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DEPT DESIGN & TECHNOLOGY APS LANGEBROGADE 6E 1., 1411 KØBENHAVN K ANNUAL REPORT

1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 27 June 2022

Peter Risborg

The English part of this document is an unofficial translation of the original Danish text, and in case of any discrepancy between the Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.



CONTENTS

	Page
Company Details	
Company Details	3
Statement and Report	
Management's Statement	4
The Independent Auditor's Report	5-6
Management Commentary	
Management Commentary	7
Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December	
Income Statement	8
Balance Sheet	9-10
Equity	11
Notes	12-13
Accounting Policies	14-16



COMPANY DETAILS

Company Dept Design & Technology ApS

Langebrogade 6E 1. 1411 Copenhagen K

CVR No.: 30 53 07 48
Established: 1 October 2008
Municipality: Copenhagen

Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Francios Louis Schmid

Executive Board Jonas Roland Therkildsen

Peter Risborg

Auditor BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

Havneholmen 29 1561 Copenhagen V



MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

Francios Louis Schmid

Today the Board of Directors and Executive Board have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Dept Design & Technology ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Management Commentary includes in our opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the Commentary.

We recommend the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2022

Executive Board

Jonas Roland Therkildsen Peter Risborg

Board of Directors



THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Dept Design & Technology ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Dept Design & Technology ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, Balance Sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR - Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of Financial Statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the Financial Statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Statement on the Management Commentary

Management is responsible for the Management Commentary.

Our conclusion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Management Commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the Management Commentary is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management Commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management Commentary is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management Commentary.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2022

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab CVR no. 20 22 26 70

Søren Søndergaard Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne32069



MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

Principal activities

The principal activities comprise sales of digital marketing services.

Development in activities and financial and economic position

Management would like to draw attention to the fact that current financial year 2021 covers a period of 12 months compared to 15 months in the financial year 2020.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the Company's financial position.



INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
GROSS PROFIT		21.485.306	23.845.097
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	1	-14.419.111 -140.442	-14.301.850 -145.866
OPERATING PROFIT		6.925.753	9.397.381
Other financial income Other financial expenses	2	10.161 -88.755	2.784 -84.942
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		6.847.159	9.315.223
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-1.554.544	-2.057.103
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		5.292.615	7.258.120
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT			
Proposed dividend for the year		0 5.292.615	7.258.120 0
TOTAL		5.292.615	7.258.120



BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Other plant, machinery tools and equipmentLeasehold improvements		125.070 107.995	125.293 137.142
Property, plant and equipment	4	233.065	262.435
Rent deposit and other receivablesFinancial non-current assets	5	0 0	187.862 187.862
	3	· ·	107,002
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		233.065	450.297
Trade receivables		7.354.157	5.325.273
Receivables from group enterprises		3.901.532	1.603.936
Deferred tax assets Other receivables		6.727 4.400	35.452 31.905
Corporation tax receivable		422.350	0
Prepayments		16.209	6.289
Receivables		11.705.375	7.002.855
Cash and cash equivalents		2.844.550	14.504.413
CURRENT ASSETS		14.549.925	21.507.268
ASSETS		14.782.990	21.957.565



BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Share capital		125.000 9.409.419 0	125.000 4.116.804 7.258.120
EQUITY		9.534.419	11.499.924
Other non-current liabilities	6	0 0	1.118.256 1.118.256
Bank debt. Prepayments from customers. Trade payables. Debt to Group companies. Corporation tax payable. Other liabilities. Current liabilities.		0 853.985 147.155 1.238.813 0 3.008.618 5.248.571	6.743 2.116.429 477.898 1.126.598 1.614.867 3.996.850 9.339.385
LIABILITIES		5.248.571	10.457.641
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		14.782.990	21.957.565

Contingencies etc.

7



EQUITY

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	125.000	4.116.804	7.258.120	11.499.924
Proposed profit allocation		5.292.615		5.292.615
Transactions with owners Dividend paid			-7.258.120	-7.258.120
Equity at 31 December 2021	125.000	9.409.419	0	9.534.419



NOTES

			Note
	2021 DKK	2020 DKK	
Staff costs Average number of employees	26	21	1
Wages and salaries. Pensions. Social security costs. Other staff costs.	12.909.238 1.078.532 112.782 318.559	12.883.897 385.221 239.452 793.280	
	14.419.111	14.301.850	
Other financial expenses Other interest expenses	88.755	84.942	2
	88.755	84.942	
Tax on profit/loss for the year Calculated tax on taxable income of the year Adjustment of tax in previous years Adjustment of deferred tax	1.477.650 48.169 28.725 1.554.544	2.098.868 -1.242 -40.523 2.057.103	3
Property, plant and equipment			4
	Other plant, machinery tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements	
Cost at 1 January 2021	785.464 111.071 -5.654 890.881	294.482 0 0 294.482	
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2021	654.516 -5.654 116.949 765.811	157.340 0 29.147 186.487	
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	125.070	107.995	

7



NOTES

					Note
Financial non-current assets					5
				nt deposit and er receivables	
Cost at 1 January 2021			• • • • • • • • •	187.862 -187.862	
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	•••••	•••••	•••••	0	
Long-term liabilities			Debt		6
	31/12 2021 total liabilities	Repayment next year		31/12 2020 otal liabilities	
Other non-current liabilities	. 0	0	0	1.118.256	
	0	0	0	1.118.256	

Contingencies etc.

Joint liabilities

The company is jointly and severally liable together with the Parent Company and the other group companies in the joint taxable group for tax on the group's joint taxable income and for certain possible withholding taxes, such as dividend tax, etc.

Tax payable on the Group's joint taxable income is stated in the annual report of Dept Denmark Holding ApS, which serves as management company for the joint taxation.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report of Dept Design & Technology ApS for 2021 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and certain provisions applying to reporting class C.

The Annual Report is prepared consistently with the accounting principles applied last year, except for the following changes.

INCOME STATEMENT

Net revenue

Sale of services is generally recognised on the basis of a measurable degree of completion, using straight-line recognition of services delivered over time in a regular pattern. Where the degree of completion is not measurable or the sales value or the total costs of completion are uncertain, revenue is recognised by the amount that the enterprise as a maximum believes to have a right to claim and is expected to be received for services delivered at the Balance Sheet date.

Net revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT and less duties and discounts related to the sale.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprise costs incurred to achieve the net revenue for the year, including external consultancy costs.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include other production, sales, delivery and administrative costs, including costs of energy, marketing, premises, loss on bad debts, lease expenses, etc

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday pay and pensions, and other costs of social security etc., for the Company's employees. Repayments from public authorities are deducted from staff costs.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from securities, debt and transactions in foreign currencies, as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised by the amounts that relate to the financial year. Interest income and expenses are calculated on amortised cost prices.

Tax

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the Income Statement by the share that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in equity by the share that may be attributed to entries directly to equity.

BALANCE SHEET

Tangible fixed assets

Other plant, fixtures and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciation base is cost less estimated residual value after end of useful life.

The cost includes the acquisition price and costs incurred directly in connection with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be used.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of an assessment of the expected useful lives of the assets and their residual value:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other plant, fixtures and equipment	3 vears	0 %
Leasehold improvements	10 vears	0 %

Profit or loss on sale of tangible fixed assets is stated as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale. Profit or loss is recognised in the Income Statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Fixed asset investments

Deposits include rental deposits which are recognised and measured at cost. Deposits are not depreciated.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of tangible assets together with fixed assets, which are not measured at fair value, are assessed annually for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, the asset is written down to the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the capital value and the selling price less the expected costs of a sale. The capital value is stated at the present value of the expected net cash flows from a continued use of the asset or group of assets and the expected proceeds from sale of the asset or group of assets after the end of its useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is written down to meet expected losses.

Accruals, assets

Accruals recognised as assets include costs incurred relating to the subsequent financial year.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the Balance Sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

The Company is subject to joint taxation with Danish Group companies. The current corporation tax is distributed among the joint taxable companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full allocation and refund related to tax losses. The joint taxable companies are included in the tax-on-account scheme. Joint taxation contributions receivable and payable are recognised in the Balance Sheet under current assets and liabilities, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the amount at which the asset is expected to be used within a reasonable number of years, either by setoff against tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the Balance Sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in the deferred tax resulting from changes in tax rates, are recognised in the income statement, except from items recognised directly in equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time of borrowing by the amount of proceeds received less transaction costs. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value when using the effective interest, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value being recognised in the Income Statement over the loan period.

The amortised cost of current liabilities corresponds usually to the nominal value.