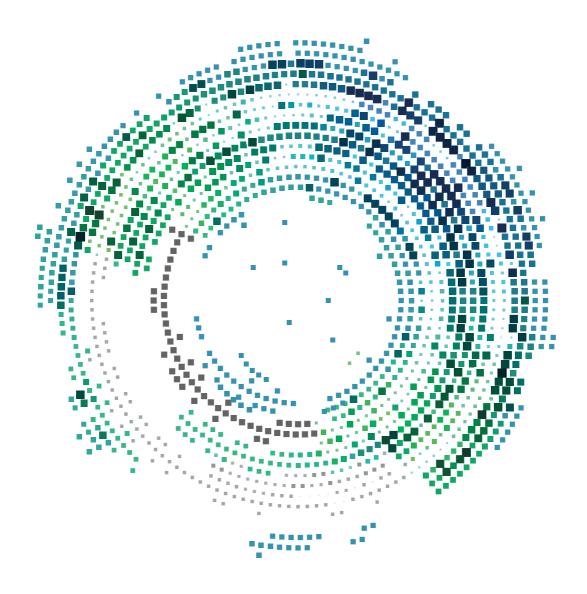
# Deloitte.



### **OBH Holding ApS**

Sofievej 7 2950 Vedbæk CVR No. 28974051

# Annual report 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 02.07.2021

#### Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

Chairman of the General Meeting

OBH Holding ApS | Contents

## **Contents**

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2020	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2020	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2020	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	15

# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

OBH Holding ApS Sofievej 7 2950 Vedbæk

CVR No.: 28974051

Registered office: Hørsholm

Financial year: 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Executive Board**

Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of OBH Holding ApS for the financial year 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Vedbæk, 02.07.2021

**Executive Board** 

Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

# Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of OBH Holding ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of OBH Holding ApS for the financial year 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 02.07.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Thomas Hermann**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne26740

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The activities of the Company consist of investments in securities and direct and indirect equity interests in other companies.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

Profit for the period 01.09.2020 - 31.12.2020 amounted to DKK 6,374 thousand against a loss of DKK 1,696 thousand for 2019/20.

Management considers the Company's performance satisfactory.

After the change of the financial year, the financial year covers 4 months against 12 months last year.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(388,615)	(916,356)
Staff costs	1	(350,207)	(622,655)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(32,397)	(2,190)
Operating profit/loss		(771,219)	(1,541,201)
Income from investments in group enterprises		144	(98,203)
Other financial income	2	12,147,610	15,933,811
Other financial expenses	3	(3,491,180)	(16,492,350)
Profit/loss before tax		7,885,355	(2,197,943)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(1,511,171)	502,237
Profit/loss for the year		6,374,184	(1,695,706)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		7,000,000	5,000,000
Retained earnings		(625,816)	(6,695,706)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		6,374,184	(1,695,706)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

#### **Assets**

		2020	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		267,411	295,560
Leasehold improvements		6,372	10,620
Property, plant and equipment	5	273,783	306,180
Investments in group enterprises		347,010	346,866
Other investments		10,452,545	9,646,155
Other receivables		86,878,530	88,703,121
Deferred tax		2,391,331	2,843,135
Financial assets	6	100,069,416	101,539,277
Fixed assets		100,343,199	101,845,457
rixeu assets		100,343,199	101,645,457
Receivables from group enterprises		0	844,654
Other receivables		5,442,456	6,543,696
Joint taxation contribution receivable		0	274,403
Receivables		5,442,456	7,662,753
Other investments		154,058,433	153,950,862
Other investments		154,058,433	153,950,862
Cash		3,940,852	14,759,140
Current assets		163,441,741	176,372,755
Assets		263,784,940	278,218,212

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019/20
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		250,000	250,000
Retained earnings		207,054,269	207,680,085
Proposed dividend		12,000,000	5,000,000
Equity		219,304,269	212,930,085
Other payables		4,443,750	4,443,750
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	7	4,443,750	4,443,750
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	7	2,250,000	2,250,000
Bank loans		27,112,719	47,219,801
Payables to group enterprises		8,282,295	9,130,481
Joint taxation contribution payable		1,077,613	1,069,674
Other payables		1,314,294	1,174,421
Current liabilities other than provisions		40,036,921	60,844,377
Liabilities other than provisions		44,480,671	65,288,127
Equity and liabilities		263,784,940	278,218,212
Equity und natificies		203,704,340	270,210,212
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	8		
Contingent liabilities	9		
Assets charged and collateral	10		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	250,000	207,680,085	5,000,000	212,930,085
Profit/loss for the year	0	(625,816)	7,000,000	6,374,184
Equity end of year	250,000	207,054,269	12,000,000	219,304,269

OBH Holding ApS | Notes 12

# **Notes**

#### 1 Staff costs

1 Staff costs		
	2020	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	349,950	622,114
Other social security costs	257	541
	350,207	622,655
Average number of full-time employees	1	1
2 Other financial income		
	2020	2019/20
Financial income from group enterprises	<b>DKK</b> 4,663	22.004
Financial income from group enterprises  Other interest income		23,904
Other interest income	995,490	3,753,979
Exchange rate adjustments	1,193,049	884,424
Fair value adjustments	9,751,679	9,143,904
Other financial income	202,729	2,127,600
	12,147,610	15,933,811
3 Other financial expenses		
	2020	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	123,465	180,062
Other interest expenses	70,147	906,198
Exchange rate adjustments	2,965,998	7,337,610
Fair value adjustments	244,645	7,111,479
Other financial expenses	86,925	957,001
	3,491,180	16,492,350
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2020	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	1,059,367	0
Change in deferred tax	451,804	(444,593)
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	(57,644)

1,511,171

(502,237)

OBH Holding ApS | Notes

#### 5 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings,	
	tools and	Leasehold
	equipment	improvements
	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	422,229	63,720
Cost end of year	422,229	63,720
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(126,669)	(53,100)
Depreciation for the year	(28,149)	(4,248)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(154,818)	(57,348)
Carrying amount end of year	267,411	6,372

#### **6 Financial assets**

	Investments in			
	group	Other	Other	
	enterprises	investments	receivables	Deferred tax
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	119,008,788	10,636,153	88,703,121	2,843,135
Additions	0	148,042	857,930	0
Disposals	0	0	(2,682,521)	(451,804)
Cost end of year	119,008,788	10,784,195	86,878,530	2,391,331
Impairment losses beginning of year	(118,661,922)	(989,998)	0	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	144	0	0	0
Impairment losses for the year	0	648,919	0	0
Other adjustments	0	9,429	0	0
Impairment losses end of year	(118,661,778)	(331,650)	0	0
Carrying amount end of year	347,010	10,452,545	86,878,530	2,391,331

The fair value adjustments of other investments, both current and non-current are specified in note 2 and note 3.

			Equity		
Investments in		Corporate	interest	Equity	Profit/loss
subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
Nordica Trading ApS	Hørsholm	ApS	100	347,010	144

OBH Holding ApS | Notes 14

#### 7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12 months 2020 DKK	Due within 12 months 2019/20 DKK	Due after more than 12 months 2020 DKK
Other payables	2,250,000	2,250,000	4,443,750
	2,250,000	2,250,000	4,443,750
8 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		2020 DKK	2019/20 DKK

0

28,125

#### **9 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement with Newcobh Holding ApS serving as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities and from 1 July 2012 for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities.

#### 10 Assets charged and collateral

The Company has provided a guarantee to Nykredit Bank A/S of loan obtained by third party. The guarantee is maximised at DKK 11,250 thousand.

The Company has provided a guarantee to Carnegie Investment Bank related to the investment in FF NREP NSF III. The guarantee is amounted to EUR 577,324. The company's shares in NREP is pledged for security of the guarantee.

The Company has committed to contribute further capital, if needed, in Black Stone Tactical Opportunities Fund III – Lux SCSp. The commitment is maximised at USD 500,690.

The Company has no assets charged nor any contingent liabilities.

Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total

# **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### Non-comparability

The company has changed it's financial year. The financial year covers 4 months against 12 months last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration costs.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise

depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

#### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital on securities, as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with Newcobh Holding ApS and all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold improvements as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements

5 years

5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation is imminent, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs deemed necessary to incur to settle the obligation.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Other investments

Other investments comprise listed securities which are measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

#### Other investments

Other current asset investments comprise listed securities measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and

disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.