# **Deloitte**

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Lumesse A/S

Njalsgade 76 2300 København S Central Business Registration No 29322600

**Annual report 2016** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.05.2017

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Michael Hur Bertelsen

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## **Entity details**

## **Entity**

Lumesse A/S Njalsgade 76 2300 København S

Central Business Registration No: 29322600

Registered in: København

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

Website: www.lumesse.com

## **Board of Directors**

Jean-Louis Didier Bench Stephen David Hewitt Michael James Hunt

### **Executive Board**

Michael James Hunt

## **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Lumesse A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 26.05.2017

**Executive Board** 

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Michael James Hunt

Board of Directors

Jean-Louis Didier Bench

Stephen David Hewitt

Michael James Hunt

## Independent auditor's report

# To the shareholder of Lumesse A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lumesse A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Emphasis of matter regarding circumstances in the financial statements

Without modifying our audit opinion, we draw attention to the annual report, note 1, in which the Management accounts for the Company's capital situation.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

## Independent auditor's report

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 26.05.2017

### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Morten Speitzer

State Authorised Public Accountant

Henrik Hartmann Olesen

State Authorised Public Accountant

## Management commentary

#### **Primary activities**

The Company sells and customize the recruiting tools TalentLink and I-Grasp, which are helping to automate the recruitment process. In addition to this, the company sells and customize the Talent Management System, ETWEB, which helps automate and streamline the existing employee base data, skills and competencies.

CourseBuilder and Learning Gateway help companies to automate and document internal training activities independent of national borders.

### Development in activities and finances

The income statement for 2016 shows a profit of 7.1 million DKK against a loss of 0.7 million DKK last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2016 shows a negative equity of 6.0 million DKK.

The financial result of 2016 was impacted positively by the sale of EasyCruit activities to VISMA. Also restructuring costs have affected the profit for the year when relocating and downsizing the Danish office. As a result the Company expects a positive result in 2017 from continuing operations in Denmark.

### Material assumptions and uncertainties

Lumesse A/S have received a letter of financial support from Lumesse Holdings S.à.r.l. On this basis, we have decided to prepare the annual report on a going concern basis.

Reference is made to note 1 for more details.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2016**

*	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
Gross profit		9.045.130	11.565.210
Staff costs	2	(2.983.477)	(11.762.197)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(123.803)	(84.062)
Operating profit/loss		5.937.850	(281.049)
Other Constitution			
Other financial income	4	1.427.110	960.548
Other financial expenses	5	(1.454.677)	(1.400.412)
Profit/loss before tax		5.910.283	(720.913)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	1.227.923	0
Profit/loss for the year		7.138.206	(720.913)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		7.138.206	(720.913)
		7.138.206	(720.913)

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		3.753	116.628
Leasehold improvements		0	10.928
Property, plant and equipment	7	3.753	127.556
Receivables from group enterprises		7.269.241	6.562.068
Other receivables		30.024	494.460
Deferred tax		1.227.923	0
Fixed asset investments		8.527.188	7.056.528
Fixed assets		8.530.941	7.184.084
Trade receivables		759.141	2.171.621
Receivables from group enterprises		2.998.986	13.879.792
Other receivables		0	286.606
Prepayments		52.594	223.142
Receivables		3.810.721	16.561.161
Cash		660.199	987.952
Current assets		4.470.920	17.549.113
Assets		13.001.861	24.733.197

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
Contributed capital Retained earnings Equity	8	600.000 (6.616.706) (6.016.706)	600.000 (13.754.912) (13.154.912)
Payables to group enterprises  Non-current liabilities other than provisions		3.422.726 3.422.726	3.089.753 3.089.753
Prepayments received from customers Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Other payables Deferred income Current liabilities other than provisions		274.280 3.468 12.839.178 804.901 1.674.014 15.595.841	264.027 28.041 24.556.073 4.021.087 5.929.128 34.798.356
Liabilities other than provisions  Equity and liabilities		19.018.567	37.888.109 24.733.197
Going concern Unrecognised rental and lease commitments Contingent liabilities Group relations	1 9 10 11		

## Statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	600.000	(13.754.912)	(13.154.912)
Profit/loss for the year	0	7.138.206	7.138.206
Equity end of year	600.000	(6.616.706)	(6.016.706)

## **Notes**

## 1. Going concern

The Company has lost over 50% of the contributed capital, and has negative equity per 31 December 2016. The management expects that the negative equity will be restored in 2017 with income from continuing activities in Denmark in the new setup.

The Company's ability to continue is dependent of further financing from the Group. Lumesse A/S has received a letter of financial support from Lumesse Holdings S.à.r.l. for a period of 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

On this basis, management has decided to prepare the annual report on a going concern basis.

2. Staff costs	
Wages and salaries 2.780.173 10.	975.257
Pension costs 172.190	820.890
Other social security costs (9.316)	226.773)
Other staff costs 40.430	192.823
2.983.477 11.7	762.197
2016	2015
DKK	DKK
3. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 10.928	84.062
Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment 112.875	0
123.803	84.062
2016	2015
DKK	DKK
4. Other financial income	
Financial income arising from group enterprises 1.423.480	960.548
Interest income 3.630	0
1.427.110	60.548

## **Notes**

		2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
5. Other financial expenses			
Financial expenses from group enterprises		1.454.346	1.390.110
Interest expenses		331	10.302
		1.454.677	1.400.412
		2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
6. Tax on profit/loss for the year			
Change in deferred tax for the year		(1.227.923)	0
		(1.227.923)	0
		Other	
		fixtures and	
		fittings,	Leasehold
		tools and	improve-
		equipment	ments
		DKK	DKK
7. Property, plant and equipment			
Cost beginning of year		1.073.820	59.609
Disposals		(1.063.116)	(59.609)
Cost end of year		10.704	0
Depreciation and impairment losses beginni	ng of the year	(957.192)	(48.681)
Depreciation for the year	ng of the year	0	(10.928)
Reversal regarding disposals		950.241	59.609
Depreciation and impairment losses en	d of the year	(6.951)	0
	·		
Carrying amount end of year		3.753	0
			Nominal
		Par value	value
	Number	DKK	DKK
8. Contributed capital			2,,,,,
Ordinary shares	6.000	100	600.000
	6.000		600.000
		-	

## **Notes**

2016 DKK	2015 DKK
30.926	602.233
	DKK

## 10. Contingent liabilities

The Entity served as an administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these entities.

## 11. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Lumesse Holdings S.à.r.l., Luxembourg

## **Accounting policies**

#### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, cost of sales and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

## Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities, including rental income and gains from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

## **Accounting policies**

## Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

## Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

## Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance** sheet

## Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements

5 years

3-5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

## Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.