

OPP Arkivet A/S

Roskildevej 12
2620 Albertslund
Denmark

CVR no. 30 61 72 23

Annual report 2022

The annual report was presented and approved at
the Company's annual general meeting on

28 March 2023

Dirk Baai-Muijsson

Chairman of the annual general meeting

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of OPP Arkivet A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Albertslund, 28 March 2023
Executive Board:

Flemming Morten
Bækkeskov

Board of Directors:

Dirk Baai-Muijsson

Marcelino H. B. Grote
Gansey

Eloi Roger Theodore
Danialt

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of OPP Arkivet A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OPP Arkivet A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 March 2023

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Martin Eiler
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne32271

OPP Arkivet A/S
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CVR no. 30 61 72 23

Management's review

Company details

OPP Arkivet A/S
Roskildevej 12
2620 Albertslund
Denmark

CVR no.:	30 61 72 23
Established:	18 June 2007
Registered office:	Albertslund
Financial year:	1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Dirk Baai-Muijsson
Marcelino H. B. Grote Gansey
Eloi Roger Theodore Daniault

Executive Board

Flemming Morten Bækkeskov

Auditor

KPMG
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Dampfærgevej 28
DK-2100 København Ø
CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

Since 2009, OPP Arkivet A/S (OPA) has, in compliance with the OPP contract with Bygningstyrelsen ("The Danish Building and Property Agency"), placed storage facilities at the disposal of Rigsarkivet ("The Danish National Archives") and is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the storage and office facilities at the ground floor of the "DSB-building" until 30 June 2037. The operational and maintenance contract has been outsourced to Kemp & Lauritzen A/S throughout the entire period.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2022 shows a profit of DKK 5,717 thousand as against DKK 5,387 thousand in 2021. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2022 stood at DKK 33,625 thousand as against DKK 27,908 thousand at 31 December 2021.

Significant events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date of material importance to the annual report for 2022.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2022	2021
Revenue		20,276	19,788
Operating expenses		-16,530	-15,899
Administrative expenses		-874	-868
Gross profit		2,872	3,021
Other financial income		30,146	30,290
Other financial expenses	3	-25,689	-26,404
Profit before tax		7,329	6,907
Tax on profit for the year	4	-1,612	-1,520
Profit for the year		5,717	5,387
Proposed profit appropriation			
Retained earnings		5,717	5,387
		5,717	5,387

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Investments			
Financial lease receivable	5	<u>467,353</u>	<u>469,614</u>
Total fixed assets		<u>467,353</u>	<u>469,614</u>
Current assets			
Receivables			
Trade receivables		0	244
Financial lease receivable, current	5	<u>2,261</u>	<u>2,261</u>
		<u>2,261</u>	<u>2,505</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>299</u>	<u>31</u>
Total current assets		<u>2,560</u>	<u>2,536</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u><u>469,913</u></u>	<u><u>472,150</u></u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital		540	540
Retained earnings		33,085	27,368
Total equity		<u>33,625</u>	<u>27,908</u>
Provisions			
Provisions for deferred tax	4	13,642	12,030
Total provisions		<u>13,642</u>	<u>12,030</u>
Liabilities other than provisions			
Non-current liabilities other than provisions			
Subordinated loan from shareholder	6	31,927	32,827
Debt to credit institutions	6	356,609	366,305
Deferred income		23,395	22,357
		<u>411,931</u>	<u>421,489</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions			
Credit institutions and shareholder loan	6	10,597	10,388
Trade payables		0	244
Other payables		118	91
		<u>10,715</u>	<u>10,723</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions		<u>422,646</u>	<u>432,212</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u><u>469,913</u></u>	<u><u>472,150</u></u>
Management and staff	2		
Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.	7		

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	540	27,368	27,908
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	5,717	5,717
Equity at 31 December 2022	540	33,085	33,625

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of OPP Arkivet A/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Net revenue

Net revenue derives from the Company's OPP operational and maintenance contract regarding Rigsarkivet. Net revenue is recognised as the services are performed after deduction of VAT and duties. The Company receives a flat fee (indexed) while operating expenses fluctuate throughout the contract period. In order to ensure a matching revenue recognition, the OPP contract's total income is accrued over the term of the contract on the basis of the development of the operating expenses. This ensures a constant operating margin over the contract period.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Operating expenses

Operating expenses comprise expenses incurred in connection with obtaining revenue for the year and comprise significant expenses related to outsourcing of the operational and maintenance responsibility to an external supplier.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include management and administration of the Company, including expenses relating to the administrative staff, Management, premises, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs regarding finance leases, gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit for the year

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax. The tax is recognised in the income statement by the proportion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly on equity by the proportion attributable to entries directly on equity.

Balance sheet

Financial lease receivable

The receivable relates to the building Rigsarkivet rented out on the basis of a finance lease contract. The receivable is recognised at the value of the net investment which corresponds to the total nominal amount of the minimum lease payments after deduction of unearned finance income. A market-based interest rate is used as discount rate.

Any difference between cost and the new investment of the asset is recognised as loss/gain under financial income and expenses.

Subsequently, the receivable is measured at amortised cost.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprise cash and bank deposits.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

Deferred income

Income is accrued so that the annual operating margin is constant over the contract period.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities comprising amounts owed to credit institutions, subordinated loans from shareholders and trade payables are recognised at the date of borrowing at cost, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Finance lease obligation comprise the capitalised residual lease obligation of finance leases.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

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2 Management and staff

The Company has had no employees during 2022. The Company's administration has been outsourced.

DKK'000	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
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3 Financial expenses

Interest expense to group entities	4,038	4,170
Other financial costs	<u>21,651</u>	<u>22,234</u>
	<u>25,689</u>	<u>26,404</u>

4 Deferred tax

Deferred tax at 1 January	12,030	10,510
Deferred tax adjustment for the year in the income statement	<u>1,612</u>	<u>1,520</u>
	<u>13,642</u>	<u>12,030</u>

5 Financial lease receivable

Financial receivable at 1 January	471,875	474,136
Annual repayment	<u>-2,261</u>	<u>-2,261</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>469,614</u>	<u>471,875</u>

DKK'000	Total at <u>31/12/2022</u>	<u>Repayment</u>	<u>Long-term portion</u>	<u>Outstanding after 5 years</u>
Receivables due	469,614	-2,261	<u>467,353</u>	<u>458,309</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December			<u>467,353</u>	<u>458,309</u>

At the completion of the property on 1 July 2009, the loan receivable is amortised over 28 years with a residual value of 88% of the building's net investment. The repayment schedule has been defined based on the contract with Bygningsstyrelsen and its option to buy the building for a predefined price.

6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	<u>31/12 2022</u>	<u>Repayment, first year</u>	<u>Long-term portion</u>	<u>Outstanding debt after five years</u>
Credit institutions	366,305	9,697	356,609	314,829
Subordinated loan from shareholder	32,827	900	31,927	28,411
	<u>399,132</u>	<u>10,597</u>	<u>388,536</u>	<u>343,240</u>

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

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7 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

The Company has entered into an agreement with Bygningstyrelsen (The Danish Building and Property Agency) according to which the Company has the full financial responsibility for design, construction, maintenance and financing of Rigsarkivet (The Danish National Archive). The agreement runs for 30 years from 1 July 2007, and afterwards Bygningstyrelsen and the Company, respectively, have an option to buy/sell the building for a predefined amount.

The building is constructed on leased land, and the Company has made a lease agreement with Bygningstyrelsen for the land with an annual rent of DKK 2,8 million (in 2022 prices), subject to an annual increase of 2%. The total lease liability (indexed) amounts to DKK 47 million for the period 2023-2037.

The Company's property (financially presented as a finance lease receivable) with an accounting value of DKK 470 million has been placed as security for the Company's debt to credit institutions, DKK 366 million.

In 2007, the Company entered into a 'back-to-back' agreement with an external subcontractor (Kemp & Lauritzen A/S, "K&L") regarding future operation and maintenance of Rigsarkivet's archives at Kalvebod Brygge 32 ("The Project"). The agreement with subsequent amendments comprises future annual payments (in 2022 prices) of DKK 15.2 million for the O&M activities. The O&M payments are annually adjusted with a fixed percentage of 1.65 as well as with an indexation linked to the official 'CPI' (consumer price index, "Nettoprisindekset"). The agreement expires on 30 June 2037. The remaining payment to K&L for the O&M activities amounts to approx. DKK 278 million including forecast indexation.