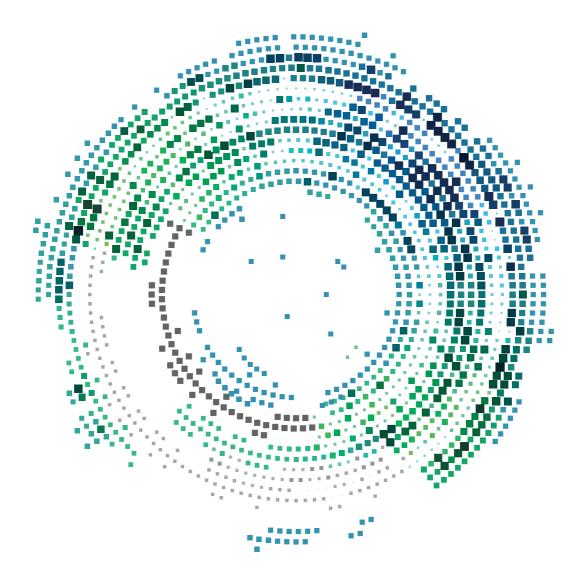
## **Deloitte.**



## Advanced Cooling A/S

Bisgårdsvej 2 8700 Horsens CVR No. 30606566

## Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.05.2021

Alan Nissen Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### Entity

Advanced Cooling A/S Bisgårdsvej 2 8700 Horsens

CVR No.: 30606566 Registered office: Horsens Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Board of Directors**

Frederikke Pontoppidan Nissen, chairman Alan Nissen Niels-Ulrik Mousten Thor Hvid Hansen Victoria Pontoppidan Nissen Josephine Nissen Knuth

#### **Executive Board**

Alan Nissen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Advanced Cooling A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Horsens, 17.05.2021

**Executive Board** 

Alan Nissen

#### **Board of Directors**

Frederikke	Pontoppidan	Nissen
chairman		

Alan Nissen

**Niels-Ulrik Mousten** 

**Thor Hvid Hansen** 

Victoria Pontoppidan Nissen

**Josephine Nissen Knuth** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Advanced Cooling A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Advanced Cooling A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 17.05.2021

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Thomas Rosquist Andersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne31482

## Management commentary

#### **Primary activities**

The company's primary activity consist of management consultancy, investments in subsidiaries, financing and hereby related activity optionally via subsidiaries.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The profit for the year amounts to DKK 72,075k against DKK 40,460k last year. Management considers the profit for the year in line with expectations.

The previous financial year covers the period 01.05.2019 - 30.13.2019. Thus, there is no direct comparability with the 2019 figures which constitute 8 months in comparison with 12 month in 2020.

The outbreak and spread of COVID-19 has not and is not expected to have a material impact on the company's financial position and development, as the company's income is not affected by this.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

#### **Treasury shares**

Advanced Cooling A/S has in 2020 acquired 170,000 B-shares of its own shares with a nominal value of DKK 1,000 to a total value of TDKK 340,325. Treasury shares make up 17% of the share capital. B-shares has no voting rigths.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(510)	(627)
Staff costs	1	(2,904)	(1,881)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(142)	(95)
Operating profit/loss		(3,556)	(2,603)
Income from investments in group enterprises		69,639	37,052
Other financial income	3	7,787	6,950
Other financial expenses	4	(1,020)	(260)
Profit/loss before tax		72,850	41,139
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(775)	(679)
Profit/loss for the year		72,075	40,460
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		8,684	4,875
Retained earnings		63,391	35,585
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		72,075	40,460

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

#### Assets

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		610	758
Property, plant and equipment	6	610	758
Investments in group enterprises		1,766,354	1,736,713
Other investments		27,424	20,245
Financial assets	7	1,793,778	1,756,958
Fixed assets		1,794,388	1,757,716
Receivables from group enterprises		142,483	133,391
Receivables from associates		0	216,736
Other receivables		20,298	19,645
Receivables		162,781	369,772
Cash		3,707	4,600
Current assets		166,488	374,372
Assets		1,960,876	2,132,088

#### **Equity and liabilities**

	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Contributed capital	8	1,000	1,000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		126,421	96,780
Retained earnings		1,698,126	2,003,872
Proposed dividend		8,684	4,875
Equity		1,834,231	2,106,527
Deferred tax		65	73
Provisions		65	73
Other payables		62	23
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		62	23
Trade payables		102	41
Payables to group enterprises		86,433	20,607
Payables to associates		36,197	0
Payables to shareholders and management		87	87
Joint taxation contribution payable		603	254
Other payables		3,096	4,476
Current liabilities other than provisions		126,518	25,465
Liabilities other than provisions		126,580	25,488
Equity and liabilities		1,960,876	2,132,088
Contingent liabilities	9		
Related parties with controlling interest	10		
Non-arm's length related party transactions	11		
Group relations	12		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity	Retained	Proposed	
	capital DKK'000	method DKK'000	earnings DKK'000	dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,000	96,780	2,003,872	4,875	2,106,527
Purchase of treasury shares	0	0	(340,325)	0	(340,325)
Dividends from treasury shares	0	0	829	0	829
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(4,875)	(4,875)
Profit/loss for the year	0	29,641	33,750	8,684	72,075
Equity end of year	1,000	126,421	1,698,126	8,684	1,834,231

## Notes

#### **1 Staff costs**

	2020	2019 DKK'000
	DKK'000	
Wages and salaries	2,734	1,812
Pension costs	116	29
Other social security costs	11	6
Other staff costs	43	34
	2,904	1,881
Average number of full-time employees	2	2

#### 2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	142	95
	142	95

#### **3 Other financial income**

	2020	2020 2019 DKK'000 DKK'000
	DKK'000	
Financial income from group enterprises	4,120	3,462
Other interest income	848	573
Other financial income	2,819	2,915
	7,787	6,950

#### 4 Other financial expenses

	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	948	219
Other interest expenses	72	41
	1,020	260

#### 5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020		2020	
	DKK'000	DKK'000		
Current tax	783	763		
Change in deferred tax	(8)	10		
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	(94)		
	775	679		

#### 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	1,118
Cost end of year	1,118
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(366)
Depreciation for the year	(142)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(508)
Carrying amount end of year	610

#### **7 Financial assets**

	Investments in	Other investments DKK'000
	group	
	enterprises DKK'000	
Cost beginning of year	1,639,933	20,245
Additions	0	7,179
Cost end of year	1,639,933	27,424
Revaluations beginning of year	96,780	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	69,641	0
Dividend	(40,000)	0
Revaluations end of year	126,421	0
Carrying amount end of year	1,766,354	27,424

			Equity
		Corporate	interest
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%
Advanced Cooling Investment A/S	Horsens	A/S	100,0
Tamdrup Bisgård Landbrug ApS	Horsens	ApS	100,0
Jensgård ApS	Juelsminde	ApS	100,0

#### 8 Share capital

The working capital consists of shares of DKK 1 or multiple thereof. Of the share capital, DKK 30,000 are A shares and DKK 970,000 B shares, where the A shares have the voting rights.

#### **9** Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where ANTB Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

The Entity has pledged to grant the necessary capital needed for the subsidiary Jensgård ApS' ability to secure going concern. The equity of Jensgård ApS is as of 31.12.2020 TDKK 7,008 with retained earnings of TDKK -3,117.

#### 10 Related parties with controlling interest

ANTB Holding ApS, Horsens, owns 100 % of the voting rights and has therefore deciding influence in the company.

#### 11 Non-arm's length related party transactions

Only related party transactions not conducted on an arm's length basis are disclosed in the annual report. No such transactions have been conducted in the financial year.

#### **12 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: ANTB Holding ApS, Horsens, CVR-nr. 40454926

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: ANTB Holding ApS, Horsens, CVR-nr. 40454926

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

#### **Changes in accounting policies**

The Entity has changed its accounting policies with regard to the reporting class. Last year the annual report was presented as a class C (medium). This year the annual report is presented as a class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The change in accounting policies has not led to any changes.

The annual report has been presented applying the accounting policies consistent with last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared since the Company is included in the Group's consolidated accounts for ANTB Holding ApS.

#### Non-comparability

The previous financial year covers the period 01.05.2019 - 31.12.2019. Thus, there is no direct comparability with the 2019 figures which constitute 8 months in comparison with 12 month in 2020.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises other operating income and other external expenses.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for administration etc.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment assets comprise depreciation for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets.

#### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises dividends etc received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with ANTB Holding ApS and all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This meansthat investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses. Refer to the above section on business combinations for more details about the accounting policies used on acquisitions of investments in group enterprises.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these en-terprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation isimminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incurto settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Other investments

Other investments comprise unlisted equity investments measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### **Treasury shares**

Acquisition and selling prices and dividends for treasury shares are classified directly as equity under retained earnings. Gains and losses on sale are not recognised in the income statement. Capital reduction by

5 years

cancellation of treasury shares reduces the contributed capital by an amount corresponding to the nominal value.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset or the planned settlement of each liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.