

Byggefelt H, Tegholmen Parkering ApS

Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3.
2500 Copenhagen
CVR No. 30538277

Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 12.05.2021

A handwritten signature in blue ink, consisting of several fluid, overlapping strokes that form a recognizable name.

Kasper Hjort Midtgaard
Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Byggefelt H, Teglholmen Parkering ApS
Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3.
2500 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 30538277

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

Board of Directors

Peter Matzen Drachmann, Chairman of the Board
Marco Geisler
Louise Hertz

Executive Board

Louise Hertz, Chief Executive Officer

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Byggefelt H, Tegllholmen Parkering ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

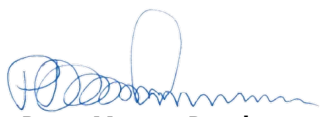
Copenhagen, 12.05.2021

Executive Board



Louise Hertz
Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors



Peter Matzen Drachmann
Chairman of the Board



Marco Geisler



Louise Hertz

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Byggefelt H, Tegllholmen Parkering ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Byggefelt H, Tegllholmen Parkering ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 12.05.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556



Thomas Hermann

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne26740

Management commentary

Primary activities

The objective of the Company is to acquire, develop, possess and sell real estate, and perform other related business.

Development in activities and finances

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 showed a loss of DKK 240 thousand and the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2020 showed equity of DKK -26,138 thousand.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization upgraded the public health emergency caused by the SARSCoV-2 virus (commonly known as coronavirus or COVID-19) to an international pandemic. COVID-19 spread rapidly to many countries and is still active today. The international developments have resulted in an unprecedented health, social and economic crisis.

Events after the balance sheet date

Considering all the aspects described above and after assessing the situation, the Board of Managers considers that there are no impairments at the time of preparation of these annual accounts on current and non-current assets reflected in the balance sheet that have not been recorded at year-end December 31, 2020, although, depending on the future assessment, events could occur that would be adjusted prospectively in the next fiscal year.

Income statement for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Gross profit/loss		251,770	244,019
Fair value adjustments of investment property		675,000	(4,000,000)
Other operating expenses		(797)	0
Operating profit/loss		925,973	(3,755,981)
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(1,342,140)	(1,257,162)
Other financial expenses	2	(11,045)	(16,494)
Profit/loss before tax		(427,212)	(5,029,637)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	186,880	226,520
Profit/loss for the year		(240,332)	(4,803,117)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(240,332)	(4,803,117)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(240,332)	(4,803,117)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

Assets

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Investment property		14,675,000	14,000,000
Property, plant and equipment	4	14,675,000	14,000,000
Fixed assets		14,675,000	14,000,000
Receivables from group enterprises		0	1,703
Deferred tax		459,196	456,890
Other receivables		4,005	12,656
Joint taxation contribution receivable		184,574	0
Prepayments		0	21,651
Receivables		647,775	492,900
Cash		560,468	296,523
Current assets		1,208,243	789,423
Assets		15,883,243	14,789,423

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(26,187,901)	(25,947,569)
Equity		(26,137,901)	(25,897,569)
Deposits		55,240	53,020
Trade payables		31,875	62,616
Payables to group enterprises		41,883,188	40,543,461
Other payables		50,841	27,895
Current liabilities other than provisions		42,021,144	40,686,992
Liabilities other than provisions		42,021,144	40,686,992
Equity and liabilities		15,883,243	14,789,423

Going concern	1
Working conditions	5
Contingent liabilities	6
Related parties with controlling interest	7

Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(25,947,569)	(25,897,569)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(240,332)	(240,332)
Equity end of year	50,000	(26,187,901)	(26,137,901)

Notes

1 Going concern

The Company has lost more than half of its share capital.

In order to ensure the Company's continued operations, Byggefelt H, Tegelholmen Parkering ApS has received a letter of support from BIF II SCS SICAV-SIF ensuring sufficient liquidity to the Company to settle its obligations as they fall due at least until the annual general meeting in 2022 when the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2021 will be approved.

2 Other financial expenses

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Other financial expenses	11,045	16,494
	11,045	16,494

3 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Change in deferred tax	(2,306)	(226,520)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(184,574)	0
	(186,880)	(226,520)

4 Property, plant and equipment

	Investment property DKK
Cost beginning of year	38,572,526
Cost end of year	38,572,526
Revaluations for the year	675,000
Revaluations end of year	675,000
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(24,572,526)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(24,572,526)
Carrying amount end of year	14,675,000

The company's investment property is a parking lot with 88 parking places located in Copenhagen SV. The parking lot is in the context of a residential property owned by the parent company.

The investment property, cf. the description of accounting policies, is measured at fair value based on a discounted cash flow valuation model.

Yield, which are the basis for the terminal value and discount rate is fixed for the individual property in consideration of location, condition, tenant mix, non-terminability profile, tenants' standing and on an estimate of how the general property market is developing.

Yield used for the valuation at 31 December 2019 is 3.7% (2018: 3.7%). An increase in the required rate of return by 0.5% points will reduce the fair value by approx. 1,7 mio.DKK.

A decrease in the required rate of return by 0.5% will increase the fair value by approx. 2,2 mio.DKK.

An external appraiser has been used to determine the fair value.

5 Working conditions

The Entity has no employees except for the CEO.

6 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Ejendomsselskabet PADK-2 ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

7 Related parties with controlling interest

The financial statements of Byggefelt H, Tegllholmen Parkering ApS is included in the consolidated financial statements of BIF II SCS SICAV-SIF, 2-4 Rue Beck L-1222 Luxembourg, where they can be obtained.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Property costs

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by using the DCF model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. To determine expected cash flows, the budgeted cash flows for each property is used including increases in price and rent levels, as well as a calculated terminal value which reflects the amount of normalised cash flows expected to be generated by the property after the budget period. The cash flows so calculated are discounted to net present value by using a discount rate that is estimated to reflect current market required yield rates for similar properties inclusive of expected inflation.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. # However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.