Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S

Fredericiagade 21B, DK-7100 Vejle

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 29 51 69 60

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 23/5 2022

Thomas Toubro Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Vejle, 23 May 2022

Executive Board

Thomas Toubro Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Sandra Tagand	Arnould Marie Louis Cottin	Thomas Toubro
Chairman		



The Independent Practitioner's Report

To the Shareholder of Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance in respect of our conclusion on the Financial Statements and, moreover, that we perform supplementary procedures specifically required to obtain additional assurance in respect of our conclusion.



The Independent Practitioner's Report

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and others within the enterprise, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and the supplementary procedures specifically required as well as assessing the evidence obtained.

An extended review is less in scope than an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Trekantområdet, 23 May 2022 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Forthoft Lind statsautoriseret revisor mne34169 Heidi Bonde statsautoriseret revisor mne42815



Company Information

The Company	Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S Fredericiagade 21B DK-7100 Vejle Website: www.bollore-logistics.com
	CVR No: 29 51 69 60 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 24 April 2006 Financial year: 15th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Vejle
Board of Directors	Sandra Tagand, Chairman Arnould Marie Louis Cottin Thomas Toubro
Executive Board	Thomas Toubro
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		18,358,581	15,307,753
Staff expenses	2	-8,556,716	-8,751,884
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and			- /
property, plant and equipment	-	-58,436	-71,787
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		9,743,429	6,484,082
Financial income	3	408,853	0
Financial expenses	4	-36,397	-318,600
Profit/loss before tax		10,115,885	6,165,482
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-2,229,917	-1,364,558
Net profit/loss for the year	-	7,885,968	4,800,924

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Proposed dividend for the year	7,097,372	4,320,832
Retained earnings	788,596	480,092
	7,885,968	4,800,924

Balance Sheet 31 December 2021

Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	_	151,841	85,949
Property, plant and equipment	6	151,841	85,949
Other investments		0	11,000
Deposits	_	78,451	97,960
Fixed asset investments	-	78,451	108,960
Fixed assets	-	230,292	194,909
Trade receivables		10,465,134	5,648,178
Receivables from group enterprises		3,196,049	2,164,043
Other receivables		119,032	9,242
Deferred tax asset		159,809	174,056
Prepayments	_	9,257	21,144
Receivables	-	13,949,281	8,016,663
Cash at bank and in hand	-	5,263,613	5,989,044
Currents assets	-	19,212,894	14,005,707
Assets	-	19,443,186	14,200,616



Balance Sheet 31 December 2021

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital	7	560,000	560,000
Retained earnings		1,581,988	793,392
Proposed dividend for the year	-	7,097,372	4,320,832
Equity	-	9,239,360	5,674,224
Other payables	-	0	742,120
Long-term debt	8	0	742,120
Credit institutions		44,461	17,060
Trade payables		7,326,667	4,842,560
Payables to group enterprises		432,420	592,703
Payables to associates		7,599	7,599
Corporation tax		565,670	222,093
Other payables	8	1,827,009	2,102,257
Short-term debt	-	10,203,826	7,784,272
Debt	-	10,203,826	8,526,392
Liabilities and equity	-	19,443,186	14,200,616
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Statement of Changes in Equity

			Proposed	
		Retained	dividend for the	
	Share capital	earnings	year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January 2021	560,000	793,392	4,320,832	5,674,224
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-4,320,832	-4,320,832
Net profit/loss for the year	0	788,596	7,097,372	7,885,968
Equity at 31 December 2021	560,000	1,581,988	7,097,372	9,239,360

1 Key activities

The purpose of the company is to sell logistics services and provide consulting assistance to solve the problem.

		2021	2020
_		DKK	DKK
2	Staff expenses		
	Wages and salaries	7,682,541	8,026,519
	Pensions	542,134	523,761
	Other social security expenses	195,867	74,202
	Other staff expenses	136,174	127,402
		8,556,716	8,751,884
	Average number of employees	11	13
3	Financial income		
	Exchange adjustments	408,853	0
		408,853	0
4	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to associates	0	26,667
	Other financial expenses	36,397	38,004
	Exchange adjustments, expenses	0	253,929
		36,397	318,600
5	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
-			
	Current tax for the year	2,215,670	1,542,093
	Deferred tax for the year	14,247	-181,307
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	3,772
		2,229,917	1,364,558

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6 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK
Cost at 1 January 2021	524,664
Additions for the year	124,328
Cost at 31 December 2021	648,992
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2021	438,715
Depreciation for the year	58,436
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2021	497,151
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	151,841

7 Equity

The share capital consists of 560 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1,000. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

8 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2021	2020
Other payables	DKK	DKK
Between 1 and 5 years	0	742,120
Long-term part	0	742,120
Other short-term payables	1,827,009	2,102,257
	1,827,009	2,844,377



		2021	2020
)	Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	DKK	DKK
	Rental and lease obligations		
	Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:		
	Within 1 year	96,517	0
		96,517	0
	Rental, remaining term of up to 12 months.	305,011	293,504

Other contingent liabilities

As security for bank commitments (net balance of DKK 5,219k), a floating charge of DKK 1,500k secured on unsecured claims originating from the sale of goods, machinery and equipment, inventories as well as goodwill of a total carrying amount of DKK 13,813k.

10 Related parties

The company is included in the consolidated report for the parent company

Name

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Bolloré SA

Place of registered office

Odet, 29500 Ergué Gabéric, Frankrig

11 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Bolloré Logistics Denmark A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.



11 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



11 Accounting Policies (continued)

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 4-5 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, which consist of listed bonds and shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined on the basis of the latest quoted market price.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposit.



11 Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

