# **Monjasa Nordics ApS**

Strevelinsvej 34 7000 Fredericia Central Business Registration No 28995296

# Annual report 2016

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2017

**Chairman of the General Meeting** 

Name: Kenneth Henriks

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# **Entity details**

## Entity

Monjasa Nordics ApS Strevelinsvej 34 7000 Fredericia

Central Business Registration No: 28995296 Registered in: Fredericia Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

### **Executive Board**

Anders Østergaard, CEO Kenneth Henriks Svend Stenberg Mølholt

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 København S

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Monjasa Nordics ApS for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Fredericia, 31.05.2017

## **Executive Board**

Anders Østergaard CEO Kenneth Henriks

Svend Stenberg Mølholt

## Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of Monjasa Nordics ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Monjasa Nordics ApS for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability
  to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2017

### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Kåre Valtersdorf State Authorised Public Accountant Peter Aslak Storgaard State Authorised Public Accountant

# **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The main activity of the Company is to charter commercial vessels from external parties and chartering these vessels to Group companies.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The result for the year shows a deficit at USD 6.403 against a deficit last year at USD 86. The deficit for the year is satisfactory.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2016**

	Notes	2016 USD	2015 USD_
Gross loss		(8.394)	14.710
Other financial income	1	5.361	11.268
Other financial expenses	2	(4.660)	(8.708)
Profit/loss before tax		(7.693)	17.270
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	1.290	(17.356)
Profit/loss for the year		(6.403)	(86)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		0	(80.000)
Retained earnings		(6.403)	79.914
		(6.403)	(86)

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	USD	USD
Receivables from group enterprises		17.095	29.607
Income tax receivable		1.692	0
Prepayments		0	1.000
Receivables		18.787	30.607
Cash		20.920	33.342
Current assets		39.707	63.949
Assets		39.707	63.949

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	<u>Notes</u>	2016 USD	2015 USD
Contributed capital Retained earnings <b>Equity</b>		20.487 (1.021) 	20.487 5.382 <b>25.869</b>
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Income tax payable Other payables <b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		3.753 15.974 0 514 <b>20.241</b>	3.656 18.232 15.683 509 <b>38.080</b>
Liabilities other than provisions Equity and liabilities		<u>    20.241                                    </u>	38.080 63.949
Contingent liabilities Group relations	4 5		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	USD	USD	USD
Equity beginning of year	20.487	5.382	25.869
Profit/loss for the year	0	(6.403)	(6.403)
Equity end of year	20.487	(1.021)	19.466

## Notes

	2016	2015
	USD	USD
1. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	1.204	3.662
Interest income	8	0
Exchange rate adjustments	4.149	7.606
	5.361	11.268
	2016	2015
	USD	USD
2. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	890	42
Interest expenses	13	8.327
Exchange rate adjustments	3.604	0
Other financial expenses	153	339
	4.660	8.708
	2016	2015
	USD	USD
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	(1.668)	15.683
Adjustment concerning previous years	378	1.673
	(1.290)	17.356

## 4. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Monajsa Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and from 1 July 2012 for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

## 5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Monjasa Holding A/S, Fredericia

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The functional and presentation currency is USD with the applied exchange rate for 2016: 7.05 (2015: 6.83).

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other nonmonetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

#### Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, cost of sales and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the operations and chartering activity is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

## Accounting policies

### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises costs of sales and charterhire for the financial year measured at cost.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for stationery and office supplies etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with the Danish Parent company. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

# Accounting policies

### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.