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## BUSINESS CENTER HØRSHOLM AF 2005 APS Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal 2900 Hellerup

Annual report for 2020

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 30 June 2021

Docusigned by:

| Hur

| Lynsex-Ang-Regira...
| Chairman

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#### STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Business Center Hørsholm af 2005 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

#### **Executive board**

DocuSigned by:

Lynsey Ann Blair director

# AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPILATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### To the shareholders of Business Center Hørsholm af 2005 ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Business Center Hørsholm af 2005 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and International Ethics Standards Boards for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

#### **MAZARS**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 31 06 17 41

Kurt Christensen State Authorized Public Accountant MNE no. mne26824

## **COMPANY DETAILS**

The company Business Center Hørsholm af 2005 ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal 2900 Hellerup

CVR no.: 29 13 50 29

1 January - 31 December 2020 6 October 2005 Reporting period:

Incorporated:

Domicile: Gentofte

Executive board Lynsey Ann Blair

#### MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

#### **Business review**

The company operates as provider of office facilities and other related activities.

2020 was a very challenging period due to the disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Following a very encouraging start to the year 2020, our strongest ever in terms of financial performance as a Group, the situation rapidly changed as the scale of the crisis facing our customers quickly became clear. We had to respond with speed and determination, taking some difficult decisions to cut costs, acting fast to help clients and working hard to support our own team members. While COVID-19 will continue to have a major impact to our business for some time to come, this allowed IWG's global market to take a massive leap forward as companies across the world discovered first-hand that their workforces could be highly engaged and productive while utilizing the hybrid way of working: at home, in a local office, and occasionally at corporate HQ. As a result, we remain optimistic as to the medium to long-term future of IWG.

#### Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 shows a loss of DKK 86.166, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 4.202.

#### Going concern:

It is the current intention of IWG Group to provide the Company with sufficient financial funds in order to enable the Company to fulfil at any time its payment obligations, but no written commitments has been given. Reference is made to note 1 for more details.

#### Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

In March 2020, following the declaration by the World Health Organization of the COVID-19 pandemic (COVID-19) and subsequent global government restrictions, the Group has been unable to operate at full capacity. Given the political and economic uncertainty resulting from COVID-19, the Group continues to see significant volatility and business disruption, reducing expected performance in 2021. The impact that COVID-19 has had on underlying trading performance is not recognised within adjusting items.

There have been no significant subsequent events that require adjustments or disclosure in this Annual Report.

#### Financial risks

The Company has budgetary and financial reporting procedures, supported by appropriate key performance indicators, to manage credit, liquidity and other financial risk.

Key performance indicators used by management include assessment of turnover, occupancy rates and profitability per unit.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The annual report of Business Center Hørsholm af 2005 ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Receivables for which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on debtors' domicile and credit ratings in accordance with the Company's credit risk management policy. The objective indicators used for portfolios are determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received, using the effective interest rate of individual receivables or portfolios of receivables as discount rate.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

## **INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER**

	Note	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		-81.736	92.826
Financial income	2	71	69
Financial costs	3	-6.108	-5.843
Profit/loss before tax		-87.773	87.052
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	1.607	-280
Profit/loss for the year		-86.166	86.772
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-86.166	86.772
		-86.166	86.772

## **BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER**

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
ASSETS			
Trade receivables		0	81.657
Receivables from group enterprises		84.534	91.158
Other receivables		0	12.774
Corporation tax		1.327	0
Receivables		85.861	185.589
Total current assets		85.861	185.589
Total assets		85.861	185.589

## **BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER**

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		-120.798	-23.463
Equity		4.202	101.537
Prepayments received from customers		81.657	81.657
Trade payables		0	1.604
Payables to subsidiaries		2	511
Corporation tax		0	280
Total current liabilities		81.659	84.052
Total liabilities		81.659	84.052
Total equity and liabilities		85.861	185.589
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		
Related parties and ownership structure	6		

#### **NOTES**

#### 1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

As regards uncertainties concerning the enterprises ability to continue as a going concern, management has assumed, that IWG Group will continue to provide the necessary liquidity available to the company for the current year.

The company has not received commitments from the IWG Group.

The executive board expects, through strategic measures, that the capital can be restored over a number of years.

		2020	2019
2	FINANCIAL INCOME	DKK	DKK
	Interest received from subsidiaries	71	69
		71	69
3	FINANCIAL COSTS		
	Other financial costs	6.108	5.843
		6.108	5.843
4	TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		
	Current tax for the year	-1.327	280
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-280	0
		-1.607	280

#### 5 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### **Contingent liabilities**

Regus management ApS being administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2014, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 2014, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interests, royalties and dividends.

The company is jointly tax registered with other Regus companies and is therefore jointly liable for VAT settlement.

#### 6 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

#### **Controlling interest**

IWG Plc, 22 Grenville Street, st. Heller, JE4 8PX Jersey.

This document is signed by the following parties with their signatures confirming the documents content and all dates in the document.

#### **Kurt Christensen**

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Som Revisor} & \mbox{NEM ID} \\ \mbox{RID: } \mbox{1196669587986} & \mbox{} \end{array}$ 

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