

AREPA A/S
Mads Clausens Vej 12
8600 Silkeborg
Business Registration No
29614091

**Annual report 01.10.2018
- 30.09.2019**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 08.01.2020

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Morten Kyed Thomsen

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Entity details

Entity

AREPA A/S
Mads Clausens Vej 12
8600 Silkeborg

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 29614091

Registered in: Silkeborg

Financial year: 01.10.2018 - 30.09.2019

Board of Directors

Robert John Wedoff
Torben Vad
Michael Kelley Bavely
Marianne Abildgaard Kjeldsen

Executive Board

Kenneth Millard

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Papirfabrikken 26
8600 Silkeborg

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of AREPA A/S for the financial year 01.10.2018 - 30.09.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2018 - 30.09.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Silkeborg, 08.01.2020

Executive Board

Kenneth Millard

Board of Directors

Robert John Wedoff

Torben Vad

Michael Kelley Bavely

Marianne Abildgaard
Kjeldsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of AREPA A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AREPA A/S for the financial year 01.10.2018 - 30.09.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2018 - 30.09.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Silkeborg, 08.01.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR)
33963556

Hans Trærup
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne10648

Thorsten Jørgensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne31431

Management commentary

Primary activities

The parent company AREPA A/S serves as a holding company for the affiliated enterprises and also has the license rights, etc. for the AREPA name.

The affiliated enterprises are engaged in technical services.

Development in activities and finances

The profit before tax for the year is considered satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018/19

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018/19</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK</u>
Gross profit		2.094.703	1.777.732
Staff costs	1	(4.454.231)	(4.080.817)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	<u>(241.916)</u>	<u>(261.011)</u>
Operating profit/loss		(2.601.444)	(2.564.096)
Income from investments in group enterprises		1.687.083	7.863.296
Other financial income from group enterprises		0	30.371
Other financial income		21.064	1.950
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(15.221)	(17.325)
Other financial expenses		<u>(152.499)</u>	<u>(148.730)</u>
Profit/loss before tax		(1.061.017)	5.165.466
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	<u>(12.620)</u>	<u>587.201</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>(1.073.637)</u>	<u>5.752.667</u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		2.700.000	6.000.000
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		0	(2.591.000)
Retained earnings		<u>(3.773.637)</u>	<u>2.343.667</u>
		<u>(1.073.637)</u>	<u>5.752.667</u>

Balance sheet at 30.09.2019

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018/19</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK</u>
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		576.881	809.797
Leasehold improvements		<u>29.968</u>	<u>38.968</u>
Property, plant and equipment	4	<u>606.849</u>	<u>848.765</u>
Investments in group enterprises		<u>21.977.744</u>	<u>23.067.497</u>
Fixed asset investments	5	<u>21.977.744</u>	<u>23.067.497</u>
Fixed assets		<u>22.584.593</u>	<u>23.916.262</u>
Trade receivables		83.246	8.872
Receivables from group enterprises		497.527	2.826.708
Deferred tax		649.000	31.000
Income tax receivable		0	1.486.929
Joint taxation contribution receivable		251.088	202.623
Prepayments		<u>253.818</u>	<u>253.670</u>
Receivables		<u>1.734.679</u>	<u>4.809.802</u>
Other investments		<u>32.752</u>	<u>46.041</u>
Other investments		<u>32.752</u>	<u>46.041</u>
Cash		<u>296.708</u>	<u>380.874</u>
Current assets		<u>2.064.139</u>	<u>5.236.717</u>
Assets		<u>24.648.732</u>	<u>29.152.979</u>

Balance sheet at 30.09.2019

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018/19</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK</u>
Contributed capital		3.076.923	3.076.923
Retained earnings		<u>14.713.102</u>	<u>18.463.484</u>
Equity		<u>17.790.025</u>	<u>21.540.407</u>
Trade payables		357.013	288.735
Payables to group enterprises		5.536.621	6.126.236
Income tax payable		0	241.365
Other payables		<u>965.073</u>	<u>956.236</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>6.858.707</u>	<u>7.612.572</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>6.858.707</u>	<u>7.612.572</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u>24.648.732</u>	<u>29.152.979</u>
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	6		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Assets charged and collateral	8		
Group relations	9		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018/19

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed extraordinary dividend DKK	Total DKK
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
Equity beginning of year	3.076.923	18.463.484	0	21.540.407
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(2.700.000)	(2.700.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	23.255	0	23.255
Profit/loss for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>(3.773.637)</u>	<u>2.700.000</u>	<u>(1.073.637)</u>
Equity end of year	<u>3.076.923</u>	<u>14.713.102</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>17.790.025</u>

Notes

	2018/19	2017/18
	DKK	DKK
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	3.484.618	3.444.538
Pension costs	932.446	607.473
Other social security costs	37.167	28.806
	4.454.231	4.080.817
Average number of employees	5	4
	2018/19	2017/18
	DKK	DKK
2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	241.916	261.011
	241.916	261.011
	2018/19	2017/18
	DKK	DKK
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Change in deferred tax	0	(304.000)
Adjustment concerning previous years	12.620	(41)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	0	(283.160)
	12.620	(587.201)
	Other	Leasehold
	fixtures and	improve-
	fittings,	ments
	tools and	DKK
	equipment	DKK
	DKK	DKK
4. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	3.688.386	45.000
Cost end of year	3.688.386	45.000
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(2.878.589)	(6.032)
Depreciation for the year	(232.916)	(9.000)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(3.111.505)	(15.032)
Carrying amount end of year	576.881	29.968

Notes

	Invest- ments in group enterprises DKK
	<u>DKK</u>
5. Fixed asset investments	
Cost beginning of year	27.904.000
Transfers	1.237.587
Additions	<u>1.974.609</u>
Cost end of year	<u>31.116.196</u>
Impairment losses beginning of year	(4.836.503)
Exchange rate adjustments	25.370
Transfers	(824.904)
Amortisation of goodwill	(442.362)
Share of profit/loss for the year	2.058.407
Dividend	<u>(5.118.460)</u>
Impairment losses end of year	<u>(9.138.452)</u>
Carrying amount end of year	<u>21.977.744</u>

Carrying amount of investments in group enterprises includes group goodwill of DKK 1,040k.

Transfers to investments in Group Enterprises comprise a changed classification of contribution to a group Enterprise made previous years. Management has reconsidered the presentation of the contribution, which has previously been classified as a receivable from Group Enterprises. Comparative figures has not been adjusted.

Notes

	<u>Registered in</u>	<u>Corpo- rate form</u>	<u>Equity inte- rest %</u>
Investments in group enterprises comprise:			
Arepa Danmark A/S	Denmark	A/S	100,0
Arepa Holding B.V	Netherlands	B.V.	100,0
Arepa Sverige AB	Sweden	AB	100,0

	<u>2018/19 DKK</u>	<u>2017/18 DKK</u>
6. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	<u>166.943</u>	<u>455.888</u>

The Entity has entered into operating leasing contracts for cars.

7. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates with effect from 01.05.2017 in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Pedershaab Concrete Technologies A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the 01.05.2017 for income taxes etc. and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

The Entity participated until 01.05.2017 in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Arepa A/S served as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and from 1 July 2012 for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

8. Assets charged and collateral

The Entity has made a guarantee for AREPA Danmark A/S's debt to Jyske Bank. The balance shows a deposit at 30.09.2018.

9. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Envista Forensics LLC – Michigan, USA

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit comprises revenue less cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from licence rights is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Accounting policies

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc. on receivables from group enterprises

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc. from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. Current Danish corporation tax is distributed among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income (full distribution with reimbursement regarding tax losses).

Accounting policies

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus or minus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the pro rata share of assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. Useful life is determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. If the useful life cannot be estimated reliably, it is fixed at 10 years. Useful lives are reassessed annually. The amortisation periods used are 10 years.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Other investments

Securities recognised under current assets comprise listed securities measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.