

## Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S

Central Business Registration No 30908848
Kongens Nytorv 8
1050 Copenhagen
Denmark

**ANNUAL REPORT 2016/2017** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 19. December 2017

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Christoph Niewerth



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### **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S Kongens Nytorv 8 1050 Copenhagen K

Central Business Registration No.: 30908848

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial Year: 01.07.2016 - 30.06.2017

### **Board of Directors**

Christoph Niewerth (Chairman)
Klaus Peter Breitschopf
James Hilton

### **Executive Board**

Klaus Peter Breitschopf

### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup



### Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 June 2017 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 19. December 2017

#### **Executive Board**

Klaus Peter Breitschopf

### **Supervisory Board**

Christoph Niewerth Chairman James Hilton

Klaus Peter Breitschopf

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2017, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes ("financial statements").

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
  fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellrup, 19. December 2017 PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Jan Wright State Authorised Public Accountant Thomas Lauritsen State Authorised Public Accountant



### Management's Review

### **Primary activities**

The primary activities of Hays specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S is the recruitment of specialists for permanent positions and for temporary assignments as subcontractors (contracting).

### **Development in activities and finances**

Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S has been operating in Denmark for nine years now. The organizational structure is set up to serve client's requirements in dedicated skill areas (specialisms) and contract types (Permanent Recruiting and Contracting).

All consultants have thorough academic qualifications and practical experiences in their chosen field, together with a solid recruiting knowhow. In the Fiscal Year 2016/2017, we have focused on keeping the Permanent Business on a stable level while investing in the Contracting Business.

After being profitable the first time in Fiscal Year 2015/2016 Hays Denmark had got a tough year to reach break-even. The loss for Fiscal Year 2016/2017 amounted to DKK 128.744 (prior year: profit DKK 3.154.176).

Maturity of organization and sales operations was behind expectations. Operations with 14 FTE was still below critical mass.

A lower Permanent Business productivity combined with a strong decline in the Contracting Business led to loss making.

Therefore, an action and business plan was set up.

The objective is to build up a more resilient structure and less dependency on key players. Strategy will be "Coach Perm, Keep Coaching Contracting while bringing two experienced hires or young leaders from competition, build critical mass to avoid volatility".

From a financial perspective the plan is to be profitable again in Q2 Fiscal Year 2017/2018.

#### Events after balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which influence the evaluation of the annual report.



### **Accounting policies**

#### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises, as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The Financial Statements are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and Measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortized cost are recognized. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognized in the income statement, including depreciation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognized in the income statement.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the entity and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to the initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies hat have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.



### **Income statement**

### **Gross profit or loss**

The items revenue, cost of sales, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called Gross Profit or Loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Revenue

Revenue from sale of services is recognized in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the company. Revenue is recognized net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs of sales for the financial year measured at cost.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognized in current assets.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions etc. for entity staff.

#### **Depreciation and impairment losses**

Depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortization, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated based on the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing.

### Other financial expense

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign



currencies, amortization of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in the equity.

#### **Balance Sheet**

### Intellectual property rights etc.

Intellectual property rights etc. comprise development projects completed and in progress with related intellectual property rights, acquired intellectual property rights and prepayments for intangible assets.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortization. Patents are amortised over their remaining duration and licenses are amortized over the term of the agreement but over no more than 20 years.

Intellectual property rights etc. are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.



#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost, usually equaling nominal values less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### **Equity**

#### Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes based on the intended use of asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realized, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognized in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognized in equity.

### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the onaccount taxation scheme are recognized in the income statement in financial income and expenses.



### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### **Operating leases**

Lease payments on operating leases are recognized on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of lease.



# Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S

Income Statement for 2016/20177	Notes	2016/2017	2015/2016
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		9.453.362	11.879.572
Staff costs	1	-9.312.233	-8.516.080
Depreciation and impairment losses	2	-148.656	-130.525
Operating profit / loss		-7.527	3.232.967
Other financial Expenses	3	-121.217	-78.791
Profit / Loss before tax		-128.744	3.154.176
Tax on profit / loss for the year		0	0
Profit / Loss for the year	_	-128.744	3.154.176
Proposed distribution of profit / loss			
		-128.744	3.154.176
Retained earnings		-128.744	3.154.176



## Hays Specialist Recruitment (Denmark) A/S

Balance Sheet 30 June 2017	Notes	2016/2017	2015/2016
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Acquired intangible assets Intangible assets	4	0 <b>0</b>	0 <b>0</b>
Other fixtures, and fittings, tools and equipment Property, plant and equipment	5	403.464 <b>403.464</b>	241.668 <b>241.668</b>
Fixed Assets		403.464	241.668
Current Receivables			
Trade receivables		6.902.540	12.145.487
Receivables from Group Enterprises		224.830	11.644
Other short-term receivables		687.660	680.696
Prepayments		191.331	129.471
Current Receivables	_	8.006.361	12.967.298
Cash		2.566.487	4.704.329
Current Assets		10.572.848	17.671.627
Assets	_	10.976.312	17.913.295
Liabilities			
Equity			
Contributed Capital		1.004.000	1.004.000
Retained Earnings		2.605.190	2.733.934
Equity	6	3.609.190	3.737.934
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables		3.040.740	4.744.667
Payables to group enterprises		2.112.179	5.000.706
Other payables		2.214.204	4.429.988
Current liabilities other than provisions		7.367.123	14.175.361
Liabilities other than provisions		7.367.123	14.175.361
Equity and liabilities		10.976.312	17.913.295



# Statement of changes in equity for 2016/2017

	Contributed Capital DKK	Retained Earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	1.004.000	2.733.934	3.737.934
Profit/Loss for the year	0	-128.744	-128.744
Equity end of year	1.004.000	2.605.190	3.609.190



### **Notes**

	2016/2017	2015/2016
	DKK	DKK
1. Staff Costs		
Wages and salaries	8.117.379	7.571.121
Pension costs	735.047	600.094
Other social security costs	392.909	330.411
Other staff costs	66.898	14.454
	9.312.233	8.516.080

Average number of employees 30 June 2017: 24 (30 June 2016: 19)

	2016/2017 DKK	2015/2016 DKK
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	148.656	130.525
	148.656	130.525
	2016/2017	2015/2016
	DKK	DKK
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	25.559	32.411
Exchange rate adjustments	95.636	46.355
Other financial expenses	22	25
	121.217	78.791



		2016/2017 Acquired intangible assets DKK
4. Intangible assets		
Cost beginning of the year		274.328
Cost end of year		274.328
Impairment losses beginning of year		-274.328
Impairment losses beginning of year		-274.328
Carrying amount end of year		0
		2016/2017
		Other fixtures and
		fittings,
		tools and equipment
5. Duamanta, whent and assistances		DKK
5. Property, plant and equipment		1.102.664
Cost beginning of the year Additions		310.452
Cost end of year		1.413.116
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year		-860.996
Depreciation of the year		-148.656
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year		-1.009.652
Carrying amount end of year		403.464
	Number	Nominal Value
<u> </u>		DKK
6. Contributed Capital	4 00 4 00 5	4 00 4 00 0
Ordinary Shares	1.004.000	1.004.000
	1.004.000	1.004.000



By conversion of debt, the following capital increase have been implemented over the past five financial years:

On 21 September 2015, a capital increase was implemented in the amount of DKK 1,000 at a price of DKK 700,000.

On 24 March 2015, a capital increase was implemented in the amount of DKK 1,000 at a price of DKK 5,900,000.

On 31 May 2013, a capital increase was implemented in the amount of DKK 1,000 at a price of DKK 9,000,000.

On 23 December 2012, a capital increase was implemented in the amount of DKK 1,000 at a price of DKK 5,952,000.

### 7. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

The company has entered into rental agreements which can be terminated with 6 month notice. The commitment in the termination period amounts to DKK 742k (30 June 2016: DKK 1.568k).

### 8. Contingent assets

The entity has unrecognized deferred tax assets of approximately DKK 4 million.

### 9. Related parties with control

Hays Holding GmbH, Willy-Brandt-Platz 1-3, 68161 Mannheim, Germany, wholly owns the shares of the entity and thus has control of the entity.

### 10. Ownership

The company has registered that the following shareholders hold more than 5% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

Hays Holding GmbH, Willy-Brandt-Platz 1-3, 68161 Mannheim, Germany

#### 11. Consolidation

Name and registered office of the parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Hays plc., 4th floor Central Wing, 250 Euston Road, London NW1 2AF, UK