Evoca Holding Denmark ApS
Central Business Registration No.
29 19 85 94
C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19
5220 Odense SØ

**Annual Report 2023** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28/6-2024

## **Chairman of the General Meeting**

Name: Søren Lind Mikkelsen

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## **Entity details**

## **Entity**

Evoca Holding Denmark ApS C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19 5220 Odense SØ

Central Business Registration No.: 29 19 85 94 Registered in: Odense

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

E-mail: finance.odense@evocagroup.com

## **Executive Board**

Søren Lind Mikkelsen, Chief Executive Officer

## **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 5100 Odense C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense, 28/6-2024

### **Executive Board**

Søren Lind Mikkelsen, Chief Executive Officer

## Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section" of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' international Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Independent auditor's report

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Independent auditor's report

## Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 28 June 2024

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33963556

Bo Damgaard Hansen State Authorised Public Accountant mnr-nr. Mne34543

## Management commentary

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	DKK '000				
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Gross profit/loss	-27	-43	-58	-87	-72
Operating profit/loss	-27	-43	-58	-87	-72
Net financials	37.508	36.190	22.398	-5.479	-11.486
Profit/loss for the year	38.363	37.682	24.850	-2.299	-8.306
Total assets	115.681	116.226	104.666	114.224	158.841
Equity	96.070	57.896	19.804	-4.317	-2.542
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	49,8	97,0	320,9	67,0	-657,1
Solvency ratio(%)	83,0	49,8	18,9	-3,8	-1,6

There are no investments in property, plant and equipment.

The financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations and guidelines. For definitions, see the summary of significant accounting policies.

## Management commentary

### **Primary activities**

Evoca Holding Denmark ApS holds 100% of the shares in Evoca Nordic ApS, and is part of the European market leader within vending machine production, Evoca Group.

## **Development in activities**

The earnings after tax for 2023 is 38.363 Tkr. compared to 37.682 Tkr. for 2022 and the Company's balance sheet as per 31st of December 2023 shows an equity of 96.070 Tkr.

## Special risks

The Company's currency risks are hedged at group level through the Treasury Department at Group Headquarters. The Company does not hedge own foreign exchange risks. The major part of the foreign exchange risk relates to loans in EUR.

### **Expectations for the coming year**

We expect the profit and loss for 2024 in the subsidiary to be in line with what was realised in 2023. Based on this we expect the result in Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for 2024 to be in line with the result of 2023.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occured after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

There has not been any changes in the accounting policies from last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

With reference to section 112 in the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## **Income statement**

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationary and office supplies, marketing costs, amortization, depreciation etc.

## Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit and losses after full elimination of internal profit and losses with deduction of depreciation on goodwill.

## **Accounting policies**

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprises interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unamortized positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealized intra-group profit and losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measure at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity value if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life which is normally 5 years, however, in certain cases it may be up to 20 years for strategically aquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile if the longer amortization period is considered to give a better reflection of the benefit from the relevant resources. Goodwill is amortised over a period of 15 years, due to the reflection of the benefit from the resources.

## **Accounting policies**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry forwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

## Financial highlights

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios reflect
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity	The Entity's return on capital invested in the Entity by the owners.
Solvency ratio (%)	Equity x 100 Total assets	The financial strength of the Entity.

## **Income statement for 2023**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses	_	-27.234	-42.608
Result before financial items		-27.234	-42.608
Income from investments in group enterprises	1	40.740.453	42.394.898
Other financial income	2	0	410.635
Other financial expenses	3	-3.232.499	-6.615.057
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before tax	_	37.480.720	36.147.868
Tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities	4 _	881.818	1.533.686
Profit/(loss) for the year	=	38.362.538	37.681.554
Proposed distribution of profit/(loss)			
Retained earnings	_	38.362.538	37.681.554
	_	38.362.538	37.681.554

## Balance sheet as at 31.12.2023

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Assets	Notes	J.K.K	DAN
Investments in group enterprises	_	111.210.226	110.657.760
Fixed Asset investments	5	111.210.226	110.657.760
Fixed Assets	-	111.210.226	110.657.760
Income tax receivable		4.471.141	5.567.896
Receivable	- -	4.471.141	5.567.896
Current Assets	-	4.471.141	5.567.896
Assets	=	115.681.367	116.225.656

## Balance sheet as at 31.12.2023

		2023	2022
Liabilities and equity	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital	8	745.000	745.000
Retained earnings	_	95.325.474	57.150.923
Equity		96.070.474	57.895.923
Debt to group enterprices		19.562.893	58.255.608
Other payables	_	48.000	74.125
Current liabilities other than provisions	_	19.610.893	58.329.733
Liabilites other than provision	-	19.610.893	58.329.733
Liabilities and equity	-	115.681.367	116.225.656
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# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	DKK Total
Equity beginning of year	745.000	57.150.923	57.895.923
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments	0	-187.987	-187.987
Net profit/(loss) for the year	0	38.362.538	38.362.538
Equity end of year	745.000	95.325.474	96.070.474

## **Notes**

1. Income from investments in group enterprises Share of profit after tax, group entreprises	2023 DKK 40.740.453 40.740.453	2022 DKK 42.394.898 42.394.898
2. Other financial income Financial income from group enterprises	0 0	410.635 410.635
3. Other financial expenses Financial expenses from group enterprises Exchange rate adjustments	3.267.902 -35.403 <b>3.232.499</b>	6.588.908 26.149 <b>6.615.057</b>
4. Tax on ordinary profit/loss for the year Current tax Adjustment relating to previous years	-717.141 -164.677 <b>-881.818</b>	-1.603.896 70.210 -1.533.686

## **Notes**

	Investments in
	group
5. Fixed asset investments	enterprises
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	731.894.000
Cost end of year	731.894.000
Impairment losses beginning of year	-621.236.240
Share of profit/loss after tax	40.740.453
Dividend	-40.000.000
Other adjustments	-187.987
Impairment losses end of year	-620.683.774
Carrying amount end of year	111.210.226
Carrying value of recognized goodwill:	0

	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interst	Equity DKK	Result DKK
Subsidiaries:					
Evoca Nordic ApS	Odense	ApS	100.00	111.210.226	40.740.453

## **Notes**

			Nominal
		Par value	value
	Number	DKK	DKK
6. Contributed capital			
Share capital	100.000	7,45	745.000
		2021	
	_	DKK	
Changes in contributed capital			
Contributed capital 1 January 2013		745.000	
Changes in share capital		0	
Contributed capital end of year	_	745.000	

### 7. Related parties with control

**Group Relations:** 

The company's immediate parent, of which the company is a subsidiary, is Evoca S.p.A, Italy

The company's ultimate parent, which prepares the consolidated annual accounts, where the company is subsidiary is: Evoca S.p.A, Italy

The consolidated annual accounts can be requested on application to Evoca Holding Denmark ApS, C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19,5220 Odense SØ, Denmark

## 8. Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the Group Annual Report for the Parent Company of the largest and smallest Group: Evoca S.p.A., Via Roma 24, 24030 Valbrembo, Italy.

## 9. Contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income etc. of the Group. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

### 10. Assets charged

The following assets have been placed as security with the Group's credit institutes: Investment in group enterprises with a book value of 111.210 Tkr.

In 2019 the parent company Evoca S.P.A issued EUR 550 million aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior secured notes. Evoca Holding Denmark ApS has provided security in support of the notes. Carrying amount of pledged investment in group enterprice 111.210 TDKK