# Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S

Østergade 24 A, 2., København K

CVR no. 28 89 68 67

# Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 19 June 2023

Chair of the meeting:

| Docusigned by:
| Miki Bulk | Delix |

The following is a translation of an original Danish document. The original Danish document is the governing document for all purposes, and in case of any discrepancy, the Danish wording will be applicable.

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# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the

Management's review.	smont a roviow gives a rail roviow c	or the matters also asser in the
We recommend that the annual rep	oort be approved at the annual gene	eral meeting.
Copenhagen, 19 June 2023 Executive Board:		
DocuSigned by:  Luca Cassina  DOCETRADABABD418  Luca Cassina		
Board of Directors:		
Linda Hand Linda Jane Hand Chair	Nicki Lars Bech Christensen	Luca Cassina Luca Cassina Luca Cassina

# Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

# Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 19 June 2023 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

PocuSigned by:

Peter Jensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne33246

# Management's review

## Company details

Name Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S Address, Postal code, City Østergade 24 A, 2., København K

CVR no. 28 89 68 67
Established 15 March 2005
Registered office København

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Linda Jane Hand, Chair

Nicki Lars Bech Christensen

Luca Cassina

Executive Board Luca Cassina

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

#### Management commentary

#### Business review

The company's activities consist in delivery of all kinds of activities in relation to providing credit card processing and approval procedures and guarantees of payment services to banks, providers, retailers and credit card holders. Any activity related to marketing and promotion with the purpose of promoting these credit card services and other associated tourist activities and services. Supply of software and hardware to facilitate the introduction of these services and other related business according to the Board of Directors.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2022 shows a loss of DKK 17 against a profit of DKK 86,706 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 3,221,540.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

# Income statement

Note	DKK	2022	2021
2	Gross profit Staff costs	37,931 0	179,867 0
	Profit before net financials Financial expenses	37,931 -37,953	179,867 -68,706
3	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-22 5	111,161 -24,455
	Profit/loss for the year	-17	86,706
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-17	86,706
		-17	86,706

# Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2022	2021
	ASSETS Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Trade receivables	1,492,358	609,869
	Receivables from group enterprises  Joint taxation contribution receivable	9,686,449	5,961,487 0
		11,178,812	6,571,356
	Cash	416,688	1,667,582
	Total non-fixed assets	11,595,500	8,238,938
	TOTAL ASSETS	11,595,500	8,238,938
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	601,000	601,000
	Retained earnings	2,620,540	2,620,557
	Total equity	3,221,540	3,221,557
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Payables to group enterprises	7,821,361	4,709,391
	Joint taxation contribution payable	0	24,455
	Other payables	552,599	283,535
		8,373,960	5,017,381
	Total liabilities other than provisions	8,373,960	5,017,381
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	11,595,500	8,238,938

Accounting policies
 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

<sup>5</sup> Collateral

<sup>6</sup> Related parties

# Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	601,000	2,533,851	3,134,851
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	86,706	86,706
Equity at 1 January 2022	601,000	2,620,557	3,221,557
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-17	-17
Equity at 31 December 2022	601,000	2,620,540	3,221,540

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### Accounting policies

The annual report of Planet Payment Services Denmark A/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

## Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale is recognised in revenue when the most significant rewards and risks have been transferred to the buyer and provided the income can be measured reliably and payment is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

# Gross profit

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Raw materials and consumables, etc.

Direct costs comprises royalty payment for use of the Fintrax Group's payment system.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

### Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### Balance sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

#### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements

#### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

3 Tax for the year

Estimated tax charge for the year

-5	24,455
-5	24,455

Requisitioning of the parent

### 4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

#### Other contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with Planet Payment Denmark ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes for the income year 2022 onwards as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends falling due for payment.

### 5 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2022.

# 6 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	company's consolidated financial statements
Franklin Ireland Topco Limited	10 Earlsfort Terrace Dublin 662881 Ireland	https://www.dnb.com/busin ess-directory/company- profiles.franklin_ireland_top co_limited.b739c0af42d91 afa414fb4516bdaead7.html