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Clipper Lines A/S

Sundkrogsgade 19 2100 København Ø CVR No. 29930570

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.08.2020

Thomas Martinussen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Clipper Lines A/S Sundkrogsgade 19 2100 København Ø

CVR No.: 29930570

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Frank Gülnar Jensen, Chairman Peter Norborg, CEO Henrik Lund Dal

Executive Board

Peter Norborg, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P. O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Clipper Lines A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.08.2020

Executive Board

Peter Norborg

CEO

Board of Directors

Frank Gülnar Jensen

Chairman

Peter Norborg

CEO

Henrik Lund Dal

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Clipper Lines A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Clipper Lines A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 31.08.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Kim Takata Mücke

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne10944

Bjarne Iver Jørgensen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35659

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company has been without activities in 2019.

Development in activities and finances

The financial year shows a profit of USD 1k, which is as expected.

The Company has a negative equity at December 31 2019, which is covered by debt to group companies.

The Company is a part of the Clipper Group financing scheme which provides the Company with sufficient funds to publish the financial statement on a going concern basis.

As the Company is without activities, the Company will decide whether the share capital is to be recovered or if the Company must be dissolved.

Events after the balance sheet date

The outbreak of COVID-19 has not affected the Company's activities. No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	USD'000	USD'000
Gross profit/loss		(3)	(125)
Profit/loss before tax		(3)	(125)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	4	28
Profit/loss for the year		1	(97)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		1	(97)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		1	(97)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

	Notes	2019	2018
		USD'000	USD'000
Receivables from group enterprises		202	202
Joint taxation contribution receivable		4	12
Receivables		206	214
Cash		3	4
Current assets		209	218
Assets		209	218

Equity and liabilities

		2019	2018
	Notes	USD'000	USD'000
Contributed capital	2	901	901
Retained earnings		(2,444)	(2,445)
Equity		(1,543)	(1,544)
Payables to group enterprises		1,571	1,580
Other payables		181	182
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,752	1,762
Liabilities other than provisions		1,752	1,762
Equity and liabilities		209	218
Contingent liabilities	3		
Group relations	4		

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital USD'000	Retained earnings USD'000	Total USD'000
Equity beginning of year	901	(2,445)	(1,544)
Profit/loss for the year	0	1	1
Equity end of year	901	(2,444)	(1,543)

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Notes

1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2019	2018
	USD'000	USD'000
Current tax	(4)	(12)
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	(16)
	(4)	(28)

2 Share capital

		Nominal value
	Number	USD'000
Contributed Capital	5	901
	5	901

3 Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Clipper Group Ltd. serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies and for income taxes for the jointly taxed companies.

4 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Clipper Group A/S
Sundkrogsgade 19
2100 København Ø

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year. As the Company's functional currency is USD, the annual report has been presented using USD as the reporting currency. The exchange rate used for DKK against USD is 6.67 at December 31, 2019 (2018: 6.52).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue loss and external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include various corporate expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and

doubtful debts.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.