

SCADA International A/S

A.C. Illums Vej 4A, 8600 Silkeborg

CVR no. 29 52 64 43

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 25 February 2022

Chair of the meeting:

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Torben Bjerre-Madsen

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of SCADA International A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Silkeborg, 25 February 2022
Executive Board:

Thomas Vanting Bagger

Allan Baadsgaard Mønsted

Board of Directors:

Torben Bjerre-Madsen
Chair

Thomas Vanting Bagger

Jan Lindholt Nielsen

Søren Holm Jensen

Morten Breum Keller

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of SCADA International A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SCADA International A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Herning, 25 February 2022
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Karsten Mehlsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne18473

Management's review

Company details

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Name | SCADA International A/S |
| Address, Postal code, City | A.C. Illums Vej 4A, 8600 Silkeborg |
| CVR no. | 29 52 64 43 |
| Established | 3 May 2006 |
| Registered office | Silkeborg Kommune |
| Financial year | 1 January - 31 December |
| Website | www.scada-international.com |
| E-mail | scada@scada-international.com |
| Telephone | +45 96 41 92 00 |
| Board of Directors | Torben Bjerre-Madsen, Chair Thomas Vanting Bagger Jan Lindholt Nielsen Søren Holm Jensen Morten Breum Keller |
| Executive Board | Thomas Vanting Bagger Allan Baadsgaard Mønsted |
| Auditors | EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dalgasgade 27, 3. sal, 7400 Herning, Denmark |

Management's review

Financial highlights

| DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Key figures | | | | | |
| Gross profit | 45,874 | 35,648 | 45,291 | 42,740 | 31,000 |
| Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) | 14,385 | 4,641 | 11,699 | 11,783 | 2,734 |
| Operating profit/loss | 7,904 | -691 | 7,888 | 9,708 | 1,851 |
| Net financials | -1,014 | -753 | -1,412 | -227 | -1,935 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 5,324 | -1,133 | 5,019 | 7,385 | -75 |
| Total assets | 88,579 | 66,691 | 76,617 | 93,998 | 49,083 |
| Equity | 25,630 | 20,306 | 21,439 | 16,420 | 9,035 |
| Investering i immaterielle anlægsaktiver | 7,001 | 7,191 | 8,095 | 5,968 | 3,371 |
| Investering i materielle anlægsaktiver | 513 | 508 | 237 | 3,732 | 293 |
| Financial ratios | | | | | |
| Return on assets | 10.2% | -1.0% | 9.2% | 13.6% | 4.8% |
| Current ratio | 116.0% | 107.5% | 113.5% | 106.4% | 107.4% |
| Equity ratio | 28.9% | 30.4% | 28.0% | 17.5% | 18.4% |
| Return on equity | 23.2% | -5.4% | 26.5% | 58.0% | -0.7% |
| Average number of full-time employees | 43 | 43 | 46 | 44 | 42 |

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Ordinary operating profit/loss | Profit/loss before financial items adjusted for other operating income and other operating expenses |
| Return on assets | $\frac{\text{Profit}/\text{loss from operating activites} \times 100}{\text{Average assets}}$ |
| Current ratio | $\frac{\text{Current assets} \times 100}{\text{Current liabilities}}$ |
| Equity ratio | $\frac{\text{Equity, year-end} \times 100}{\text{Total equity and liabilities, year-end}}$ |
| Return on equity | $\frac{\text{Profit}/\text{loss after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$ |

Management's review

Business review

The company's activities are international and span the full value chain for SCADA (Supervisory control and data acquisition) for renewable energy companies, i.e. Hardware Solutions, Software Solutions, Installation and Commissioning, Consulting and Value Adding Services.

The company is part of a group, which is represented in Germany, Poland, USA, Great Britain, Spain and Denmark.

Financial review

The company's activity has been significant growing during the year, especially within Hardware and Software Solutions. The order intake for both Hardware and Software Solutions has showed a significant growth compared to the previous year. The result for the year has been positive affected by the high level of activity and general efficiency improvements. Overall, the result for the year is above budget and based upon this the management assesses, that the result for the year is satisfactory.

Non-financial matters

Social responsibility

With regard to §99a of the Danish Financial Statements Act on policies regarding Social Responsibility including human rights, it should be noted that SCADA International A/S does not, so far, have such written policies.

However, it is the declared intention in every respect and at any time to run a decent and responsible business, in compliance with all existing laws and regulations as well as the human rights.

Knowledge resources

The company performs current development of products and processes.

Financial risks and use of financial instruments

The company is affected by currency developments. The general development in wind energy can have a significant impact on the company's activities.

Impact on the external environment

SCADA International A/S is constantly striving to reduce the environmental impact resulting from operations of the company.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Outlook

In 2021, the group entered into contracts which, together with long-term agreements already concluded, meaning that the expectations for 2022 are on the same level as 2021.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

| Note | DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|------|--|---------|---------|
| | Gross profit | 45,874 | 35,648 |
| 2 | Staff costs | -31,489 | -31,007 |
| | Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of fixed assets | -6,481 | -5,332 |
| | Profit/loss before net financials | 7,904 | -691 |
| 3 | Financial income | 8 | 28 |
| 4 | Financial expenses | -1,022 | -781 |
| | Profit/loss before tax | 6,890 | -1,444 |
| 5 | Tax for the year | -1,566 | 311 |
| | Profit/loss for the year | 5,324 | -1,133 |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

| Note | DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|--------|--------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Fixed assets | | | |
| 6 Intangible assets | | | |
| Completed development projects | | 17,070 | 12,288 |
| Development projects in progress and prepayments for intangible assets | | 1,662 | 5,082 |
| | | 18,732 | 17,370 |
| 7 Property, plant and equipment | | | |
| Land and buildings | | 3,487 | 4,218 |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | | 890 | 487 |
| | | 4,377 | 4,705 |
| Total fixed assets | | 23,109 | 22,075 |
| Non-fixed assets | | | |
| Inventories | | | |
| Finished goods and goods for resale | | 12,615 | 4,718 |
| | | 12,615 | 4,718 |
| Receivables | | | |
| Trade receivables | | 25,732 | 17,822 |
| 8 Work in progress for third parties | | 21,205 | 10,706 |
| Receivables from group entities | | 5,152 | 11,103 |
| Joint taxation contribution receivable | | 50 | 0 |
| Other receivables | | 246 | 246 |
| Deferred income | | 455 | 7 |
| | | 52,840 | 39,884 |
| Cash | | 15 | 14 |
| Total non-fixed assets | | 65,470 | 44,616 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 88,579 | 66,691 |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

| Note | DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|---------------|---------------|
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| 9 Share capital | | 500 | 500 |
| Reserve for development costs | | 14,611 | 13,549 |
| Retained earnings | | 10,519 | 6,257 |
| Total equity | | <u>25,630</u> | <u>20,306</u> |
| Provisions | | | |
| 10 Deferred tax | | 6,508 | 4,892 |
| Total provisions | | <u>6,508</u> | <u>4,892</u> |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | | |
| Current liabilities other than provisions | | | |
| Bank debt | | 21,773 | 13,318 |
| Lease liabilities | | 605 | 320 |
| 8 Prepayments on work in progress | | 5,049 | 1,954 |
| Trade payables | | 11,368 | 5,797 |
| Payables to group entities | | 10,827 | 11,024 |
| Other payables | | 5,877 | 8,445 |
| Deferred income | | 942 | 635 |
| Total liabilities other than provisions | | <u>56,441</u> | <u>41,493</u> |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | <u>88,579</u> | <u>66,691</u> |

- 1 Accounting policies
- 11 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 12 Collateral
- 13 Related parties
- 14 Appropriation of profit/loss

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

| Note | DKK'000 | Share capital | Reserve for development costs | Retained earnings | Total |
|------|--|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | | |
| | Equity at 1 January 2020 | 500 | 11,270 | 9,669 | 21,439 |
| 14 | Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit/loss" | 0 | 2,279 | -3,412 | -1,133 |
| | Equity at 1 January 2021 | 500 | 13,549 | 6,257 | 20,306 |
| 14 | Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit/loss" | 0 | 1,062 | 4,262 | 5,324 |
| | Equity at 31 December 2021 | 500 | 14,611 | 10,519 | 25,630 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of SCADA International A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Omission of a cash flow statement

With reference to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared. The Company's cash flows are reflected in the consolidated cash flow statement for the higher-ranking parent company.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

Income from construction contracts involving a high degree of customisation is recognised as revenue by reference to the stage of completion. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the market value of the contract work performed during the year (percentage-of-completion method). This method is used where the total income and expenses and the degree of completion of the contract can be measured reliably.

Where income from a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue corresponding to the expenses incurred is recognised only in so far as it is probable that such expenses will be recoverable from the counterparty.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

External expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Amortisation/depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets.

The basis of amortisation/depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is amortised/depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

| | |
|--|------------|
| Finished development projects | 5 years |
| Buildings | 6-25 years |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | 3-5 years |
| Land is not depreciated. | |

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Development costs comprise expenses, salaries and amortisation directly or indirectly attributable to development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunities are identifiable and where the Company intends to produce, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets provided that the cost can be measured reliably and that there is sufficient assurance that future earnings can cover production costs, selling costs and administrative expenses and development costs. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Development costs that are recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

On completion of a development project, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Leases

On initial recognition, leases for assets that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company (finance leases) are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of fair value and the present value of the future lease payments. In calculating the net present value, the interest rate implicit in the lease or the incremental borrowing rate is used as the discount factor. Assets held under finance leases are subsequently accounted for in the same way as the Company's other assets.

The capitalised residual lease liability is recognised in the balance sheet as a liability, and the interest element of the lease payment is recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Payments under operating leases and any other leases are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The company's total obligation relating to operating leases and rental agreements is disclosed in contingent liabilities, etc.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of non-current assets is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by amortisation or depreciation.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Work in progress for third parties

Work in progress (customised orders) are measured at the selling price of the work performed, less any payments received on account of the customer and expected losses. The orders are characterized by the fact that the orders contain high levels of individualization of the design.

The selling price is measured by reference to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and total expected income from the contract. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of an estimate of the work, usually calculated as the ratio between the costs incurred and total estimated costs of the order or hours worked and the total estimated hours worked for that order.

When it is probable that the total costs for an order will exceed total revenue, the expected loss on the order is immediately recognised as an expense and provision.

When the selling price of an individual order cannot be measured reliably, the selling price is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value.

Net assets are determined as the sum of orders where the selling price of the work performed exceeds progress billings. Net liabilities are determined as the sum of orders where the progress billings exceed the selling price.

Selling costs and costs incurred in securing contracts are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise petty cash at hand and bankdeposits.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Equity

Reserve for development costs

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs. The reserve cannot be used to distribute dividend or cover losses. The reserve will be reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are amortised or are no longer part of the Company's operations by a transfer directly to the distributable reserves under equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the net present value of the remaining lease payments including any guaranteed residual value based on the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the Company's net cash flows broken down according to operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the profit/loss for the year adjusted for non cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid corporate income tax.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities and of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related expenses as well as raising of loans, repayment of interest bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, short term bank loans and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

| | DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| 2 Staff costs | | | |
| Wages/salaries | | 28,789 | 28,576 |
| Pensions | | 2,373 | 2,146 |
| Other social security costs | | 327 | 285 |
| | | 31,489 | 31,007 |
| Average number of full-time employees | | 43 | 43 |
| | | 43 | 43 |
| Remuneration to executive board totals tDKK 3.375 (2020: tDKK 2.872) and to board of directors tDKK 425 (2020: tDKK 425). | | | |
| 3 Financial income | | | |
| Interest receivable, group entities | | 149 | 274 |
| Other financial income | | -141 | -246 |
| | | 8 | 28 |
| 4 Financial expenses | | | |
| Interest expenses, group entities | | 218 | 307 |
| Other financial expenses | | 804 | 474 |
| | | 1,022 | 781 |
| 5 Tax for the year | | | |
| Deferred tax adjustments in the year | | 1,571 | -311 |
| Tax adjustments, prior years | | 45 | 0 |
| Refund in joint taxation | | -50 | 0 |
| | | 1,566 | -311 |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

6 Intangible assets

| DKK'000 | Completed development projects | Development projects in progress and prepayments for intangible assets | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Cost at 1 January 2021 | 19,543 | 5,082 | 24,625 |
| Additions in the year | 0 | 7,001 | 7,001 |
| Disposals in the year | 10,421 | -10,421 | 0 |
| Cost at 31 December 2021 | 29,964 | 1,662 | 31,626 |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2021 | 7,255 | 0 | 7,255 |
| Amortisation/depreciation in the year | 5,639 | 0 | 5,639 |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2021 | 12,894 | 0 | 12,894 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2021 | 17,070 | 1,662 | 18,732 |
| Amortised over | | 5 years | |

7 Property, plant and equipment

| DKK'000 | Land and buildings | Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | Total |
|---|--------------------|--|--------------|
| Cost at 1 January 2021 | 7,495 | 3,828 | 11,323 |
| Additions in the year | 0 | 513 | 513 |
| Cost at 31 December 2021 | 7,495 | 4,341 | 11,836 |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2021 | 3,277 | 3,341 | 6,618 |
| Amortisation/depreciation in the year | 731 | 110 | 841 |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2021 | 4,008 | 3,451 | 7,459 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2021 | 3,487 | 890 | 4,377 |
| Property, plant and equipment include finance leases with a carrying amount totalling | 0 | 468 | 468 |
| Depreciated over | 6-25 years | 3-5 years | |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

| | DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------------|--------------|------|
| 8 Work in progress for third parties | | | |
| Selling price of work performed | 65,069 | 30,230 | |
| Progress billings | -48,913 | -21,478 | |
| | 16,156 | 8,752 | |
| recognised as follows: | | | |
| Work in progress for third parties (assets) | 21,205 | 10,706 | |
| Work in progress for third parties (liabilities) | -5,049 | -1,954 | |
| | 16,156 | 8,752 | |
| 9 Share capital | | | |
| Analysis of the share capital: | | | |
| 50,000 shares of DKK 10.00 nominal value each | 500 | 500 | |
| | 500 | 500 | |
| 10 Deferred tax | | | |
| Deferred tax at 1 January | 4,892 | 5,203 | |
| Other deferred tax | 1,616 | -311 | |
| Deferred tax at 31 December | 6,508 | 4,892 | |

11 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with the Danish subsidiaries. The companies included in the joint taxation have joint and several unlimited liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties.

The net-liability for the jointly taxed companies appears in the annual report for SCADA Holding A/S, CVR-no. 32 26 30 62.

Later adjustments of the joint taxation income and tax deducted at source might lead to a larger liability for the company.

Other financial obligations

Rent and lease liabilities include a rent obligation totalling DKK 1.545 thousand in interminable rent agreements with remaining contract terms of 3-18 months.

Furthermore, the Company has liabilities under operating leases for cars totalling DKK 503 thousand, with remaining contract terms of 1-30 months.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

12 Collateral

The company has provided guarantees and provided collateral in land and buildings nom. DKK 4.500 thousand for all balances between bank and the company, as well as the group-related company, SCADA International Deutschland GmbH, to their bank. SCADA International Deutschland GmbH has a bankdebt totaling DKK 510 thousand at 31 December 2021. At 31 December 2021 land and buildings has a carrying amount of DKK 4.001 thousand.

Furthermore the company has provided a com-pany charge nom. DKK 5.200 thousand for balances between the company and bank. The company charge includes receivables, inventories, other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and intangible assets. At 31 December 2021 the assets have a carrying amount of DKK 57.364 thousand.

13 Related parties

SCADA International A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

| Related party | Domicile | Basis for control |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| SCADA Holding A/S | Silkeborg | Participating interest |

Information about consolidated financial statements

| Parent | Domicile | Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements |
|-------------------|-----------|--|
| SCADA Holding A/S | Silkeborg | www.cvr.dk |

Related party transactions

SCADA International A/S was engaged in the below related party transactions:

| DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|---------|
| sales to group enterprises | 9,599 | 9,349 |
| Costs from group enterprises | -12,138 | -9,216 |
| Fees sold to group enterprises | 4,046 | 4,147 |
| Fees paid to group enterprises | -5,076 | -4,158 |
| Financial income received from group enterprises | 390 | 274 |
| Financial expenses paid to group enterprises | -348 | -307 |
| | | |
| Receivables from group enterprises | 5,152 | 11,103 |
| Payables to group enterprises | 10,827 | -11,024 |

Information about security for loans relating to group entities

Information about security for loans relating to group entities appears from 12, "Collateral".

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the votes or minimum 5% of the share capital:

| Name | Domicile |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Scada Holding A/S | Silkeborg |

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

| DKK'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| 14 Appropriation of profit/loss | | |
| Recommended appropriation of profit/loss | | |
| Reserve for development costs | 1,062 | 2,279 |
| Retained earnings/accumulated loss | 4,262 | -3,412 |
| | 5,324 | -1,133 |

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Thomas Vanting Bagger

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Karsten Mehlsen

EY Signer

På vegne af: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

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