# **ECCO MIDDLE EAST A/S**

(CVR No. 30 71 33 54)

Industrivej 5, 6261 Bredebro

**Annual Report 2016** 

(9 Financial year)

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 31 May 2017
Chairman
Peter Schøtt Knudsen

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# **Statement by the Management**

Today, the Supervisory Board and the Managing Board have discussed and approved the annual report of ECCO Middle East A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position.

and financial position.	
We recommend that the annual report be approve	ed at the annual general meeting.
Bredebro, 31 May 2017	
Managing Board:	
Allan Rosenberg	
Supervisory Board:	
Michel Krol	
Peter Schøtt Knudsen	Glen Wilkinson

### **Independent auditor's report**

#### To the shareholder of ECCO Middle East A/S

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of ECCO Middle East A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Bredebro, 31 May 2017 **ERNST & YOUNG** Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Cvr-no. 30 70 02 28

Jens Weiersøe Jakobsen State Authorised Public Accountant

# Management's review

# **Company information**

Adress: Industrivej 5, 6261 Bredebro

Telephone: 74 91 16 25 CVR-no.:30 71 33 54 Founded: 2 July 2007

Municipality of domicile: Tønder

Financial year: 9.

Supervisory Board: Michel Krol, Peter Schøtt Knudsen, Glen Wilkinson.

Managing board: Allan Rosenberg

Audit:

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Havnegade 33 6700 Esbjerg

# **Management's review**

# **Five Year Summary**

DKK '000	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Financial highlights					
Gross profit	57,360	66,621	42,247	33,096	30,619
Operating profit	47,744	54,846	34,000	25,604	20,775
Financial income and expenses	246	-497	-204	-70	-55
Profit before tax	47,990	54,349	33,796	25,534	20,720
Profit for the year	48,001	54,349	33,796	25,534	20,720
Balance total	189,279	162,254	129,169	94,904	97,460
Investment in property, plant and equipment	345	196	104	170	0
Equity	105,253	86,514	58,763	46,319	39,673
Key ratios					
Solvency ratio	55.6%	53.3%	45.5%	48.8%	40.7%
Return on equity	50.1%	74.8%	64.3%	59.4%	69.7%
Number of employees	10	14	14	12	12

Financial ratios are in all essentials calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios, "Recommendations and Financial ratios 2015".

The financial ratios stated in the survey of financial highlights have been calculated as follows:

Solvency ratio (%) = equity \* 100 / assets

Return on equity (%) = profit for the year \* 100 / average equity

### Management's review

### **Principal activities**

The company's activities consist of purchase, sale, distribution and marketing of shoes and accessories through its branch in the Middle East.

#### The trend in activities and finances

The result for 2016 at DKK 48.0 million down 12% from 2015. This somewhat disappointing result was due to lower than expected sales in our key markets UAE, Iran and Saudi Arabia combined with a periodizing factor derived from a revised invoicing process contributing about 61% of the downfall.

### **Expectations for the future**

The company is expected to continue its positive development in the future.

#### **Incidents after closing the Annual Report**

There have not occurred any incidents after closing the Annual Report with significant influence on the financial position.

#### Specials risks

#### **Currency risk**

Due to the branch activities abroad, the company's profit and equity are exposed to the currency USD. The currency risks related to these activities have not been hedged as the company is convinced that an ongoing hedging of such long-term investments would not be optimal from an overall risk and cost perspective.

#### Knowledge resources and environment

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements in the Annual Report 2016 for ECCO Sko A/S, Bredebro.

#### **Branches aboad:**

The company has a branch with permanent establishment in Dubai, whose activities consist of purchase, sale, distribution, and marketing of shoes and accessories.

### **Accounting policies**

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements of ECCO Middle East A/S for 2016 are presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applicable to class C medium sized companies.

Effective 1 January 2016, the Company has implemented act no. 738 of 1 June 2015 with amendments to the Danish Financial Statements Act. As the implementation of the amendment act has no impact in terms of value on the income statement or the balance sheet in the financial year, nor on the comparative figures, the financial statements have been prepared based on the same accounting policies as last year.

The amendment act has solely implied new or changed presentation and disclosure requirements, which have been incorporated in the financial statements.

According to the Danish Financial Statements Act § 86 paragraph. 4, the cash flow statement for the company is not prepared. Instead we refer to the consolidated financial statements of ECCO Sko A/S.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivable and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable of payable arose or was recognized in the latest financial statement is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Foreign branches are considered separate entries. The income statements are translated at the average exchange rates for the month, and the balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the opening equity of foreign branches at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and on translation of the income statements from average exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

#### **Income statement**

Gross profit: Gross profit includes sales revenues, cost of goods sold and other external costs.

*Revenue:* Revenues are recognized, when the risk has been passed to the customer. Revenue consists of amounts invoiced excluding VAT and less returned products, discounts and rebates.

Cost of sales: Cost of goods sold includes consumption of commercial products.

*Other external costs:* Other external costs comprise costs relating to maintenance, premises, office expenses, sales promotion expenses, fees, etc.

*Staff costs:* Staff costs comprise remuneration to employees, including pension and social security costs.

Financial income and expenses: Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, capital gains and capital loss on payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

*Income taxes:* Estimated tax on the profit for the year is recognized in the income statement along with the year's change in deferred tax.

As a subsidiary member of the ECCO Sko A/S Group, ECCO Middle East A/S is part of the Danish regulations regarding mandatory joint taxation. Subsidiaries are part of the joint taxation from the moment where they are a part of the consolidation in the annual accounts to the moment where they are omitted from the consolidation.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated by paying a joint taxation contribution between the companies in the joint taxation. The contribution is allocated according to the taxable income in the companies. Companies in the joint taxation with a taxable deficit receive a joint taxation contribution from companies which have been able to use this deficit to reduce their taxable income.

The tax of this year is part of the income statement with the share which can be allocated to profit of the year, and is part of the equity with the share which can be allocated to entries in equity.

According to the Danish regulations regarding mandatory joint taxation, the debt of ECCO Middle East A/S towards the tax authorities is settled when the company has paid the joint taxation contribution to the administrative company.

Deferred tax is calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts and tax values of current assets and fixed assets. Furthermore, the tax value of tax losses carried forward is recognized in the amount at which they are expected to be used.

If, on a net basis, there is a tax asset, the amount of future tax savings is recognized, provided that it is deemed more likely than not that the deduction can be offset against future taxable profits.

#### **Balance sheet**

*Property, plant, and equipment:* Property, plant and equipment are recognized at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets.

The expected useful lives are as follows:

- Plant and machinery, vehicles, fixtures and fittings 5 years

*Inventories:* Commercial products are valued at acquisition price. Products with a net realizable value lower than the cost or acquisition price are written down to the lower value.

*Receivables:* Receivables are measured at amortized cost less provisions for anticipated losses determined based on an individual evaluation.

*Equity:* Dividends to be paid by the Company are recognized as a liability in the financial statements at the time of adoption by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Dividend proposed in respect of the financial year is stated as a separate line item in the equity note.

Liabilities: Liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

# **INCOME STATEMENT**

Note		2016 (DKK)	2015 (DKK)
11010	Gross profit	57,359,922	66,620,546
1 3	Staff costs Amortisation and depreciation	-9,460,885 -155,309	-11,466,031 -308,039
	Operating profit	47,743,728	54,846,476
	Financial income Financial expenses	437,657 -191,397	346,572 -843,565
	Profit before tax	47,989,989	54,349,483
2	Income taxes	11,165	
	Profit for the year	48,001,153 ======	54,349,483

# **BALANCE SHEET**

	TOTAL ASSETS	189,279,224 ======	162,254,236 =======
	Total current assets	188,696,279	161,867,902
	Cash	25,016,306	11,291,830
	Other receivables	1,573,358	
	Receivables from affiliated companies	64,577,497	
	Trade receivables	97,162,775	89,506,197
	Inventory	366,343	12,229,705
	CURRENT ASSETS:		
	Total non-current assets	582,945 	386,334
3	<b>Property, plant and equipment:</b> Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	582,945	386,334
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
	<u>ASSETS</u>		
Note		(DKK)	(DKK)
Note		31.12.16	31.12.15

# **BALANCE SHEET**

		=======	=======
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	189,279,224	162,254,236
	Total short-term debt	84,026,654	75,739,883
	Other debt	17,696,015	11,679,023
	Payables to affiliated companies	66,008,141	
	Trade payables	322,498	, ,
	Short-term debt:		
	Total equity	105,252,570	86,514,353
	Proposed dividend	49,781,480	34,150,192
	Retained earnings	53,221,090	50,114,161
	Share capital	2,250,000	2,250,000
	<b>EQUITY:</b>		
	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:</b>		
Note		(DKK)	(DKK)
Note		31.12.16	31.12.15

<sup>4</sup> Contingent liabilities and collateral security

<sup>5</sup> Related parties

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2016 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(t.DKK)	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity 1 January 2016	2,250	50,114	34,150	86,514
Paid dividend	_	_	-34,150	-34,150
Currency translation of branch	_	4,888	_	4,888
Retained from profit for the year	· –	-1,781	49,782	48,001
Equity 31 December 2016	2,250	53,221	49,782	105,253

NOTES		
	31.12.16	31.12.15
	(DKK)	<u>(DKK)</u>
Note 1: Staff costs		
Salaries	8,324,598	10,151,823
Pensions	402,237	528,272
Other social security costs	734,050	785,936
	9,460,885	11,466,031
Fees to Managing Board and Supervisory Board		
Average numbers of employees	10	14
According to the Danish Financial Statements Act § 98 b stk. 3 nr. 2 fees to managing board have been left out.	======	======
Note 2: Income taxes	(DKK)	(DKK)

Income taxes

11,165

11,165

### **NOTES**

Note 3: Property, plant and equipment	<u>(DKK)</u>
	31.12.16
	Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
	(DKK)
Cost at 1 January Currency translation Additions Disposals	3,531,984 145,631 344,836
Cost at 31 December	4,022,451
Accumulated depreciation at 1 January	-3,145,650
Currency translation Depreciation Depreciation on disposals	-138,547 -155,309
Accumulated depreciation at 31 December	-3,439,506
Carrying amount at 31 December	582,945 =======
Note 4: Contingent liabilities and collateral security	31.12.16
	(DKK)
Letter of Guarantee	778,289 ======

The company is taxed jointly with other Danish companies in the ECCO Group. As a wholly owned subsidiary, the company is jointly and unlimited liable together with the other companies as regards joint taxation of Danish taxation at source on dividends, interests, and royalties within the joint taxation group.

#### **NOTES**

### Note 5: Information about shareholder conditions

The company's list pursuant to Section 55 of the Danish Companies Act of shareholders with more than 5% of the votes or more than 5% of the nominal value of the share capital includes:

- ECCO EMEA B.V., Netherlands

ECCO Middle East A/S is included in the consolidated financial statement of ECCO Sko A/S and Anpartsselskabet af 1. oktober 2011, Bredebro, Denmark.

All transactions with related parties has been carried out at arm's length.

### Note 6: Proposed profit appropriation

Proposed dividend Retained earnings	49,781,480 -1,780,327 	34,150,192 20,199,291 
	48,001,153	54,349,483