Deloitte.

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33963556 Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

Phone 36 10 20 30 Fax 36 10 20 40 www.deloitte.dk

Jollingham ApS

Lautrupsgade 7, 2 2100 Copenhagen Central Business Registration No 30570464

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 13.05.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: James Peter Arthur Benson

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2018	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2018	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2018	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

Entity details

Entity

Jollingham ApS Lautrupsgade 7, 2 2100 Copenhagen

Central Business Registration No: 30570464 Registered in: Copenhagen Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Executive Board

James Peter Arthur Benson

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

I have today considered and approved the annual report of Jollingham ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 13.05.2019

Executive Board

James Peter Arthur Benson

Independent auditor's report

To the owner of Jollingham ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jollingham ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 13.05.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Kim Takata Mücke State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne10944

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company is to hold shares in companies in the Sunstone Capital structure.

The Company has had no employees during the year.

Development in activities and finances

In 2018, the Company incurred a net profit of DKK 1.582k.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

Notes	2018 	2017 DKK'000
Other external expenses	(13)	4
Operating profit/loss	(13)	4
Income from investments in associates	1.583	(195)
Other financial income	13	0
Other financial expenses	(1)	(1)
Profit/loss before tax	1.582	(192)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	0_	(1)
Profit/loss for the year	1.582	(193)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	0	92
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	75	(708)
Retained earnings	1.507	423
	1.582	(193)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	Notes_	2018 DKK'000	2017 DKK'000
Investments in associates		3.434	3.244
Fixed asset investments	1	3.434	3.244
Fixed assets		3.434	3.244
Receivables from group enterprises		413	92
Receivables from associates		50	50
Receivables		463	142
Cash		209	727
Current assets		672	869
Assets		4.106	4.113

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	2018	2017
<u></u> No	otes DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital	125	125
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	1.242	1.167
Retained earnings	2.730	2.723
Proposed dividend	0	92
Equity	4.097	4.107
Income tax payable	0	1
Other payables	9	5
Current liabilities other than provisions	9	6
Liabilities other than provisions	9_	6
Equity and liabilities	4.106	4.113

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	125	1.167	2.723	92
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(92)
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(1.500)	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	75	1.507	0
Equity end of year	125	1.242	2.730	0

	Total
	DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	4.107
Ordinary dividend paid	(92)
Extraordinary dividend paid	(1.500)
Profit/loss for the year	1.582
Equity end of year	4.097

Notes

	Investment
	s in
	associates
	DKK'000
1. Fixed asset investments	
Cost beginning of year	2.077
Additions	115
Cost end of year	2.192
Revaluations beginning of year	1.167
Share of profit/loss for the year	1.583
Dividend	(1.508)
Revaluations end of year	1.242
Carrying amount end of year	3.434

		Equity inte-
		rest
	Registered in	%
Investments in associates comprise:		
Sunstone LSV Invest II Holding ApS	Copenhagen	28,6
Sunstone LSV Partners Holding ApS	Copenhagen	28,1
Sunstone LSV Partners & Co. Holding ApS	Copenhagen	22,0
Sunstone LSV GP I Holding ApS	Copenhagen	28,6
Sunstone LSV GP BI Holding ApS	Copenhagen	31,2
Sunstone LSV Special LP III Holding ApS	Copenhagen	16,7
Sunstone LSV Invest III Holding ApS	Copenhagen	16,7
Heartcore Capital (LSV) Special Limited Partner II ApS	Copenhagen	18,2
Sunstone LSV Special LP II Holding ApS	Copenhagen	27,1
Sunstone Life Science Ventures A/S	Copenhagen	20,6

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The annual report is presented in DKK 1,000.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognized in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognized by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include various corporate expenses.

Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and realised and foreign exchange losses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Accounting policies

The current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associate enterprises are recognised and measured under the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity.

Net revaluation of investments associate is taken to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognized as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost and comprises other prepaid contributions from limited partners.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.