



Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS

Adelgade 15, 2.
1304 Copenhagen K
CVR No. 30538277

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 27.05.2024

Emil Skov
Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS
Adelgade 15, 2.
1304 Copenhagen K

Business Registration No.: 30538277
Registered office: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Board of Directors

Peter Matzen Drachmann, Chairman of the Board
Marco Geisler
Albert Cornelis Tol
Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Executive Board

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 27.05.2024

Executive Board

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Board of Directors

Peter Matzen Drachmann
Chairman of the Board

Marco Geisler

Albert Cornelis Tol

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 27.05.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

Thomas Frommelt Hertz

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne31543

Management commentary

Primary activities

The objective of the Company is to acquire, develop, possess and sell real estate, and perform other related business.

Development in activities and finances

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 showed a loss of DKK 2,237 thousand and the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2023 showed equity of DKK (28,551) thousand.

The Company has lost its share capital. In order to ensure the Company's continued operations, Byggefelt H, Tegllholmen Parkering ApS has received a letter of support from BIF II SCS SICAV-SIF ensuring sufficient liquidity to the Company to settle its obligations as they fall due at least until the annual general meeting in 2025 when the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2024 will be approved.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

As the company is engaged in development of investment properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general level of interest rates and economic conditions. For a description of significant assumptions for the fair value recognition as 31 December 2023 please refer to note 5.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Gross profit/loss		20,542	115,160
Fair value adjustments of investment property		(100,000)	(1,475,000)
Operating profit/loss		(79,458)	(1,359,840)
Other financial income	2	16,875	6,827
Other financial expenses	3	(2,149,923)	(1,117,308)
Profit/loss before tax		(2,212,506)	(2,470,321)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(24,472)	51,152
Profit/loss for the year		(2,236,978)	(2,419,169)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(2,236,978)	(2,419,169)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(2,236,978)	(2,419,169)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Investment property		15,225,000	15,325,000
Property, plant and equipment	5	15,225,000	15,325,000
Fixed assets		15,225,000	15,325,000
Trade receivables		44,997	40,227
Receivables from group enterprises		354,382	337,507
Deferred tax		306,540	331,012
Other receivables		27,640	0
Receivables		733,559	708,746
Cash		841,853	806,857
Current assets		1,575,412	1,515,603
Assets		16,800,412	16,840,603

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(28,601,231)	(26,364,253)
Equity		(28,551,231)	(26,314,253)
Deposits		50,308	67,200
Trade payables		23,520	18,917
Payables to group enterprises		45,144,590	42,994,848
Other payables		133,225	73,891
Current liabilities other than provisions		45,351,643	43,154,856
Liabilities other than provisions		45,351,643	43,154,856
Equity and liabilities		16,800,412	16,840,603
Going concern	1		
Employees	6		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Related parties with controlling interest	8		

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(26,364,253)	(26,314,253)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(2,236,978)	(2,236,978)
Equity end of year	50,000	(28,601,231)	(28,551,231)

Notes

1 Going concern

The Company has lost its share capital.

In order to ensure the Company's continued operations, Byggefelt H, Teglholmen Parkering ApS has received a letter of support from BIF II SCS SICAV-SIF ensuring sufficient liquidity to the Company to settle its obligations as they fall due at least until the annual general meeting in 2025 when the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2024 will be approved.

2 Other financial income

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	16,875	6,827
	16,875	6,827

3 Other financial expenses

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	2,149,742	1,109,950
Other interest expenses	178	0
Other financial expenses	3	7,358
	2,149,923	1,117,308

4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	24,472	(51,152)
	24,472	(51,152)

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Investment property DKK
Cost beginning of year	38,572,526
Cost end of year	38,572,526
Fair value adjustments beginning of year	(23,247,526)
Fair value adjustments for the year	(100,000)
Fair value adjustments end of year	(23,347,526)
Carrying amount end of year	15,225,000

The company's investment property is a parking lot with 88 parking places located in Copenhagen SV. The

parking lot is in the context of a residential property owned by the parent company.

The investment property, cf. the description of accounting policies, is measured at fair value based on a discounted cash flow valuation model.

Yield, which are the basis for the terminal value and discount rate is fixed for the individual property in consideration of location, condition, tenant mix, non-terminability profile, tenants' standing and on an estimate of how the general property market is developing.

Yield used for the valuation at 31 December 2023 is 3,5% (2022: 3.85%). An increase in the required rate of return by 0.5% points will reduce the fair value by approx. 1,9 mio.DKK.

A decrease in the required rate of return by 0.5% will increase the fair value by approx. 2,5 mio.DKK.

An external appraiser has been used to determine the fair value.

6 Employees

The Entity has no employees except for the CEO.

7 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Ejendomsselskabet PADK-2 ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

8 Related parties with controlling interest

The financial statements of Byggefelt H, Teglholmen Parkering ApS is included in the consolidated financial statements of BIF II SCS SICAV-SIF, 2-4 Rue Beck L-1222 Luxembourg, where they can be obtained.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises rental income and external expenses.

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities, including profit from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, and salary refunds.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Property costs

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by using the DCF model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. To determine expected cash flows, the budgeted cash flows for each property is used including increases in price and rent levels, as well as a calculated terminal value which reflects the amount of normalised cash flows expected to be generated by the property after the budget period. The cash flows so calculated are discounted to net present value by using a discount rate that is estimated to reflect current market required yield rates for similar properties inclusive of expected inflation.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.