

Evoca Holding Denmark ApS
Central Business Registration No.
29 19 85 94
C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19
5220 Odense SØ

Annual Report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31/8 -2020

Chairman of the General Meeting



Name: Finn Kjærhús

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Entity details

Entity

Evoca Holding Denmark ApS
C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19
5220 Odense SØ

Central Business Registration No.:	29 19 85 94
Registered in:	Odense
Financial year:	01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019
E-mail:	finance.odense@evocagroup.com

Board of Directors

Finn Kjærhus, Chairman

Executive Board

Finn Kjærhus, Chief Executive Officer

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Tværkajen 5
Postboks 10
5100 Odense C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.


Odense, 31/8-2020

Executive Board



Finn Kjærhus,
Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors



Finn Kjærhus,
Chairman

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS

Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 31st August 2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR-nr. 33963556



Bo Damgaard Hansen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mnr-nr. Mne35543

Management commentary

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000	DKK '000
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Gross profit/loss	-72	-71	-95	-93	-138
Operating profit/loss	-72	-71	-95	-93	-138
Net financials	-11.486	-11.646	-11.931	-14.330	-842
Profit/loss for the year	-8.306	-8.061	-7.960	-10.615	2.655
Total assets	158.841	197.490	243.504	283.904	429.519
Equity	-2.542	5.070	13.807	20.636	31.664
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	-657,1	-85,4	-46,2	-40,6	16,8
Solvency ratio(%)	-1,6	2,6	5,7	7,3	7,4

There are no investments in property, plant and equipment.

Management commentary

Primary activities

Evoca Holding Denmark ApS holds 100% of the shares in Evoca Nordic ApS, and is part of the European market leader within vending machine production, Evoca Group.

Development in activities

The earnings after tax for 2019 is -8.306 Tkr. compared to -8.061 Tkr. for 2018 and the Company's balance sheet as per 31st of December 2019 shows an equity of -2.542 Tkr.

Special risks

The Company's currency risks are hedged at group level through the Treasury Department at Group Headquarters. The Company does not hedge own foreign exchange risks. The major part of the foreign exchange risk relates to loans in EUR.

Expectations for the coming year

We expect the profit and loss for 2020 in the subsidiary to be lower than what was realised in 2019, due to Corona virus. Based on this we expect the result in Evoca Holding Denmark ApS for 2020 to be lower than the result of 2019.

Loss of capital

At 31. December 2019 the company has negative equity and is therefore covered by the companies act requirements for management's decision on how capital is re-established.

The result in Evoca Holding Denmark ApS is fully dependent on the result in the subsidiary Evoca Nordic ApS. This result is reduced by amortization of goodwill. Goodwill will be depreciated in full in 2020, which will significantly affect the future result of the holding company. It is therefore management's assessment, that the capital can be re-established via future earnings in the subsidiary.

Events after the balance sheet date

After the balance sheet date all markets have been affected negatively by the Corona virus. The effects have been caused by various officially imposed actions like travel bans and forced closing of bars and restaurants. This has had a negative effect on our outlook for 2020, but through cost reductions and governmental aid the company has implemented the needed measures to minimize the impact of the Corona virus. Based on the information available after the financial statement date, the company has considered the effects of the Corona virus an event, which occurred after the balance sheet date, and which thus does not entail an adjustment.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

There has not been any changes in the accounting policies from last year.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 in the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationary and office supplies, marketing costs, amortization, depreciation etc.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit and losses after full elimination of internal profit and losses with deduction of depreciation on goodwill.

Accounting policies

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprises interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the Income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unamortized positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealized intra-group profit and losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measure at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity value if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life which is normally 5 years, however, in certain cases it may be up to 20 years for strategically acquitted enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile if the longer amortization period is considered to give a better reflection of the benefit from the relevant resources. Goodwill is amortised over a period of 15 years, due to the reflection of the benefit from the resources.

Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry forwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Financial highlights

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios 2015" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios reflect
Return on equity (%)	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss for the year} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$	The Entity's return on capital invested in the Entity by the owners.
Solvency ratio (%)	$\frac{\text{Equity} \times 100}{\text{Total assets}}$	The financial strength of the Entity.

Income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Other external expenses		<u>-72.560</u>	<u>-71.343</u>
Result before financial items		-72.560	-71.343
Income from investments in group enterprises	2	1.839.503	4.401.059
Other financial expenses	3	<u>-13.325.279</u>	<u>-16.047.018</u>
Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before tax		-11.558.336	-11.717.302
Tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities	4	<u>3.252.829</u>	<u>3.655.966</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year		-8.305.507	-8.061.336
Proposed distribution of profit/(loss)			
Retained earnings		<u>-8.305.507</u>	<u>-8.061.336</u>
		-8.305.507	-8.061.336

Balance sheet as at 31.12.2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Assets			
Investments in group enterprises		150.030.613	187.497.793
Fixed Asset investments	5	<u>150.030.613</u>	<u>187.497.793</u>
Fixed Assets		<u>150.030.613</u>	<u>187.497.793</u>
Income tax receivable		8.810.059	9.991.966
Receivable		<u>8.810.059</u>	<u>9.991.966</u>
Current Assets		<u>8.810.059</u>	<u>9.991.966</u>
Assets		<u><u>158.840.672</u></u>	<u><u>197.489.759</u></u>

Balance sheet as at 31.12.2019

Liabilities and equity	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Contributed capital	6	745.000	745.000
Retained earnings		-3.287.146	4.325.045
Equity		<u>-2.542.146</u>	<u>5.070.045</u>
Debt to group enterprices		161.334.896	192.373.042
Other payables		47.922	46.672
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>161.382.818</u>	<u>192.419.714</u>
Liabilites other than provision		<u>161.382.818</u>	<u>192.419.714</u>
Liabilities and equity		<u>158.840.672</u>	<u>197.489.759</u>
Going concern	1		
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Assets charged	10		

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>DKK Total</u>
Equity beginning of year	745.000	4.325.045	5.070.045
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments	0	693.317	693.317
Net profit/(loss) for the year	0	-8.305.507	-8.305.507
Equity end of year	745.000	-3.287.146	-2.542.146

Notes

1. Going concern

The Company realised a result of -8.314 Tkr. and at 31 December 2019, has an equity totaling -2.551 Tkr. It has, however, also received a letter of financial support from its Parent, Evoca S.p.A., Italy, which is valid until 30 June 21, for which reason Management finds that the Company has sufficient liquidity in 2021. Accordingly, Management has presented the financial statements on a going concern basis.

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
2. Income from investments in group enterprises		
Share of profit after tax, group enterprises	37.190.636	39.752.192
Amortisation of goodwill, group enterprises	-35.351.133	-35.351.133
	<u>1.839.503</u>	<u>4.401.059</u>
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	13.321.722	15.409.289
Exchange rate adjustments	3.557	637.729
	<u>13.325.279</u>	<u>16.047.018</u>
4. Tax on ordinary profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	-3.086.059	-3.655.966
Adjustment relating to previous years	-166.770	0
	<u>-3.252.829</u>	<u>-3.655.966</u>

Notes

	Investments in group enterprises DKK
5. Fixed asset investments	
Cost at 1 January	731.894.000
Cost end of year	731.894.000
Impairment losses beginning of year	-544.396.207
Amortisation of goodwill	-35.351.133
Share of profit/loss after tax	37.190.636
Dividend	-40.000.000
Other adjustments	693.317
Impairment losses end of year	-581.863.387
Carrying amount end of year	150.030.613
Carrying value of recognized goodwill:	32.405.467

	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interest %	Equity DKK	Result DKK
Subsidiaries:					
Evoca Nordic ApS	Odense	ApS	100.00	117.610.213	37.190.636

Notes

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Par value DKK</u>	<u>Nominal value DKK</u>
6. Contributed capital			
Share capital	100.000	7,45	745.000
		<u>2018 DKK</u>	
Changes in contributed capital			
Contributed capital 1 January 2013		745.000	
Changes in share capital		0	
Contributed capital end of year		<u>745.000</u>	

7. Related parties with control

Group Relations:

The company's immediate parent, of which the company is a subsidiary, is Evoca S.p.A, Italy

The company's ultimate parent, which prepares the consolidated annual accounts, where the company is subsidiary is: Evoca S.p.A, Italy

The consolidated annual accounts can be requested on application to Evoca Holding Denmark ApS, C.F. Tietgens Boulevard 19,5220 Odense SØ, Denmark

8. Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the Group Annual Report for the Parent Company of the largest and smallest Group: Evoca S.p.A., Via Roma 24, 24030 Valbrembo, Italy.

9. Contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income etc. of the Group. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

10. Assets charged

The following assets have been placed as security with the Group's credit institutes: Investment in group enterprises with a book value of 150.031 Tkr