Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS CVR no. 30986261 Købmagergade 60, 1. tv. 1150 Copenhagen K Denmark

Annual report for the period ended 31 December 2020

Adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 08 July 2021

Chairman Marc Sesterhenn

Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Contents	Page
Company details	3
Statement by the Management on the annual report	4
Independent auditor's report	5
Management's review	7
Accounting policies	8
Financial statements:	
Income statement	11
Balance sheet	12
Notes to the financial statements	13

Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS CVR no. 30986261

Annual report 2020

Company details

Company: Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS

CVR no: 30986261

Established: 15.09.2007

c/o TMF Denmark A/S, Købmagergade 60, 1. tv. 1150 Copenhagen K Denmark Registered address:

Directors: Marc Sesterhenn

Auditor: **KPMG**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Statement by the Management on the annual report

Today the Directors have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS for the year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Management's Review includes in our opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General meetings.

Copenhagen, 08 July 2021

Directors:

Marc Sesterhern

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Company Portfolio Rhen Ruhr ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020, comprising income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 08 July 2021

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Morten Høgh-Petersen

Mich ffl. PC

State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no. 34283

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Management's review

Principal Activities of the Company

The company's principal activities are to invest in real estate and to, directly or indirectly, carry on other activities related thereto in the management's opinion.

Development in the Company's activities and financial matters

The company's income statement for 2020 shows a loss of EUR 476,399 and the company's balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows a negative equity of EUR 2,804,252.

The directors Dannie Wai and Magnus Glissmann Bojer-Larsen are replaced with director Marc Sesterhenn.

During 2020, ownership changed from Grand City Property S.A. to Peach Property Group (Deutschland) AG.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic was immaterial on the company.

Significant events after the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events after the balance sheet date.

Going concern

Considering the financial standing reported in the financial statements we must report that the company's share capital has decreased by more than 50 % of the registered share capital. The parent company has subordinated loans to ensure the company's continued operations and allows the company to pay external liabilities as they fall due.

The directors have assessed the company's balances activities and ability to continue as going concern and fulfil future liabilities. We conclude that the company will be able to fulfil future liabilities and has prepared the financial statements for 2020 based on a going concern assumption.

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Accounting policies

The annual report of Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with additional choice of rules relating to reporting class C.

Going forward, the residual value of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment must be reassessed on an ongoing basis. Pursuant to the transition provisions of the Act, any adjustments to residual values must be made prospectively as an accounting estimate without restatement of comparative figures and without effect on equity.

Apart from the above, the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last vear.

The annual report has been presented in EUR.

General about recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as and when it is earned, including recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Any costs, including depreciation, amortisation and writedown, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

The initial recognition measures assets and liabilities at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described in the following for each item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, recognising a constant effective interest over the term. Amortised cost is stated at initial cost less any deductions and with addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount.

The recognition and measurement takes into account predictable losses and risks arising before the year-end reporting and which prove or disprove matters that existed at the balance sheet date.

INCOME STATEMENT

Rental income

Rental income and expenses have been accrued to cover the period up to the end of the financial year. External expenses include property costs and administration. Payments charged to cover heating are not included in rental income.

Revenue is aggregated with costs in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Operating expenses

Operating costs include all costs related to the operation of the property, including taxes and charges, insurances and maintenance when these costs are not covered by tenant

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from investments in financial assets, debt and transactions in foreign currencies. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax on profit for the year

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that can be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that can be attributed to entries directly to the equity.

The company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiary enterprises. The current Danish corporation tax is distributed between the jointly taxed Danish companies in proportion to their taxable income, and with full distribution with refund regarding taxable losses. The jointly taxed companies are included in the tax-on-account scheme.

_

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Accounting policies

BALANCE SHEET

Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and write-down. Land is not depreciated.

The cost includes the acquisition price and costs incurred directly in connection with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be used.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of an assessment of the expected useful lives of the assets and their residual value as follows:

Buildings Depreciation period – 40 years Residual value – 0%

Profit or loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets is stated as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the time of sale. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

An impairment test is made for property, plant and equipment if there are indications of decreases in value. The impairment t est is made for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in us e and the net selling price of the asset or group of assets (recoverable amount) if it is lower than the carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Receivables

Write-down is made for bad debt losses when there is an objective indication that a receivable or a receivable portfolio has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual hasis

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by write -down to meet expected losses.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated costs of 2020. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of past events, the Company has a legal or a contructive obligation, and it is probable that there may be outflow of resources embodying economic benefits to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at value in use.

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is changed into current tax. A change in the deferred tax, which is a result of changes to tax rates, is recognised in the income statement with the exception of items that are taken directly to equity.

Other liabilites

Other liabilities mainly consists of deposits received from tenants.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to nominal value.

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Accounting policies

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Accounts receivable, payable and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

. .

Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Income statement

		Period ended		
	Notes	12/31/2020 EUR	12/31/2019 EUR	
Gross profit		185,411	65,139	
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	1	(310,423)	(310,423)	
Operating profit/loss		(125,012)	(245,284)	
Other financial income Other financial expenses	3 4	1,106 (352,493)	1,994 (360,951)	
Loss before tax		(476,399)	(604,241)	
Loss for the year	=	(476,399)	(604,241)	
Proposed loss distribution				
Retained earnings		(476,399)	(604,241)	
Loss for the year	<u> </u>	(476,399)	(604,241)	

Portfolio Rhein Ruhr ApS CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Balance sheet

	_	As at 12/31/2020	As at 12/31/2019
Assets Non-current assets	Notes	EUR	EUR
Land and buildings	1	11,684,407	11,994,830
Prepayments	•	234,637	207,308
Receivables from group enterprises		-	136,567
Total non-current assets		11,919,044	12,338,705
Current assets			
Trade receivables		144,050	259,468
Other receivables		906,386	807,017
	_	1,050,436	1,066,485
Cash and cash equivalents		324,234	83,859
Total current assets		1,374,670	1,150,344
Total Assets	_	13,293,714	13,489,049
Equity and liabilities			
Equity	5		
Share capital Retained earnings		21,000 (2,825,252)	21,000 (2,348,853)
Netailled earnings		(2,023,232)	(2,340,033)
Total equity	·	(2,804,252)	(2,327,853)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities Other liabilities		234,637	207,308
Payables to group enterprises		14,895,610	14,619,680
Total non-current liabilities		15,130,247	14,826,988
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		10,145	5,354
Other payables		587	861
Prepayments Deferred income		780,407 62,641	793,955
Provisions		113,939	189,744 -
Total current liabilities		967,719	989,914
Total liabilities		16,097,966	15,816,902
Total Equity and Liabilities	_	13,293,714	13,489,049

Additional disclosures;

- Employees 2- Contingent liabilities 6- Ownership 7

CVR no. 30986261 Annual report 2020

Notes to the financial statements

1 Land and buildings

Cost At 1 January 2020 At 31 December 2020		12,926,341 12,926,341
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2020 Depreciation for the year At 31 December 2020		(931,511) (310,423) (1,241,934)
Carrying amount At 1 January 2020 At 31 December 2020		11,994,830 11,684,407
		11,684,407
2 Employees	2020 EUR	2019 EUR
Average number of employees	0	0
	0	0
3 Other financial income	2020 EUR	2019 EUR
Group enterprises	1,106	1,994
	1,106	1,994
4 Other financial expenses	2020 EUR	2019 EUR
Group enterprises Other interest expenses	(347,595) (4,898)	(356,292) (4,659)
	(352,493)	(360,951)
5 Equity	2020 EUR	2019 EUR
Share capital	(21,000)	(21,000)
Retained earnings	2,348,853	1,744,612
Transfer from loss for the year	476,399	604,241
Retained earnings at 31 December 2020	2,825,252	2,348,853
Equity at 31 December 2020	2,804,252	2,327,853

The company has lost its share capital. Management has assessed that this will be reestablished through future operations, and that the company with financing from the Group has sufficient liquidity for operations.

6 Contingent liabilities

The company was subject to joint taxation in the accounting year. The company is jointly and severally liable together with the other jointly taxed group companies for the total tax liability of the joint taxation arrangement for the accounting year.

7 Ownership

The company is 100% owned by Peach Property Group (Deutschland) AG, Cologne, Germany.

The company is included in the consolidated accounts for Peach Property Group AG, Switzerland, which is the company's ultimate parent company. The consolidated accounts can be requested at the company's address or found on the company's web page:https://www.peachproperty.com/.

* * 1