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NIEDERHOFER CAPITAL ApS

Frederiksgade 7, 3. 1265 Copenhagen K CVR No. 30536568

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.06.2024

Maximilian Wilfried Georg Jochen Niederhofer

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

NIEDERHOFER CAPITAL ApS Frederiksgade 7, 3. 1265 Copenhagen K

Business Registration No.: 30536568

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Christian Lindegaard Jepsen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

I have today considered and approved the annual report of NIEDERHOFER CAPITAL ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 26.06.2024

Executive Board

Christian Lindegaard Jepsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of NIEDERHOFER CAPITAL ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NIEDERHOFER CAPITAL ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 26.06.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company is to hold shares in companies in the Heartcore Capital structure.

The Company has had no employees during the year.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK '000
Other external expenses		(38)	(19)
Gross profit/loss		(38)	(19)
Income from investments in associates		1,390	3,965
Income from investments in participating interests		4,753	32,026
Impairment losses on financial assets		(341)	0
Other financial expenses		(2)	(66)
Profit/loss for the year		5,762	35,906
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		1,800	1,000
Retained earnings		3,962	34,906
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		5,762	35,906

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Investments in associates		14,679	13,780
Investments in participating interests		2,435	962
Financial assets	1	17,114	14,742
Fixed assets		17,114	14,742
Receivables from associates		3	3
Receivables		3	3
Cash		4,974	7,283
Current assets		4,977	7,286
Assets		22,091	22,028

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital		50	50
Retained earnings		20,228	20,959
Proposed dividend		1,800	1,000
Equity		22,078	22,009
Other payables		13	19
Current liabilities other than provisions		13	19
Liabilities other than provisions		13	19
Equity and liabilities		22,091	22,028

Employees 2

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity beginning of year	DKK'000	7,082	DKK'000 20,959	1,000	DKK'000 29,091
Changes in accounting policies	0	(7,082)	0	0	(7,082)
Adjusted equity beginning of year	50	0	20,959	1,000	22,009
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(1,000)	(1,000)
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(4,693)	0	(4,693)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	3,962	1,800	5,762
Equity end of year	50	0	20,228	1,800	22,078

Notes

1 Financial assets

	Investments	
	in	in participa-
	associates	ting interests
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	13,780	962
Transfers	(19)	20
Additions	1,259	1,453
Cost end of year	15,020	2,435
Revaluations beginning of year	6,334	750
Changes in accounting policies	(6,334)	(750)
Revaluations end of year	0	0
Impairment losses for the year	(341)	0
Impairment losses end of year	(341)	0
Carrying amount end of year	14,679	2,435

			Equity
		Corporate	interest
Investments in associates	Registered in	form	%
Sunstone TV Partners Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	18.34
Heartcore Capital A/S	Copenhagen	A/S	23.53
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner III ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	29.73
Heartcore Capital General Partner III ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	29.73
Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	33.33
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner Alpha ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	31.40
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner IV ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	23.42
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner Beta ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	23.50

			Equity
		Corporate	interest
Investments in participating interests	Registered in	form	%
Sunstone TV Partners & Co. Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	13.75
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner II Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	16.40
Sunstone LSV (TV) Special Limited Partner III ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	17.47
Heartcore Capital Invest II Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	15.14
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner Web3 ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	12.60
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner Growth III ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	17.05
Heartcore Capital Special Limited Partner V ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	18.80

2 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Changes in accounting policies

The Entity has changed its accounting policies with regard to the measurement of investments in associates and investments in participating interests. The measurement of the relevant assets has been changed from equity method to cost. The reason for the change is that management does not have sufficient information to allocate the equity value in underlying companies to different share classes. Thus, it is management's assessment that cost as a measurement method provides a more accurate picture of the company's assets and liabilities, financial position, and profitability.

Based on the reason for the change in accounting policy, it is not possible to determine the effect of the change in accounting policy on the company's assets and liabilities, financial position, and results for the year.

The effect of the change in accounting policy affects the comparative figures by a decrease in investments in associates and investments in participating interest of DKK 6.334 thousand and DKK 750 thousand respectively. The effect of the change in accounting policy has been recognized in the equity at the beginning of the period with a corresponding amount. The change in accounting policy has affected the prior year's result before tax by DKK 505 thousand. The change has no effect on the current or deferred tax for the year in the comparative figures.

The comparative figures have been restated following the change in accounting policies.

Apart from the areas mentioned above, the annual report has been presented applying the accounting policies consistently with last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include corporate costs etc.

Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises dividend etc. received from the individual associates in the financial year.

Income from investments in participating interests

Income from investments in participating interests comprises dividend etc. received from the individual participating interests in the financial year.

Impairment losses on financial assets

Impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and bank charges etc.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.