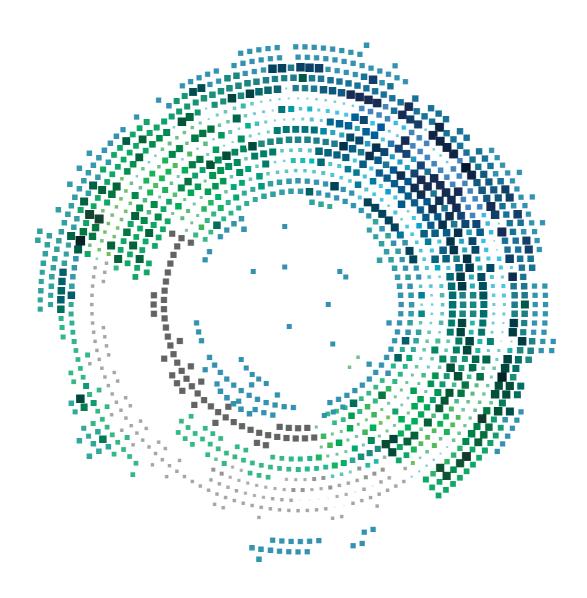
Deloitte.



K/S SCE Solar Borna 2007

Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. 1114 København K CVR No. 31050170

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 20.05.2020

Jan Andresen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

K/S SCE Solar Borna 2007 Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. 1114 København K

CVR No.: 31050170

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Hanno Schoklitsch Esben Paaske-Sørensen Henning Vestergaard Bodilsen

Executive Board

Hanno Schoklitsch, adm. dir

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Allé 4 6000 Kolding

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of K/S SCE Solar Borna 2007 for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 15.05.2020

Executive Board

Hanno Schoklitsch

adm. dir

Board of Directors

Hanno Schoklitsch

Esben Paaske-Sørensen

Henning Vestergaard Bodilsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of K/S SCE Solar Borna 2007

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of K/S SCE Solar Borna 2007 for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Kolding, 15.05.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Lars Ørum Nielsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne26771

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company and the Group is, directly or indirectly, to own erect and operate solar plants in Germany and related activities.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The profit for the year amounted to EUR 423k. At 31.12.2019 the equity amounts to EUR 4.472k.

Income statement for 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Gross profit/loss		25,224	26,834
Income from investments in group enterprises		465,610	541,694
Other financial expenses	1	(67,570)	(50,561)
Profit/loss before tax		423,264	517,967
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(11)	(11)
Profit/loss for the year		423,253	517,956
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		423,253	517,956
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		423,253	517,956

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

	Notes	2019 EUR	2018 EUR
Investments in group enterprises		6,927,213	7,376,524
Other financial assets	3	6,927,213	7,376,524
Fixed assets		6,927,213	7,376,524
Other receivables		0	2,447
Receivables		0	2,447
Cash		74,504	51,853
Current assets		74,504	54,300
Assets		7,001,717	7,430,824

Equity and liabilities

		2019	2018
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Contributed capital	4	5,589,805	5,589,805
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		1,422,687	1,871,998
Reserve for non-paid contributed capital		(2,780,000)	(2,080,000)
Retained earnings		239,377	(633,187)
Equity		4,471,869	4,748,616
Payables to group enterprises		2,527,348	1,749,767
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	5	2,527,348	1,749,767
Payables to group enterprises		0	929,941
Other payables		2,500	2,500
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,500	932,441
Liabilities other than provisions		2,529,848	2,682,208
Equity and liabilities		7,001,717	7,430,824

Group relations 6

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital EUR	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	Reserve for non-paid contributed capital EUR	Retained earnings EUR	Total EUR
Equity beginning of year	5,589,805	1,871,998	(2,080,000)	(633,187)	4,748,616
Dividends from group enterprises	0	(914,921)	0	914,921	0
Transfer to reserves	0	0	(700,000)	0	(700,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	465,610	0	(42,357)	423,253
Equity end of year	5,589,805	1,422,687	(2,780,000)	239,377	4,471,869

Notes

1 Other financial expenses

1 Other financial expenses			
		2019	2018
		EUR	EUR
Financial expenses from group enterprises		64,550	48,645
Financial expenses from associates		81	466
Other interest expenses		2,939	1,450
		67,570	50,561
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year			
		2019	2018
<u></u>		EUR	EUR
Current tax		11	11
		11	11
3 Financial assets			
		I	nvestments in
		_	group
			enterprises
			EUR
Cost beginning of year			5,504,526
Cost end of year			5,504,526
Revaluations beginning of year			1,871,998
Share of profit/loss for the year			465,610
Dividend			(914,921)
Revaluations end of year			1,422,687
Carrying amount end of year			6,927,213
			Equity
Investments in subsidiaries	Domintowed in	Corporate	interest
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	form	100
SCE Solar Borna GmbH & Co. KG	Germany	KG	100
4 Share capital			
			Nominal
			value
		Number	EUR
Ordinary shares		5,589,805	5,589,805
		5,589,805	5,589,805

The General partner of the company is SCE Solar Borna 2007 Komplementaranpartsselskab.

5 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

5 Non-current habilities other than provisions	
	Due after
	more than 12
	months
	2019
	EUR
Payables to group enterprises	2,527,348
	2,527,348

6 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Kaiserwetter Solar Invest ApS, Kronprinsensgade 1, 3. sal, 1114 Copenhagen K.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The annual report is presented in EUR.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including stationery and office supplies etc.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The K/S is not a tax subject, as taxation is applied directly on the investors. There are no danish actual or deferred taxes in the annual report. The companys payment of any foreign taxes on behalft of the investors is expended as tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities.

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.