 2019

Lars Sommer Hansen Dirigent Chairman This page is intentionally left blank.

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Management's Statement

The Management and Board of Directors considered and approved the Annual Report of Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2018 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2018.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 15th May 2019

Management

Lars Sommer Hansen Admin Director CEO Dorte Birkebæk Director Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Torben Thomsen Chairman Frank Reichelt

Sabine Baechler

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 15 May 2019 **PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Jesper Edelbo State Authorised Public Accountant mne-nr. 10901 Peter Nissen State Authorised Public Accountant mne-nr. 33260

Company Information

The Company

Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S Ostbanegade 135 DK-2100 Kobenhavn 0

Telephone: +45 33979593 Telefax: +45 33979412

CVR No: 31 06 65 06

Financial Period: 1 January – 31 December Municipality of registered office: Copenhagen

Board of Directors

Torben Thomsen, Chairman Frank Reichelt Sabine Baechler

Management

Lars Sommer Hansen Dorte Birkebæk

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Management Review

The Financial Statements of Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S for 2018 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The Annual Report has been prepared under the same accounting policies as last year.

Main activity

The Objective of the Company is to act as Services Company with respect to affiliated companies, including secondment of employees in connection with affiliated companies, outsourcing of staff and administration, and activities related thereto.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2018 shows a profit of DKK 1,503,373. The profit of the Company was mainly driven by a mark-up applied from the beginning of 2018 as a result of a new model for Intra-group Service Recharges.

Total assets increased by DKK 3,095,448, mainly driven by an increase in corporation tax of DKK 5,586,306 and an increase in receivables from group enterprises of DKK 3,033,506, partially offset by a decrease in cash at bank of DKK 2,602,317, a decrease in other receivables of DKK 1,719,116 and a decrease in prepayment of DKK 609,803.

Total liabilities increased by DKK 1,592,075, driven by an increase in other payables of DKK 876,547 and an increase in payables from group enterprises of DKK 715,528.

Shareholder's equity increased by DKK 1,503,373 which represents a current profit for 2018.

Subsequent events

Subsequent events for the current reporting period have been evaluated up to 15 May 2019. This is the date on which the financial statements are available to be issued.

Income Statement

For the period dated 1 January 2018 until 31 December 2018

DKK	Notes	2018	2017
Revenue		74600836	77842885
Other external expenses		-15829620	-6405078
Gross Profit		58 771 216	71 437 807
Staff expenses	1	-56 047 621	-71 265 274
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant and equipment		-429041	-399898
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		2294554	-227364
Financial income		204519	751 744
Financial expenses		-269684	-524380
Profit/loss before tax		2229389	0
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-726016	-35954
Net profit/loss for the year		1503373	-35954

Distribution of profit/loss

DKK	2018	2017
Distribution of profit/loss	1503373	-35954
Proposed dividend for the year	0	0
Allocation to retained earnings	1503373	-35954

Balance Sheet

as of 31 December 2018

Assets

DKK No	tes 2018	2017
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	670566	999362
Property, plant and equipment	670 566	999362
Other assets	747 948	733 274
Fixed assets investments	747 948	733 274
Fixed assets	1418514	1732636
Receivables from group enterprises	25395343	22361837
Other receivables	216 520	1935636
Deferred tax asset	971 290	1 250 297
Corporation tax	5781028	194722
Prepayment	40 171	649 974
Receivables	32404352	26 392 465
Cash at bank and in hand	811 104	3 413 421
Current assets	33 215 456	29805886
Assets	34633970	31 538 522

Liabilities and shareholder's equity

DKK	Notes	2018	2017
Share capital		1000000	1000000
Share premium account		9000000	9000000
Retained earnings		2 183 821	680448
Equity		12 183 821	10680448
Payables from group enterprises		715 528	0
Other payables		21 734 621	20858074
Total short-term liabilities		22450149	20858074
Total liabilities		22450149	20858074
Liabilities and equity		34633970	31 538 522

Statement of Changes in Equity

		Share premium		
DKK	Share Capital	account	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January				
	1000000	9000000	680448	10680448
Allocation of net profit/loss for the year	0	0	1503373	1503373
Equity at 31 December	1000000	9000000	2 183 821	12 183 821

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Staff Expenses

DKK	2018	2017
Staff Expenses		
Wages and salaries	49 115 471	63 946 690
Pensions	6644042	7 183 310
Other social security costs	288 108	135 274
Total	56047621	71 265 274
Average number of employees	30	31

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

DKK	2018	2017
Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Deferred tax for the year	279 007	34986
Tax on profit for the current year	437 972	0
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	9037	968
Total	726016	35954

3 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

DKK	2018	2017
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations		
Future lease payments ¹		
Within 1 year	1 921 274	1854956
Between 1 and 5 years	2002574	3672478
Total	3923848	5 5 2 7 4 3 3

¹Rent of building, car leases

Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly liable for the consolidated liability in company taxes for all the taxed entities in accordance with applicable tax laws.

4 Related parties and ownership

Controlling interest

Swiss Re Ltd 50/60 Mythenquai, 8002 Zurich, Switzerland

Ultimate parent company

Swiss Re Europe S.A. 2A, Rue albert Borschette, L-1246 Luxembourg,

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Parent company

5 Significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The Annual Report of Swiss Re Denmark Services A/S for financial year 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are unchanged from the previous year.

The Financial Statements for the financial period 2018 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the date of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the date of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-ofcompletion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the year. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Company. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with group related entities in Denmark. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

- Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-10 years.
- Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.
- Assets costing less than DKK 12,800 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments consist of deposit for rent.

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions or estimated bad debts are made.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

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