# SSP Denmark Financing ApS

Lufthavnsboulevarden 14, 1., DK-2770 Kastrup

# Annual Report for 1 October 2017 - 30 September 2018

CVR No 29 53 67 40

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 7 /2 2019

Morten Solberg Nilsen Chairman

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# **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of SSP Denmark Financing ApS for the financial year 1 October 2017 - 30 September 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 September 2018 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2017/18.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Kastrup, 7 February 2019

#### **Executive Board**

Morten Solberg Nilsen

## **Board of Directors**

Nicholas Stuart Inkster Chairman Omar Attar

Morten Solberg Nilsen

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of SSP Denmark Financing ApS

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of SSP Denmark Financing ApS for the financial year 1 October 2017 – 30 September 2018 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 30 September 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2017 - 30 September 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

audit. We also

- —identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal
  control.
- —obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- —evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- —conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- —evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 7 February 2019 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 25 57 81 98* 

Morten Høgh-Petersen statsautoriseret revisor mne34283

# **Company Information**

**The Company** SSP Denmark Financing ApS

Lufthavnsboulevarden 14, 1.

DK-2770 Kastrup

CVR No: 29 53 67 40

Financial period: 1 October - 30 September

Incorporated: 18 May 2006

Municipality of reg. office: Tårnby

**Board of Directors** Nicholas Stuart Inkster, Chairman

Omar Attar

Morten Solberg Nilsen

**Executive Board** Morten Solberg Nilsen

**Auditors** KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dampfærgevej 28

DK-2100 København Ø

# **Management's Review**

# Main activity

The principal activity of the company is to exercise ownership in Danish or foreign entities, to conduct business in trade, industry and finance and directly or indirectly to operate other activities that, in the opinion of the Executive Board, are associated with this.

The company is the parent company of the 100% owned subsidiaries Select Service Partner Denmark A/S and Monarch A/S.

# Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2017/18 shows a loss of TDKK 7,055, and at 30 September 2018 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of TDKK 237,222.

# **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

# **Income Statement 1 October - 30 September**

	Note	2017/18 TDKK	2016/17 TDKK
Other external expenses		-172	-66
Gross profit/loss		-172	-66
Financial income	1	0	108
Financial expenses	2	-6.833	-6.946
Profit/loss before tax		-7.005	-6.904
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-50	7.326
Net profit/loss for the year		-7.055	422

# Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings	-7.055	422
	-7.055	422

# **Balance Sheet 30 September**

# Assets

	Note	2017/18	2016/17
		TDKK	TDKK
Investments in subsidiaries	4	444.990	444.990
Fixed asset investments		444.990	444.990
Fixed assets		444.990	444.990
Receivables from group enterprises		129.247	115.767
Deferred tax asset		31	38
Corporation tax		0	19.753
Receivables		129.278	135.558
Currents assets		129.278	135.558
Assets		574.268	580.548

# **Balance Sheet 30 September**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2017/18	2016/17
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		127	127
Share premium account		414.916	414.916
Retained earnings		-177.821	-170.766
Equity		237.222	244.277
Payables to group enterprises		336.714	336.097
Corporation tax		189	0
Other payables		143	174
Short-term debt		337.046	336.271
Debt		337.046	336.271
Liabilities and equity		574.268	580.548
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# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings TDKK	Total TDKK
Equity at 1 October	127	414.916	-170.766	244.277
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-7.055	-7.055
Equity at 30 September	127	414.916	-177.821	237.222

		2017/18	2016/17
1	Financial income	TDKK	TDKK
	Interest received from group enterprises	0	22
	Exchange gains	0	86
		0	108
2	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	6.326	6.946
	Exchange loss	507	0
		6.833	6.946
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-1.544	-1.300
	Deferred tax for the year	7	1
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	1.587	-6.027
		50	-7.326

		2017/18	2016/17
4	Investments in subsidiaries	TDKK	TDKK
	Cost at 1 October	521.931	521.931
	Cost at 30 September	521.931	521.931
	Value adjustments at 1 October	-76.941	-76.941
	Value adjustments at 30 September	-76.941	-76.941
	Carrying amount at 30 September	444.990	444.990

# 5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

# **Contingent liabilities**

The Group's companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the group's taxed income. The total tax liability is disclosed in the Annual Report of this company, which is the management company of the joint taxation group. The group companies are jointly and severally liable for the payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on dividends, royalties and interest. Potential changes to the income taxes or withholding taxes might lead to the company's liability being a higher amount.

# 6 Related parties

# **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The company is included in the consolidated report for:			
Name	Place of registered office		
SSP Group Plc.	England		
The Group Annual Report of SSP Group Plc. may be obtained at the following address:			

169 Euston Road, NW1 2AE London, England

## 7 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of SSP Denmark Financing ApS for 2017/18 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2017/18 are presented in TDKK.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of SSP Group Plc., the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

## 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

# **Income Statement**

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for the administration of the company.

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

# **Balance Sheet**

## Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

## 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.