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REGUS KOBENHAVN APS Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal 2900 Hellerup

Annual report for 2020

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 30 June 2021

Docusigned by:

| How

Lynsey Aspn Blair

chairman

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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Regus Kobenhavn ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

Executive board

sey Ann Blair

DocuSigned by:

Director D994A868413...

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPILATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the shareholder of Regus Kobenhavn ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Regus Kobenhavn ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and International Ethics Standards Boards for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

MAZARS

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 31 06 17 41

Kurt Christensen State Authorized Public Accountant MNE no. mne26824

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COMPANY DETAILS

The company Regus Kobenhavn ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal

2900 Hellerup

CVR no.: 28 30 94 65

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2020

Incorporated: 28 December 2004

Domicile: Gentofte

Executive board Lynsey Ann Blair

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Business review

The company operates as a provider of office facilities.

The company operates as a provider of office facilities through Regus Management ApS, which company operates as a manager of the Regus activities in Denmark.

2020 was a very challenging period due to the disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Following a very encouraging start to the year 2020, our strongest ever in terms of financial performance as a Group, the situation rapidly changed as the scale of the crisis facing our customers quickly became clear. We had to respond with speed and determination, taking some difficult decisions to cut costs, acting fast to help clients and working hard to support our own team members. While COVID-19 will continue to have a major impact to our business for some time to come, this allowed IWG's global market to take a massive leap forward as companies across the world discovered first-hand that their workforces could be highly engaged and productive while utilizing the hybrid way of working: at home, in a local office, and occasionally at corporate HQ. As a result, we remain optimistic as to the medium to long-term future of IWG.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 shows a loss of DKK 4.676.469, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows negative equity of DKK 56.088.081.

Pursuant to the capital loss provision of section 119 of the Danish Companies Act, the company has lost more than 50% of its share capital at year-end.

The annual report has been presented under the assumption of continued operations of the company.

Continued operations require further investments.

Going concern:

It is the current intention of IWG Group to provide the Company with sufficient financial funds in order to enable the Company to fulfil at any time its payment obligations but no written commitments has been given.

Reference is made to note 1 for mere details.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

In March 2020, following the declaration by the World Health Organization of the COVID-19 pandemic (COVID-19) and subsequent global government restrictions, the Group has been unable to operate at full capacity. Given the political and economic uncertainty resulting from COVID-19, the Group continues to see significant volatility and business disruption, reducing expected performance in 2021. The impact that COVID-19 has had on underlying trading performance is not recognised within adjusting items.

There have been no significant subsequent events that require adjustments or disclosure in this Annual Report.

Financial risks

The Company has budgetary and financial reporting procedures, supported by appropriate key performance indicators, to manage credit, liquidity and other financial risk.

Key performance indicators used by management include assessment of turnover, occupancy rates and profitability per unit.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of Regus Kobenhavn ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment. 3-10 years Leasehold improvements 10 years

10 years or lease period years

Assets costing less than DKK 14.100 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Liabilities

Other liabilities, which include trade receivables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		-2.968.211	-686.693
Depreciation		-253.659	-501.004
Other operating costs		-1.049.849	0
Profit/loss before net financials		-4.271.719	-1.187.697
Financial income		0	1.045
Financial costs	2	-454.313	-1.706.136
Profit/loss before tax		-4.726.032	-2.892.788
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	49.563	76.493
Profit/loss for the year		-4.676.469	-2.816.295
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-4.676.469	-2.816.295
		-4.676.469	-2.816.295

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note		2019 DKK
ASSETS			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		229.667	1.016.012
Leasehold improvements		177.051	1.165.176
Tangible assets	4	406.718	2.181.188
Total non-current assets		406.718	2.181.188
Trade receivables		0	159.261
Receivables from group enterprises		49.248	6.715
Other receivables		1.865.458	2.832.076
Corporation tax		45.453	76.494
Prepayments		0	441.412
Receivables		1.960.159	3.515.958
Total current assets		1.960.159	3.515.958
Total assets		2.366.877	5.697.146

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		-56.213.081	-51.536.611
Equity		-56.088.081	-51.411.611
Deposits		133.771	133.771
Total non-current liabilities		133.771	133.771
Trade payables		778.707	783.191
Payables to group enterprises		56.998.575	55.259.800
Other payables		543.905	931.995
Total current liabilities		58.321.187	56.974.986
Total liabilities		58.454.958	57.108.757
Total equity and liabilities		2.366.877	5.697.146
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		
Related parties and ownership structure	6		

NOTES

1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

As regards uncertainties concerning the enterprises ability to continue as a going concern, management has assumed, that IWG Group will continue to provide the necessary liquidity available to the company for the current year.

The company has not received commitments from the IWG Group.

The executive board expects, through strategic measures, that the capital can be restored over a number of years.

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
2 FINANCIAL COSTS		
Other financial expenses	0	4.313
Exchange adjustments costs	3	0
Interest expenses, group entities	454.310	1.701.823
	454.313	1.706.136
3 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		
Current tax for the year	-45.453	-76.493
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-4.110	0
	-49.563	-76.493

NOTES

4 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements
Cost at 1 January 2020 Additions for the year Disposals for the year	7.684.785 0 -1.005.659	7.869.150 0 -1.456.600
Cost at 31 December 2020	6.679.126	6.412.550
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2020 Depreciation for the year Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	6.668.773 168.270 -387.584	6.703.974 85.389 -553.864
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2020	6.449.459	6.235.499
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	229.667	177.051

NOTES

5 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent commitments

Regus Management ApS being the administration company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2013, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 2012, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may changes in the company's liabilities.

Other rent and lease liabilities as of December 31st 2020: XXXX tDKK (2019: 127 tDKK).

The company is jointly tax registered with other Regus companies and is therefore jointly liable for VAT settlement.

The Danish Tax Agency (Skattestyrelsen) finalized in 2019 a transfer pricing tax audit of Regus Management ApS and the companies of the Danish scheme of joint taxation in 2012-2014. Regus Management ApS has appealed the result of the transfer pricing tax audit to the Danish Tax Agency (Skattestyrelsen). The result of the appeal is expected available in 2021 at the earliest.

Tax, interest, fines related to the transfer pricing tax audit have not been recognized in the financial statements, since it is the group's and its advisors' expectations that the result of the appeal case will turn out to be favourable towards Regus Management ApS.

6 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE Other related parties

Regus Kobenhavn ApS' related parties comprise the following: IWG Plc, 22 Grenville Street, st. Heller, JE4 8PX Jersey.

This document is signed by the following parties with their signatures confirming the documents content and all dates in the document.

Kurt Christensen

Som Revisor N≿M ID

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