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Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS

c/o Harboe & Bille, Lersø Parkallé 107, 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 30 54 27 03

Annual report

1 October 2017 - 30 September 2018

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 11 March 2019.

Mads Harboe Nørring Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- $\bullet \ \ \text{To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.}$
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance EUR 146.940 means the amount of EUR 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

The executive board has today presented the annual report of Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS for the financial year 1 October 2017 to 30 September 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion, the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the assets, the liabilities and the financial position, consolidated and for the company respectively at 30 September 2018, and of the results of the activities, consolidated and of the company respectively and of consolidated cash flows in the financial year 1 October 2017 to 30 September 2018.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

København Ø, 11 March 2019

Executive board

Sebastien Boudreau

Mads Harboe Nørring

To the shareholder of Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS Opinion

We have audited the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts of Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS for the financial year 1 October 2017 to 30 September 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, consolidated and for the company respectively and consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position, consolidated and for the company respectively at 30 September 2018 and of the results of the company's operations, consolidated and for the company respectively and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 October 2017 to 30 September 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1 in which the management describes the group's financial situation. We concur with the management's description of the financial situation.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1 in which the management describes the uncertainty associated with the valuation of the groups's investments properties. We concur with the management's description of the uncertainties and the accounting treatment.

The management's responsibilities for the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated annual accounts and annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual accounts and annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's and the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group and the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or the business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated annual accounts. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated annual accounts or the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the consolidated annual accounts and the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 11 March 2019

Grant Thornton
State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Morten Grønbek State Authorised Public Accountant mne3449

Company data

The company Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS

c/o Harboe & Bille Lersø Parkallé 107 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 30 54 27 03

Established: 29 February 2008 Domicile: Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 October - 30 September

Executive board Sebastien Boudreau

Mads Harboe Nørring

Auditors Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stockholmsgade 45 2100 København Ø

Parent company Paris Premier Properties S.à r.l.

Company data

Subsidiaries

- 4 Rue Duphot Paris I ApS, Copenhagen
- 5 Rue Beaujon Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 5 Avenue Bosquet Paris VII ApS, Copenhagen
- 5 Rue du Boccador Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 7 Rue du Boccador Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 8 Av. D'Eylau 7-11 Raymond Poincaré Paris XVI ApS, Copenhagen
- 11 Rue Saint Dominique Paris VII ApS, Copenhagen
- 13 Rue Alphonse De Neuville Paris XVI ApS, Copenhagen
- 15 Rue de Chernoviz Paris XVI ApS, Copenhagen
- 18 Bis Rue D'Anjou Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 18 Rue Godot De Mauroy Paris XI ApS, Copenhagen
- 19 Rue Francois 1er Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 34 Avenue Marceua Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 43 Rue Descamps Paris XVI ApS, Copenhagen
- 61 Avenue Marceau XVI ApS, Copenhagen
- 63 Avenue Des Champs Elysees Paris VIII (II) ApS, Copenhagen
- 63 Avenue Des Champs Elysees Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 63 Boulevard des Batignolles Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 66 Rue Pierre Charron Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 98 Rue Pierre Demours Paris XVII ApS, Copenhagen
- 130 Rue du Faubourg Saint Honoré Paris VIII ApS, Copenhagen
- 48-50 Rue Pierre Charron VIII ApS, Copenhagen

Boccador-Tremoille SC, Luxembourg

- 9 Rue du Boccador SCI, Luxembourg
- 11-13 Rue Duphot Paris I SC, Luxembourg
- 8-10 Clement Marot SC, Luxembourg
- 24-26 Tremoille 12 Clement Marot SC, Luxembourg
- 28-30 Rue de la Tremoille Paris SNC, Luxembourg
- 9 Rue de Boccador Paris VIII SARL, Luxembourg
- 11-13 Rue Duphot Paris I SARL, Luxembourg
- 28-30 Rue de la Tremoille Paris VIII SARL, Luxembourg

Consolidated financial highlights

| EUR in thousands. | 2017/18 | 2016/17 | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | 2013/14 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Profit and loss account: | | | | | |
| Net turnover | 8.496 | 10.387 | 17.706 | 16.766 | 20.630 |
| Gross profit | -82.933 | -1.232 | 4.690 | -2.282 | 12.311 |
| Results from operating activities | -28.931 | 79.002 | 444.557 | 190.832 | 209.130 |
| Net financials | -11.545 | -14.415 | -28.027 | -16.060 | -15.334 |
| Results for the year | -38.988 | 45.763 | 243.771 | 125.135 | 173.991 |
| Balance sheet: | | | | | |
| Balance sheet sum | 1.587.945 | 1.682.146 | 1.665.018 | 1.180.587 | 957.972 |
| Equity | 793.174 | 832.162 | 785.916 | 541.168 | 418.478 |
| Cash flow: | | | | | |
| Operating activities | -158.983 | -40.207 | 2.870 | -36.355 | -6.928 |
| Investment activities | 144.877 | 50.902 | -53.986 | 3.401 | 16.250 |
| Financing activities | 23.017 | 10.015 | 46.116 | 40.071 | -14.505 |
| Cash flow in total | 8.911 | 20.710 | -5.000 | 7.117 | -5.183 |
| Key figures in %: | | | | | |
| Gross margin | -976,1 | -11,9 | 26,5 | -13,6 | 59,7 |
| Profit margin | -340,5 | 760,6 | 2.510,8 | 1.138,2 | 1.013,7 |
| Acid test ratio | 45,5 | 31,2 | 14,1 | 31,9 | 13,7 |
| Solvency ratio | 49,9 | 49,5 | 47,2 | 45,8 | 43,7 |
| Return on equity | -4,8 | 5,7 | 36,7 | 26,1 | 52,6 |

The calculation of key figures and ratios follow the Danish Association of Finance Analysts' recommendations.

Management's review

The principal activities of the group

The group's main activity consists in any kind of financial investment, including but not limited to, buy, own, rent, manage and sell real estate, and any other similar business in accordance with the decision of the executive board.

The group's investment properties is established as a branch located in France under the current tax laws. In this regard, the group has acquired an external evaluation of the tax conditions in France. The management concluded, based on the evaluation, that the group does not have any tax obligations which are not included in the balance.

Uncertainties as to recognition or measurement

The group's properties is primarily development properties and it is therefore difficult to provide a reliable basis for the valuation as the present operationel result does not reflect the market value of the properties. The measurement of the group's properties is therefore subject to uncertainty.

Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are EUR -38.988 against EUR 45.763 last year. The management consider the results unsatisfactory.

The group's investment properties is measured at fair value. The measurement of fair value is based on estimates of existing leases, and current market rent for similar properties, in the same location and condition. The discount rate used is significant for the valuation of the group's investment properties.

Special risks

Financial risks:

The group's cash reserve is limited, however, it is management's expectation that a positive cash flow will be created through renting out and/or sale of the group's properties, whereby the group will be able to meet its liabilities. Further, the group's parent company has provided a letter of support, expiring September 30th, 2019, in which they declare to ensure that there will be sufficient funds in the group to cover its current operations.

Interest risks:

As the interest bearing debt is of a material amount, changes in the interest rates will have a material direct impact on the profit.

Environmental issues

The group has in our opinion no special impact on the external environment and therefore no specific environmental policy.

Know how resources

The activity of the group does not require large know how resources and therefore the group has no knowledge resources or research and development activities.

Management's review

The expected development

Based on the above, it is the management's overall expectation that the group can run its day to day business with a satisfactory income in the coming year.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occured after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the group's and the parent company's financial position.

Statement of corporate social responsibility

The group does not have any policies or activities regarding corporate social responsibility.

Target figures and policies for the under-represented sex

The group has no target figures or policies for the under-represented sex.

The annual report for Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class C enterprises (large enterprises).

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual report is presented in euro (EUR).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the group is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the group is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The consolidated annual accounts

The consolidated annual accounts comprise the parent company Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS and those group enterprises of which Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS directly or indirectly owns more than 50 % of the voting rights or in other ways has controlling interest. As it appears from the group chart, enterprises of which the group owns between 20 and 50 % of the voting rights and exercises considerable, but not controlling interest are considered associated enterprises.

By the consolidation, elimination of intercompany income and costs, shareholding, intercompany balances and dividends and realised and unrealised gains and losses from transactions among the consolidated enterprises takes place.

Equity interests in group enterprises are settled by the proportional share of the group enterprises' trade value of net assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition.

The profit and loss account

Net turnover

The net turnover comprises rental income from the lease of property and from charged joint costs, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the period relating to the lease payment.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprises costs for administration.

Value adjustment of investment property

Value adjustment of investment property comprises value adjustments of properties at fair value and gain or loss from disposal of properties.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the French tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Results from equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual group enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the group enterprises' results after tax.

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss and deduction of amortisation of consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual associated enterprises are recognised in the profit and loss account at a proportional share of the associated enterprises' results after tax.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The parent company and the Danish group enterprises are subject to the French rules on compulsory joint taxation of the consolidated Danish enterprises. The parent company acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total French tax payable of the income of the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current French corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Investment property

At the first recognition, investment property is measured at cost, comprising the cost of the property and directly attached costs, if any.

Hereafter, investment properties are measured individually at an estimated fair value. The properties are measured either using a return-based model, by which the expected future cash flows for the next year along with a rate of return determined by an external assessor form the basis for the fair value of the properties, or measured by using a square meter based model. The square meter prices are made on the basis of market statistics, trades and management's knowledge of the property market in general. Compared to the latest financial year, the method of measurement used remains unchanged.

Costs which add new or improved qualities to an investment property compared to its condition at the time of acquisition and which thereby improves the future return on the property are added to the cost as an improvement. Costs which do not add new or improved qualities to an investment property are recognised in the profit and loss account in the item "Costs concerning investment property".

Like other material fixed assets, except from land, investment property has a limited life financial life. The impairment taking place concurrently with the aging of the investment property is reflected in the current measuring of the investment property at fair value.

Value adjustments are recognised in the profit and loss account in the item "Value adjustments of property".

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises are recognised in the balance sheet at a proportional share under the equity method, the value being calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent company by the deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and with the addition or deduction of residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the acquisition method.

Group enterprises and associated enterprises with negative equity are recognised without any value, and to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are written down by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the debtors, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of the subsidiary.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in group enterprises and associated enterprises are transferred to the reserves under the equity for net revaluation as per the equity method. Dividends from group enterprises expected to be decided before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserves. The reserves are adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprises and associated enterprises.

Newly taken over or newly established companies are recognised in the annual accounts as of the time of acquisition. Sold or liquidated companies are recognised at the time of cession.

Profit or loss in connection with the sale of group enterprises and associated enterprises are measured as the difference between the sales amount and the book value of net assets at the time of the sale, inclusive of remaining consolidated goodwill and expected costs for sale and cession. Profit and loss are recognised in the profit and loss account under net financials.

In connection with the acquisition of new group enterprises and associated enterprises, the acquisition method is applied, by which the acquirees' assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Provisions for payment of costs for decided restructuring activities in the acquirees in relation to the acquisition are recognised. The tax effect of the revaluations carried out is taken into consideration.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Equity

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method

Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method comprise net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries and associates in proportion to cost.

The reserves may be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of equity investments or changes in the financial estimates.

It is not possible to recognise the reserves with a negative amount.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish group companies and acts in this respect as the administration company. According to the rules of joint taxation, Foncière du Triangle d'Or ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the French tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Payable and receivable joint taxation contributions are recognised in the balance sheet as "Receivable corporate tax" or "Payable corporate tax".

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds with the deduction of transaction costs incurred. In following periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value by use of the effective interest. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the profit and loss account during the term of the loan.

Mortgage debt and bank debt are for instance measured at amortised cost. As to cash loans, this corresponds to the outstanding debt of the loan. For bond loans, the amortised cost corresponds to an outstanding debt calculated as the underlying cash value at the date of borrowing adjusted by amortisation of the market value adjustment on the date of the borrowing carried out over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

The cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the cash flow of the group for the year, divided in cash flows deriving from operating activities, investment activities, and financing activities respectively, the changes in the liabilities, and the available funds at the beginning and the end of the year respectively.

The effect of cash flow deriving from purchase and sale of enterprises appears separately under cash flow from investment activities. In the cash flow statement, cash flow deriving from purchased enterprises is recognised as of the date of acquisition, and cash flow deriving from sold enterprises is recognised until the sales date.

Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flow from operating activities are calculated as the results for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, the change in the working capital, and corporate tax paid.

Cash flow from investment activities

Cash flow from investment activities comprises payments in connection with the acquisition and sale of enterprises and activities as well as the acquisition and sale of intangible and tangible fixed assets and fixed asset investments respectively.

Cash flow from financing activities

Cash flow from financing activities comprises changes in the size or the composition of the share capital and the costs in this connection. Furthermore, these activities comprise borrowings, instalments on interestbearing debt, and payment of dividend to the shareholders.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash funds with deduction of short-term bank debt and short-term securities with a term of less than 3 months which can easily be converted into cash funds and on which only an insignificant risk of value changes exists.

Profit and loss account 1 October - 30 September

| | | Group | | Parent company | |
|------|--|---------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Note | <u>e</u> | 2017/18 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2016/17 |
| 2 | Net turnover | 8.496 | 10.387 | 0 | 375 |
| | Other external costs | -91.429 | -11.619 | -307 | -354 |
| | Gross results | -82.933 | -1.232 | -307 | 21 |
| | Fair value adjustment of other investment assets | 54.002 | 80.234 | 0 | 0 |
| | Income from equity investments in group | | | | |
| | enterprises | 0 | 0 | -38.592 | 46.106 |
| | Other financial income | 2 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| | Other financial costs | -11.547 | -14.424 | -1 | -364 |
| | Results before tax | -40.476 | 64.587 | -38.900 | 45.763 |
| 4 | Tax on ordinary results | 1.488 | -18.824 | -88 | 0 |
| 5 | Results for the year | -38.988 | 45.763 | -38.988 | 45.763 |

Balance sheet 30 September

EUR in thousands.

Assets

| Note | | Gro 2018 | oup 2017 | Parent 6 2018 | company 2017 |
|------|---|-------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|
| | Fixed assets | | | | |
| 6 | Investment property | 1.541.100 | 1.634.282 | 0 | 0 |
| | Tangible fixed assets in | | | | |
| | total | 1.541.100 | 1.634.282 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | Equity investments in group enterprises | 0 | 0 | 794.767 | 833.358 |
| | Financial fixed assets in | | | | |
| | total | 0 | 0 | 794.767 | 833.358 |
| | Fixed assets in total | 1.541.100 | 1.634.282 | 794.767 | 833.358 |
| | Current assets | | | | |
| | Trade debtors | 1.278 | 731 | 0 | 0 |
| | Other debtors | 8.022 | 18.330 | 0 | 0 |
| | Debtors in total | 9.300 | 19.061 | 0 | 0 |
| | Available funds | 37.545 | 28.803 | 26.869 | 16.158 |
| | Current assets in total | 46.845 | 47.864 | 26.869 | 16.158 |
| | Assets in total | 1.587.945 | 1.682.146 | 821.636 | 849.516 |

Balance sheet 30 September

| Ea | uity | and | lia | bili | ties |
|----|------|------|-----|------|------|
| | | **** | | ~ | |

| Note | e - | Gro 2018 | oup2017 | Parent c 2018 | ompany 2017 |
|------|---|-------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| | Equity | | | | |
| | Contributed capital | 50.038 | 50.038 | 50.038 | 50.038 |
| | Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method | 0 | 0 | 569.033 | 607.624 |
| | Results brought forward | 743.136 | 782.124 | 174.103 | 174.500 |
| | Equity in total | 793.174 | 832.162 | 793.174 | 832.162 |
| | Provisions | | | | |
| | Provisions for deferred tax | 236.864 | 246.344 | 0 | 0 |
| | Provisions in total | 236.864 | 246.344 | 0 | 0 |
| | Liabilities | | | | |
| 8 | Mortgage debt | 455.025 | 450.078 | 0 | 0 |
| | Long-term liabilities in | | | | |
| | total | 455.025 | 450.078 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | Liabilities | 67.241 | 48.704 | 0 | 0 |
| | Bank debts | 62 | 160 | 0 | 1 |
| | Trade creditors | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | Debt to group enterprises | 23.525 | 99.388 | 27.989 | 16.882 |
| | Corporate tax | 7.010 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Other debts | 5.044 | 5.306 | 473 | <u>471</u> |
| | Short-term liabilities in | | | | |
| | total | 102.882 | 153.562 | 28.462 | 17.354 |
| | Liabilities in total | 557.907 | 603.640 | 28.462 | 17.354 |
| | Equity and liabilities in | | | | |
| | total | 1.587.945 | 1.682.146 | 821.636 | 849.516 |

- 1 Financial statement uncertainties
- 9 Mortgage and securities
- 10 Contingencies
- 11 Related parties

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

EUR in thousands.

| | Contributed capital | Results brought forward | In total |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Equity 1 October 2016 | 50.038 | 735.878 | 785.916 |
| Profit or loss for the year brought forward | 0 | 45.763 | 45.763 |
| Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments | 0 | 483 | 483 |
| Equity 1 October 2017 | 50.038 | 782.124 | 832.162 |
| Profit or loss for the year brought forward | 0 | -38.988 | -38.988 |
| | 50.038 | 743.136 | 793.174 |

Statement of changes in equity of the parent company

| - | Contributed capital | Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method | Results brought forward | In total |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------|
| Equity 1 October 2016 | 50.038 | 559.791 | 176.087 | 785.916 |
| Share of results | 0 | 47.833 | -2.070 | 45.763 |
| Fair value adjustment of hedging | | | | |
| instruments | 0 | 0 | 483 | 483 |
| Equity 1 October 2017 | 50.038 | 607.624 | 174.500 | 832.162 |
| Share of results | 0 | -38.591 | -397 | -38.988 |
| _ | 50.038 | 569.033 | 174.103 | 793.174 |

Cash flow statement 1 October - 30 September

| | | Group | |
|------|---|----------|---------|
| Note | | 2017/18 | 2016/17 |
| | | | |
| | Results for the year | -38.988 | 45.763 |
| 12 | Adjustments | -48.995 | -48.816 |
| 13 | Change in working capital | -59.457 | -22.739 |
| | Cash flow from operating activities before net financials | -147.440 | -25.792 |
| | Interest received and similar amounts | 4 | 9 |
| | Interest paid and similar amounts | -11.547 | -14.424 |
| | Cash flow from ordinary activities | -158.983 | -40.207 |
| | Cash flow from operating activities | -158.983 | -40.207 |
| | Purchase of tangible fixed assets | -558.618 | 14.105 |
| | Sale of tangible fixed assets | 703.495 | 36.797 |
| | Cash flow from investment activities | 144.877 | 50.902 |
| | Raising of long-term debts | 88.172 | 4.039 |
| | Repayments of long-term debt | -65.155 | 0 |
| | Other cash flows from financing activities | 0 | 5.976 |
| | Cash flow from financing activities | 23.017 | 10.015 |
| | Changes in available funds | 8.911 | 20.710 |
| | Available funds 1 October 2017 | 28.634 | 7.933 |
| | Available funds 30 September 2018 | 37.545 | 28.643 |
| | | | |
| | Available funds | | |
| | Available funds | 37.545 | 28.643 |
| | Available funds 30 September 2018 | 37.545 | 28.643 |

EUR in thousands.

1. Financial statement uncertainties

It is management's expectation that a positive cash flow will be created through renting out and/or selling of the group's properties, whereby the group will be able to meets its liabilities. Further, the group's parent company has provided a letter of support, expiring September 30th, 2019, in which they declare to ensure that there will be sufficient funds in the group to cover its current operations.

The group's properties is primarily development properties and it is therefore difficult to provide a reliable basis for the valuation as the present operational result does not reflect the market value of the properties.

| | | Grou | Group | | pany |
|----|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 2017/18 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2016/17 |
| 2. | Net turnover | | | | |
| | Rental income | 8.496 | 10.387 | 0 | 375 |
| | | 8.496 | 10.387 | 0 | 375 |

3. Staff costs

The group has employeed 2 employees in the year. None of the employees have been remunerated.

4. Tax on ordinary results

| | -1.488 | 18.824 | 88 | 0 |
|---|--------|--------|----|---|
| Adjustment for the year of deferred tax | -8.981 | 18.824 | 0 | 0 |
| Tax of the results for the year | 7.493 | 0 | 88 | 0 |

| | | Parent company | |
|----|---|----------------|---------|
| | | 2017/18 | 2016/17 |
| 5. | Proposed distribution of the results | | |
| | Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method | -38.591 | 47.833 |
| | Allocated from results brought forward | -397 | -2.070 |
| | Distribution in total | -38.988 | 45.763 |

EUR in thousands.

| | | Group | | Parent company | |
|----|---|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| | | 30/9 2018 | 30/9 2017 | 30/9 2018 | 30/9 2017 |
| 6. | Investment property | | | | |
| | Cost 1 October 2017 | 628.029 | 632.910 | 0 | 0 |
| | Additions during the year | 552.991 | 14.105 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals during the year | -216.518 | -18.986 | 0 | 0 |
| | Cost 30 September 2018 | 964.502 | 628.029 | 0 | 0 |
| | Fair value adjustment 1 October 2017 | 1.006.253 | 990.882 | 0 | 0 |
| | Adjust of the year to fair value | 59.159 | 82.055 | 0 | 0 |
| | Adjustment of previous adjustment to fair value | 0 | -48.873 | 0 | 0 |
| | Adjustment to fair value, assets disposed of | -488.814 | -17.811 | 0 | 0 |
| | Fair value adjustment 30 | | | | |
| | September 2018 | 576.598 | 1.006.253 | 0 | 0 |
| | Book value 30 September | | | | |
| | 2018 | 1.541.100 | 1.634.282 | 0 | 0 |

The properties are measured either using a return-based model, by which the expected future cash flows for the next year along with a rate of return determined by an external assessor form the basis for the fair value of the properties, or measured by using a square meter based model. The square meter prices are made on the basis of market statistics, trades and management's knowledge of the property market in general. Compared to the latest financial year, the method of measurement used remains unchanged.

In calculation the properties fair value, using a return-based model, a discount rate between 2,75 - 3,5 has been used.

| | | Group 30/9 2018 | 30/9 2017 | Parent cor 30/9 2018 | mpany 30/9 2017 |
|----|---|-----------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 7. | Equity investments in group enterprises | | | | |
| | Acquisition sum, opening | | | | |
| | balance 1 October 2017 | 0 | 0 | 225.734 | 225.734 |
| | Cost 30 September 2018 | | 0 | 225.734 | 225.734 |
| | Revaluations, opening balance 1 October 2017 | 0 | 0 | 607.624 | 561.035 |
| | Results for the year before goodwill amortisation | 0 | 0 | -38.591 | 46.106 |
| | Other movements in capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 483 |
| | Revaluation 30 | | | | 103 |
| | September 2018 | 0 | 0 | 569.033 | 607.624 |
| | • – | | | | , |
| | Book value 30 September | | | | |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 794.767 | 833.358 |
| | Group enterprises: | | | Domicile | Share of ownership |
| | 4 Dua Dumbat Daria I Ame | | | | 100 % |
| | 4 Rue Duphot Paris I ApS 5 Rue Beaujon Paris VIII ApS | | | Copenhagen Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 5 Avenue Bosquet Paris VII ApS | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 5 Rue du Boccador Paris VIII Ap | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 7 Rue du Boccador Paris VIII Ap | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 8 Av. D'Eylau - 7-11 Raymond Poincaré Paris | | | Copemiagen | 100 70 |
| | XVI ApS | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 11 Rue Saint Dominique Paris V | II ApS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 13 Rue Alphonse De Neuville Pa | ris XVI ApS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 15 Rue de Chernoviz Paris XVI | ApS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 18 Bis Rue D'Anjou Paris VIII A | pS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 18 Rue Godot De Mauroy Paris 2 | XI ApS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 19 Rue François 1er Paris VIII A | pS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 34 Avenue Marceua Paris VIII A | pS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 43 Rue Descamps Paris XVI Aps | S | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 61 Avenue Marceau XVI ApS | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 63 Avenue Des Champs Elysees Paris VIII (II) | | | | |
| | ApS | | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 63 Avenue Des Champs Elysees | - | | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| | 63 Boulevard des Batignolles Par | rıs VIII ApS | | Copenhagen | 100 % |

EUR in thousands.

| 66 Rue Pierre Charron Paris VIII ApS | Copenhagen | 100 % |
|---|------------|-------|
| 98 Rue Pierre Demours Paris XVII ApS | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| 130 Rue du Faubourg Saint Honoré Paris VIII | | |
| ApS | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| 48-50 Rue Pierre Charron VIII ApS | Copenhagen | 100 % |
| Boccador-Tremoille SC | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 9 Rue du Boccador SCI | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 11-13 Rue Duphot Paris I SC | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 8-10 Clement Marot SC | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 24-26 Tremoille 12 Clement Marot SC | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 28-30 Rue de la Tremoille Paris SNC | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 9 Rue de Boccador Paris VIII SARL | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 11-13 Rue Duphot Paris I SARL | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| 28-30 Rue de la Tremoille Paris VIII SARL | Luxembourg | 100 % |
| | | |

8. Liabilities

| | | Outstanding | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Instalments first year | debt after 5 years | Debt in total 30 Sep 2018 | Debt in total 30 Sep 2017 |
| Group | | _ | | |
| Mortgage debt | 67.241 | 16.412 | 522.266 | 498.782 |
| | 67.241 | 16.412 | 522.266 | 498.782 |

9. Mortgage and securities

As security for mortgage debts, t.EUR 522.266, mortgage has been granted on land and buildings representing a book value of t.EUR 1.541.100 at 30 September 2018

10. Contingencies

Joint taxation

The company is the administration company of the group of companies subject to the French scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

EUR in thousands.

10. Contingencies (continued)

Joint taxation (continued)

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.

11. Related parties

| C 4 111 | • 4 4 |
|-------------|-------------|
| Controlling | interest |
| | III CEI CEC |

Prime Paris Portfolio S.A.

Majority shareholder

55, Avenue de la Liberté

L-1930 Luxembourg

ABN AMRO Life S.A.

Ultimate parent company
46 Avenue J.F. Kennedy
L-1855 Luxembourg

Group 2017/18 2016/17 Adjustments 12. Other financial income -2 -9 Other financial costs 11.547 14.424 Value adjustments of assets held for investment -59.052 -82.055 Tax on ordinary results -1.48818.824 -48.995 -48.816 Change in working capital 13. Change in debtors 9.761 -7.701 Change in trade creditors and other liabilities -69.218 -15.521 Other changes in working capital 483 -59.457 -22.739