ZAPPS PROPERTIES ApS

Bredgade 3, 3 1260 København K

Annual report 1 January 2018 - 31 December 2018

The annual report has been presented and approved on the company's general meeting the

14/06/2019

Stefano James Oragano Chairman of general meeting

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Company information

Reporting company

ZAPPS PROPERTIES ApS Bredgade 3, 3 1260 København K

CVR-nr:30830350Reporting period:01/01/2018 - 31/12/2018

Statement by Management

The Management has today presented the Annual Report for 2018 of Zapps Properties ApS.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018, and the results for the financial period 1 January - 31 December 2018. Also, we believe that the Management report contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

The Annual Report is submitted for adoption by the General Meeting.

Management considers the conditions for opting out of audit to be met.

, the

Management

Stathis Lemis

Management's Review

Principal activities

The Company's object is to conduct trade and financial activities, including the acquisition of and investment in share capital as a holding company in Danish and foreign companies, and any other similar business in accordance with the decision of the management board, including investment in real estate. The purpose can be conducted indirectly or directly in other companies.

Financial development

The Company considers the results for the year to be in line with expectation.

The parent company Strydom Investments Co. Ltd. has issued a letter of intent from which it appears that financial support will be granted for the foreseeable future, if necessary.

Restoring the share capital

The Company has lost all of the share capital and is therefore subject to the capital rules §119 at Danish companies Act. The Management believes that during 2019 the equity will be restored through potential restructuring of the group.

Events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the year-end of the financial year that may have a significant impact on the financial position of the Company

Accounting Policies

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the regulation applying to Reporting class B.

GENERAL

Income is recognised in the income statement as and when it is earned, including recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Any costs, including depreciation, amortisation and impairment, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will accrue to the Company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is likely that future economic benefits will not accrue to the Company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

The initial recognition measures assets and liabilities at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described in the following for each item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, recognising a constant yield to maturity. Amortised cost is stated at initial cost less any deductions and with addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation on the difference between cost and nominal amount.

The recognition and measurement takes into account predictable losses and risks arising before the year-end reporting and which prove or disprove matters that existed at the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of intangible and tangible fixed assets should be estimated annually to determine if there is any indication of impairment in excess of the amount reflected by normal amortisation or depreciation. If this is the case, write-down should be made to the lower recoverable amount.

The Annual Report has been prepared in EUR.

INCOME STATEMENT

Administrative and external expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred during the year for management and administration. Also in this items are write-downs for bad debt losses.

Financial income and financial expenses

Financial income and financial expenses include interest, financial expenses in connection with capital leases, realised and unrealised exchange rate gains and losses of securities, loans and transactions in foreign currencies, write-off of financial assets and financial commitments, and on account transactions, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Dividend from investments is recognised as income in the year the dividend is declared.

Tax for the year

The tax for the year consists of the current tax. The tax relating to the results is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax directly relating to equity entries is taken directly to equity

BALANCE SHEET

Financial non-current assets

Investments in group companies are measured at acquisition cost. Under circumstances where the

acquisition cost exceeds the net realisable value, then the value of the investments is written down to the lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost. The value will be reduced by the provision for bad debts.

Dividends

Dividends that are expected to be paid during the year are shown as a separate item in equity after decision at the Annual General Meeting.

Current tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax of taxable income for the financial year adjusted for the tax paid in previous years and paid tax on account.

Deferred tax is measured on all temporary differences arising between the tax values of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination against tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. A change in the deferred tax, which is a result of changes to tax rates, is recognised in the income statement with the exception of items that are taken directly to equity.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds net of loan expenses incurred. In the subsequent periods the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value by using the effective yield method in order for the difference between the proceeds and the redemption value to be recognised in the income statement over the period of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost corresponding substantially to nominal value.

Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates approximating those in effect at the date of each transaction. Exchange rate differences arising between the transaction date rates and the rates at the date of payment are recognised under financial income and expenses in the income statement. When exchange rate transactions are considered as hedging of future cash flows, the adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign exchange not settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the average of the buy and sell exchange rates available at the close of business on the balance sheet date. Differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised under financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement 1 Jan 2018 - 31 Dec 2018

	Disclosure	2018	2017
		EUR	EUR
Administrative expenses		-8,769	-9,171
Gross Result		-8,769	-9,171
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities		-8,769	-9,171
Other finance income	1	52,340	39,954
Other finance expenses	2	-547,529	-541,227
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax		-503,958	-510,444
Tax expense		0	0
Profit (loss)		-503,958	-510,444
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-503,958	-510,444
Proposed distribution of profit (loss)		-503,958	-510,444

Balance sheet 31 December 2018

Assets

	Disclosure	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Investments in group enterprises		19,200,000	19,200,000
Investments	3	19,200,000	19,200,000
Non-current assets		19,200,000	19,200,000
Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables		3,163,011 3,750	2,558,996 3,750
Receivables		3,166,761	2,562,746
Cash and cash equivalents		21	30
Current assets		3,166,782	2,562,776
Total assets		22,366,782	21,762,776

Balance sheet 31 December 2018

Liabilities and equity

	Disclosure	2018	2017
		EUR	EUR
Contributed capital		17,000	17,000
Retained earnings		-10,293,066	-9,789,109
Total equity		-10,276,066	-9,772,109
Payables to group enterprises		32,639,348	31,531,385
Other payables		3,500	3,500
Short-term liabilities		32,642,848	31,534,885
Liabilities		32,642,848	31,534,885
Liabilities and equity, gross		22,366,782	21,762,776

1. Other finance income

	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Interest income from related companies	52,340	39,954
	52,340	39,954

2. Other finance expenses

	EUR	EUR
Interest expense to related companies	-547,529	-541,227
	-547,529	-541,227

3. Investments

	EUR	EUR
Historical cost at 1 January	19,917,808	19,917,808
Cost, end of year	19,917,808	19,917,808
Write-up and downs		
1 January 2018	-717,808	-171,808
Write-up/down for the year	0	0
31 December 2018	19,200,000	19,200,000

Investments in group enterprices can be spcified as follows, EUR:

Name	Equity	Profit/Loss	Ownership Carrying Value
SCI Charles Floquet, France	6,219,697	-482,971	100% 19,200,000

4. Disclosure of uncertainties relating to going concern

The Company has lost all of the share capital. The Management believes that during 2019 the equity will be restored through potential restructuring of the group. The Company has received a letter of support from the parent company

2018

5. Disclosure of contingent liabilities

The Company has no contingent liabilities and has not provided any security.

6. Information on average number of employees