PKF Munkebo Vindelev Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab



Glyco Holding ApS

c/o Glycom A/S, Kogle Alle 4, 2970 Hørsholm

Company reg. no. 28 50 74 61

Annual report

1 October 2020 - 30 September 2021

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 28th of February 2022

Gyula Dekany Chairman of the meeting



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Notes

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



Management's statement

Today, the Managing Director has approved the annual report of Glyco Holding ApS for the financial year 1 October 2020 - 30 September 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2020 – 30 September 2021.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Hørsholm, 28 February 2022

Managing Director

Gyula Dekany



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Glyco Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Glyco Holding ApS for the financial year 1 October 2020 - 30 September 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2021, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2020 - 30 September 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Glostrup, 28 February 2022

PKF Munkebo Vindelev

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 14 11 92 99

Kasper Vindelev State Authorised Public Accountant mne29389



Company information

The company Glyco Holding ApS

c/o Glycom A/S Kogle Alle 4 2970 Hørsholm

Company reg. no. 28 50 74 61 Established: 15 March 2005

Domicile: Rudersdal

Financial year: 1 October - 30 September

17th financial year

Managing Director Gyula Dekany

Auditors PKF Munkebo Vindelev, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Hovedvejen 56 2600 Glostrup

Bankers Danske Bank, Holmens Kanal 2, 1090 København K



Financial highlights

DKK in thousands.	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18	2016/17
Income statement:					
Gross profit	-368	-352	-162	-107	-51
Profit from operating activities	-368	-352	-162	-107	-51
Net financials	-849	419.654	-12	56.200	-9
Net profit or loss for the year	-1.217	419.302	-174	56.093	-60
Statement of financial position:					
Balance sheet total	1.064	385.997	674	56.266	128
Equity	607	384.324	302	55.945	-148



Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The purpose of the company in the financial year has been to be a holding company.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals DKK -368.000 against DKK -352.000 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -1.217.000 against DKK 419.302.000 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year satisfactory.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact in the financial position of the company.



Accounting policies

The annual report for Glyco Holding ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises other external costs.

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses.



Accounting policies

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Investments

Other financial instruments

Other unlisted financial instruments are measured at cost. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Equity

Treasury shares

Purchase prices and sales prices of own shares are recognised directly in equity. The capital reduction arising from the cancellation of own shares will reduce the share capital by an amount corresponding to the nominal value of the shares and increase the results brought forward, respectively.

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.



Accounting policies

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.



Income statement 1 October - 30 September

All amounts in DKK.

Note	2020/21	2019/20
Gross loss	-368.207	-351.778
Income from other financial investments and receivables which		
are non current assets	0	420.875.323
Other financial expenses	-849.103	-1.221.429
Pre-tax net profit or loss	-1.217.310	419.302.116
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	0
Net profit or loss for the year	-1.217.310	419.302.116
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Dividend for the financial year	0	382.500.000
Transferred to retained earnings	0	36.802.116
Allocated from retained earnings	-1.217.310	0
Total allocations and transfers	-1.217.310	419.302.116



Balance sheet at 30 September

All amounts in DKK.

Assets

Note	<u>e</u>	2021	2020
	Non-current assets		
1	Other financial investments	0	0
	Total investments	0	0
	Total non-current assets	0	0
	Current assets		
	Cash and cash equivalents	1.063.891	385.997.481
	Total current assets	1.063.891	385.997.481
	Total assets	1.063.891	385.997.481



Balance sheet at 30 September

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and list	abilities
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Note Note	2021	2020
Equity		
Contributed capital	68.203	112.750
Retained earnings	538.668	1.711.431
Proposed dividend for the financial year	0	382.500.000
Total equity	606.871	384.324.181
Long term labilities other than provisions		
Other payables	457.020	1.673.300
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	457.020	1.673.300
Total liabilities other than provisions	457.020	1.673.300
Total equity and liabilities	1.063.891	385.997.481

2 Contingencies



Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the financial year	Total
Equity 1 October 2019	112.750	189.667	0	302.417
Profit or loss for the year brought				
forward	0	36.802.116	382.500.000	419.302.116
Purchase of own shares	0	-35.280.352	0	-35.280.352
Equity 1 October 2020	112.750	1.711.431	382.500.000	384.324.181
Distributed dividend	0	0	-382.500.000	-382.500.000
Profit or loss for the year brought				
forward	0	-1.217.310	0	-1.217.310
Capital reduction (elimination of				
own shares)	-44.547	44.547	0	0
	68.203	538.668	0	606.871



Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		30/9 2021	30/9 2020
1.	Other financial investments		
	Cost 1 October 2020	0	73.984
	Disposals during the year	0	-73.984
	Cost 30 September 2021	0	0
	Carrying amount, 30 September 2021	0	0

2. Contingencies

Contingent assets

A deferred tax asset of t.DKK 730 has not been recognized due to uncertainty regarding the timeline for future usage.