



Histolab Products ApS

Bredgade 30
1260 København K
CVR No. 28292090

Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 20.05.2021

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck
Chairman

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Entity details

Entity

Histolab Products ApS

Bredgade 30

1260 København K

CVR No.: 28292090

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

Board of Directors

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck, Chairman

Carl Olof Jenefeldt

Jan Håkan Svensson

Executive Board

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Histolab Products ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 20.05.2021

Executive Board

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck
CEO

Board of Directors

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck
Chairman

Carl Olof Jenefeldt

Jan Håkan Svensson

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Histolab Products ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Histolab Products ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 20.05.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

Flemming Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne27790

Management commentary

Primary activities

The main purpose of the Company is trade with pharmaceutical products.

Development in activities and finances

Result for the year shows a profit of DKK 545,751, which management considers satisfactory.

The outbreak of COVID-19 at the beginning of 2020 has not had and is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's financial position and development.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Revenue		12,265,249	8,483,825
Cost of sales		(10,062,254)	(6,560,725)
Other external expenses		(435,647)	(590,902)
Gross profit/loss		1,767,348	1,332,198
Staff costs	1	(1,061,500)	(988,538)
Operating profit/loss		705,848	343,660
Other financial income	2	24	13,283
Other financial expenses	3	(2,877)	(11,463)
Profit/loss before tax		702,995	345,480
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(157,244)	(76,681)
Profit/loss for the year		545,751	268,799
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Retained earnings		545,751	268,799
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		545,751	268,799

Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

Assets

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Trade receivables		1,157,611	852,823
Receivables from group enterprises	5	4,124,770	2,458,075
Other receivables		32,800	43,874
Receivables		5,315,181	3,354,772
Current assets		5,315,181	3,354,772
Assets		5,315,181	3,354,772

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		2,646,083	2,100,332
Equity		2,771,083	2,225,332
Other payables		103,602	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	6	103,602	0
Prepayments received from customers		95,000	18,750
Trade payables		38,484	51,226
Payables to group enterprises		100,991	145,738
Joint taxation contribution payable		157,244	76,681
Other payables	7	2,048,777	837,045
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,440,496	1,129,440
Liabilities other than provisions		2,544,098	1,129,440
Equity and liabilities		5,315,181	3,354,772
Contingent liabilities	8		

Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	2,100,332	2,225,332
Profit/loss for the year	0	545,751	545,751
Equity end of year	125,000	2,646,083	2,771,083

Notes

1 Staff costs

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	982,891	917,830
Pension costs	165,636	156,630
Other social security costs	(92,152)	(92,564)
Other staff costs	5,125	6,642
	1,061,500	988,538
Average number of full-time employees	1	1

2 Other financial income

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Exchange rate adjustments	24	13,283
	24	13,283

3 Other financial expenses

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Other interest expenses	654	8,910
Exchange rate adjustments	162	8
Other financial expenses	2,061	2,545
	2,877	11,463

4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	157,244	76,681
	157,244	76,681

5 Receivables from group enterprises

The Company's receivable at year end in group cash pool accounts are DKK 4,106,492.

The Company's ability to utilize the funds in question may be limited by others in the cash pool account participating group companies' account balances.

6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months 2020 DKK
Other payables	103,602
	103,602

7 Other payables

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
VAT and duties	1,697,141	541,005
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	304,597	253,870
Other costs payable	47,039	42,170
	2,048,777	837,045

8 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Algol Chemicals ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

Responsibilities for behalf of companies belonging to the same group

The commitment is related to the company's ultimate Algol Group parent company Algol Oy and it is EUR 500,000 overdraft facility in Nordea Bank Finland Ltd. The overdraft facility constitutes the base of the Algol Group cash pool. The company and other Algol Group companies having an internal overdraft facility within the Group cash pool have each given Nordea Bank Finland Ltd a guarantee covering the Algol Oy cash pool account liability in addition to other collateral provided by Algol Oy.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises of interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.