

AMCO Solutions ApS

Vester Farimagsgade 2, 1.

1606 København V

CVR no. 29 79 56 30

Annual report for 2023

Adopted at the annual general
meeting on 1 July 2024

Lars Ring
chairman

Table of contents

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company details	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements	
Accounting policies	7
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	11
Balance sheet 31 December	12
Notes	14

Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of AMCO Solutions ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen V, 1 July 2024

Executive board

Lars Ring
Director

Lars Jesper Kamstrup
director

Supervisory board

Lars Ring
chairman

Lars Jesper Kamstrup

Jesper Hansen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of AMCO Solutions ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AMCO Solutions ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 1 July 2024

Lægård Revision
Statsautoriseret revisionsfirma
CVR no. 18 43 70 82

Thomas Lehmann Jensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34128

Company details

The company

AMCO Solutions ApS
Vester Farimagsgade 2, 1.
1606 København V

CVR no.: 29 79 56 30

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Domicile: Copenhagen

Supervisory board

Lars Ring, chairman
Lars Jesper Kamstrup
Jesper Hansen

Executive board

Lars Ring, director
Lars Jesper Kamstrup, director

Auditors

Lægård Revision
Statsautoriseret revisionsfirma
Østbanegade 123
2100 København Ø

Management's review

Business review

The company's main activity is sale and dissemination of IT products and services, as well as similar businesses at the discretion of the managing board.

Accounting policies

The annual report of AMCO Solutions ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less direct costs and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue from services that include consultancy services is recognised linearly in net sales as services are provided.

Accounting policies

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Direct costs

Direct costs includes costs incurred to achieve net sales for the year, including the use of external consultants.

Other operating income

The item Other operating income includes items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment, operating losses, indemnities relating to operating losses and conflicts as well as payroll refunds. Indemnities are recognised when it is more probable than not that the company is going to be indemnified.

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to sale, advertising, administration, premises etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, liabilities and foreign currency transactions and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Deposits

Deposits are measured at cost. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits at banks.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

The company and all its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The current income tax charge is allocated between the jointly taxed entities relative to their taxable income. Tax losses are allocated based on the full absorption method. The jointly taxed entities are eligible for the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Accounting policies

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

The compensated absence commitment which the company's employees earn during the transitional period from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020, is administered by the company and is paid in to the Danish Holiday Fund before the employee reaches the pensionable age. Other debt is measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
Gross profit		23.974.650	20.156.759
Staff costs	1	<u>-18.263.061</u>	<u>-15.900.692</u>
Profit/loss before net financials		5.711.589	4.256.067
Interest received from subsidiaries		0	22.367
Financial costs	2	<u>-155.450</u>	<u>-37.205</u>
Profit/loss before tax		5.556.139	4.241.229
Tax on profit/loss for the year		<u>-1.234.387</u>	<u>-998.025</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>4.321.752</u>	<u>3.243.204</u>
 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Proposed dividend for the year		0	1.400.000
Retained earnings		<u>4.321.752</u>	<u>1.843.204</u>
		<u>4.321.752</u>	<u>3.243.204</u>

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
Assets			
Deposits		422.947	403.577
Fixed asset investments		422.947	403.577
Total non-current assets		422.947	403.577
Trade receivables		8.236.372	10.544.771
Receivables from subsidiaries		11.413.494	3.109.518
Other receivables		84.922	3.172
Deferred tax asset		6.712	0
Prepayments		403.129	190.519
Receivables		20.144.629	13.847.980
Cash at bank and in hand		463.763	584.183
Total current assets		20.608.392	14.432.163
Total assets		21.031.339	14.835.740

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		6.206.940	1.885.188
Proposed dividend for the year		0	1.400.000
		<u>6.331.940</u>	<u>3.410.188</u>
Equity			
Provision for deferred tax		0	32.965
Total provisions		<u>0</u>	<u>32.965</u>
Holiday allowance		1.079.165	1.042.672
Total non-current liabilities	3	<u>1.079.165</u>	<u>1.042.672</u>
Other credit institutions		264.688	244.494
Trade payables		4.883.855	3.067.867
Payables to subsidiaries		3.984.562	3.483.938
Corporation tax		1.274.064	953.128
Other payables		3.213.065	2.600.488
Total current liabilities		<u>13.620.234</u>	<u>10.349.915</u>
Total liabilities		<u>14.699.399</u>	<u>11.392.587</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>21.031.339</u>	<u>14.835.740</u>
Contingent liabilities	4		

Notes

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	DKK	DKK
1 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	15.328.807	13.751.223
Pensions	2.794.063	2.023.881
Other social security costs	<u>140.191</u>	<u>125.588</u>
	<u>18.263.061</u>	<u>15.900.692</u>
Number of fulltime employees on average	<u>18</u>	<u>15</u>

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	DKK	DKK
2 Financial costs		
Interest paid to subsidiaries	118.029	0
Other financial costs	<u>37.421</u>	<u>37.205</u>
	<u>155.450</u>	<u>37.205</u>

	Debt at 1 January 2023	Debt at 31 December 2023	Instalment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years
3 Long term debt				
Holiday allowance	<u>1.042.672</u>	<u>1.079.165</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>1.042.672</u>	<u>1.079.165</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

4 Contingent liabilities

The company's total contingent liabilities amount to TDKK 528.

The company is jointly taxed with its danish group entities (B-eye Holding ApS, AMCO Services ApS and AMCO Global Services ApS). The entities are jointly and severally liable for danish income taxes as well as withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties payable by the group of jointly taxed entities.

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Lars Ring

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Lars Ring

Direktør

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Jesper Hansen

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Lars Jesper Kamstrup

Direktør og bestyrelsesmedlem

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Thomas Lehmann Jensen

Lægård Revision Statsautoriseret revisionsfirma CVR: 18437082

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