

Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS

Store Kongengade 68, 1264 København K

Company reg. no. 29 77 73 06

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2019

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 27 August 2020.

Daniel Frey Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

• To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS British English terminology has been used.

Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance EUR 146.940 means the amount
of EUR 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.





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Management's report

The executive board has today presented the annual report of Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 13 August 2020

Executive board

Arnaud Brément Managing Director Myriam Despas

Westphal

Peter

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Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.



Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.



Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 13 August 2020

Christensen Kjærulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

Iver Haugsted

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne10678



Company information

The company

Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS

Store Kongengade 68 1264 København K

Company reg. no.

29 77 73 06

Established:

1 July 2006

Domicile:

Copenhagen

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

13th financial year

Executive board

Arnaud Brément, Managing Director

Myriam Despas

Peter Westphal

Auditors

Christensen Kjærulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Store Kongensgade 68

1264 København K

Subsidiaries

Covivio Hamburg 1 ApS, Copenhagen

Covivio Hamburg 2 ApS, Copenhagen

Covivio Hamburg 3 ApS, Copenhagen

Covivio Hamburg 4 ApS, Copenhagen

Covivio North ApS, Copenhagen



Financial highlights

EUR in thousands.	2019	2018	2017	2016
Profit and loss account:				
Gross profit	-11	- 9	-8	1
Results from operating activities	-11	-9	-8	1
Net financials	35.824	27.811	32.382	15.505
Results for the year	35.813	27.802	32.374	15.505
Balance sheet:				
Balance sheet sum	199.193	163.378	135.575	103.203
Equity	199.188	163.375	135.573	103.199
Key figures in %:				
Solvency ratio	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Return on equity	19,8	18,6	27,1	30,0

The calculation of key figures and ratios follow the Danish Association of Finance Analysts' recommendations.



Management commentary

The principal activities of the company

The principal activities are majority ownership to the shares in Covivio Hamburg 1 ApS, Covivio Hamburg 2 ApS, Covivio Hamburg 3 ApS, Covivio Hamburg 4 ApS and Covivio North ApS, operating within the German real estate market.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is t.EUR -11 against t.EUR -9 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are t.EUR 35.813 against t.EUR 27.802 last year. The management consider the results satisfactory.

The expected development

The Corona / COVID-19 presents challenges and risks for the company.

Corona / COVID-19 has or may have a significant impact on the number of customers, nationally or internationally, as a result of the recommendations and orders given by the political team. Given the major uncertainty Corona / COVID-19 has created and the uncertainty about the duration of the situation, it is currently not possible to make a reasonable assessment of the financial consequences of the Corona crisis. On the same basis, it is not possible to express a sufficiently secure expectation of revenue and profit before tax. So far, however, management believes that the company has the necessary liquidity and credit facilities to continue its operations.

Prior to the Corona /COVID-19, expectations were a result in line with 2019.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occured subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

EUR in thousands.

Note		2019	2018
	Gross loss	-11	-9
	Income from equity investments in group enterprises	35.824	27.811
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	35.813	27.802
	Tax on ordinary results	0	0
1	Net profit or loss for the year	35.813	27.802



Statement of financial position 31 December

EUR in thousands.

Total assets

	Assets		
Note	9	2019	2018
	Non-current assets		
2	Equity investments in group enterprises	172.318	141.590
	Total investments	172.318	141.590
	Total non-current assets	172.318	141.590
	Current assets		
	Amounts owed by group enterprises	26.875	21.788
	Total receivables	26.875	21.788
	Total current assets	26.875	21.788

199.193

163.378



Statement of financial position 31 December

EUR in thousands.

Equity	and	liabilities
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	Equity and habitites		
Not	<u>e</u>	2019	2018
	Equity		
3	Contributed capital	134	134
4	Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method	159.414	128.686
5	Results brought forward	39.640	34.555
	Total equity	199.188	163.375
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade creditors	5	3
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	5	3
	Total liabilities other than provisions	5	3
	Total equity and liabilities	199.193	163.378

⁶ Contingencies

⁷ Related parties



Statement of changes in equity

EUR thousand.

		Reserve for net revalua-tion according to the eq-		
	Contributed capital	uity method	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2018	134	112.301	23.138	135.573
Share of results	0	27.810	-8	27.802
Received dividend	0	-11.425	0	-11.425
Distributed dividend from group				
enterprises	0	0	11.425	11.425
Equity 1 January 2019	134	128.686	34.555	163.375
Share of results	0	35.823	-10	35.813
Received dividend	0	-5.095	0	-5.095
Distributed dividend from group				
enterprises	0	0	5.095	5.095
	134	159.414	39.640	199.188



Notes

EUR in thousands.

		2019	2018
1.	Proposed distribution of the results		
	Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method Allocated from results brought forward	35.823 -10	27.810 -8
	Distribution in total	35.813	27.802
		31/12 2019	31/12 2018
2.	Equity investments in group enterprises		
	Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2019	12.904	12.904
	Cost 31 December 2019	12.904	12.904
	Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2019	128.686	112.301
	Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	35.823	27.810
	Dividend	-5.095	-11.425
	Revaluation 31 December 2019	159.414	128.686
	Book value 31 December 2019	172.318	141.590

The financial highlights for the enterprises according to the latest approved annual reports

EUR in thousands	Share of ownership	Equity	Results for the year	Book value at Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS
Covivio Hamburg 1 ApS,				0.6.188
Copenhagen	100 %	36.177	6.673	36.177
Covivio Hamburg 2 ApS, Copenhagen	100 %	62.453	14.068	62.453
Covivio Hamburg 3 ApS, Copenhagen	100 %	63.135	12.708	63.135
Covivio Hamburg 4 ApS,				
Copenhagen	100 %	8.942	2.275	8.942
Covivio North ApS, Copenhagen	100 %	1.611	99	1.611
		172.318	35.823	172.318



Notes

EUR in thousands.

		31/12 2019	31/12 2018
3.	Contributed capital		
	Contributed capital 1 January 2019	134	134
		134	134
4.	Reserves for net revaluation as per the equity method		
	Reserves for net revaluation 1 January 2019	128.686	112.301
	Share of results	35.823	27.810
	Received dividend	-5.095	-11.425
		159.414	128.686
5.	Results brought forward		
	Results brought forward 1 January 2019	34.555	23.138
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-10	-8
	Distributed dividend from group enterprises	5.095	11.425
		39.640	34.555

6. Contingencies

Joint taxation

Covivio Dansk Holding ApS, company reg. no 30535723 being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2012, it is proportionally liable for tax claims within the joint taxation scheme.

As from 1 July 2012, the company is proportionally liable for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends of the jointly taxed companies.

The liabilities amount to a maximum corresponding to that share of the company capital, which is owned directly or indirectly by the ultimate parent company.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total, known net liability to the Danish tax authorities appears from the annual accounts of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.



Notes

EUR in thousands.

7. Related parties

Controlling interest

Covivio Immobilien GmbH Friedrichstrasse 15 70174 Stuttgart Germany Majority shareholder

Transactions

All transactions have taken place on arm's-lengths basis.

Consolidated annual accounts

The company is included in the consolidated annual accounts of Covivio Immobilien SE, Essener Str. 66, 46047 Oberhausen, Germany.



Accounting policies

The annual report for Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class C enterprises (medium sized enterprises).

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual report is presented in euro (EUR).

No consolidated annual accounts have been prepared, cf. section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The annual accounts of Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS and its group enterprises are included in the consolidated annual accounts for Covivio Immobilien SE, Germany, reg. nr. HRB 26385.

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement for the enterprise has been prepared, as the relevant information is included in the consolidated annual accounts of Covivio Immobilien SE.

The consolidated annual accounts for Covivio Immobilien SE can be found on the following link: https://www.unternehmensregister.de/ureg/result.html

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for sales, and administration.

Results from equity investments in group enterprises

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss less amortised consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual group enterprises are recognised in the income statement as a proportional share of the group enterprises' post-tax profit or loss.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).



Accounting policies

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are recognised in the statement of financial position as a proportional share of the enterprise's equity value. This is calculated on the basis of the accounting policies of the parent less/plus unrealised intercompany profits and losses, and less/plus residual value of positive or negative goodwill measured by applying the purchase method.

Group enterprises with negative equity are recognised at no value and, to the extent they are considered irrevocable, amounts owed by these companies are made subject to impairment by the parent's share of the equity. If the negative equity exceeds the receivables, the residual amount is recognised under liability provisions to the extent that the parent has a legal or actual liability to cover the negative equity of these subsidiaries.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in group enterprises are transferred to the reserve under equity for net revaluation according to the equity method. Dividends from group enterprises expected to be adopted before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserve. The reserve is adjusted by other equity movements in group enterprises.

Newly acquired or newly established companies are recognised in the financial statement as of the time of acquisition. Sold or liquidated companies are recognised until the date of disposal.

Profit or loss in connection with the disposal of group enterprises are measured as the difference between the sales amount and the carrying amount of net assets at the time of sale, inclusive of remaining consolidated goodwill and expected costs of sale or liquidation. Profit and loss are recognised in the income statement under net financials.

For the acquisition of new group enterprises, the purchase method is applied, by which the acquirees' assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. Provisions for payment of costs for pre-determined restructuring activities in the acquirees in relation to the acquisition are recognised. The tax effect of revaluations is taken into consideration.

Positive differences (goodwill) between cost and fair value of identifiable acquired assets and liabilities, inclusive of liability provisions for restructuring, are recognised under equity investments in group enterprises and are amortised over their estimated useful economic life. The useful life is determined on the basis of management's experience in the individual business areas. The amortisation period is maximum 20 years, being the longer for strategical acquirees with a strong market position and a longterm earnings potential. The carrying amount of goodwill is subject to impairment tests on a continuing basis and written down in the income statement in those cases when the carrying amount exceeds the expected future net income from the enterprise or the activity to which the goodwill is attached.



Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

Equity

Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method comprises net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries and associates proportional to cost.

The reserve may be eliminated in the event of losses, realisation of equity investments, or changes in the accounting estimates.

The reserve cannot be recognised by a negative amount.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Covivio Hamburg Holding ApS is proportionally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Liabilities relating to investment properties are measured at amortised cost.