# **Deloitte.**



### **Histolab Products ApS**

Bredgade 30 1260 Copenhagen K CVR No. 28292090

## Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 10.05.2023

**Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck** Chairman of the General Meeting

## **Contents**

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2022	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2022	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

## **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Histolab Products ApS Bredgade 30 1260 Copenhagen K

Business Registration No.: 28292090

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

### **Board of Directors**

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck, chairman Carl Olof Jenefeldt Jan Håkan Svensson

### **Executive Board**

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck, Chief Executive Officer

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Histolab Products ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 10.05.2023

**Executive Board** 

**Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck** 

Chief Executive Officer

**Board of Directors** 

Karl Joakim Alexander Flinck chairman

**Carl Olof Jenefeldt** 

Jan Håkan Svensson

## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of Histolab Products ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Histolab Products ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 10.05.2023

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

### Ulrik Winkler Jakobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne47242

## **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The main purpose of the Company is trade with pharmaceutical products.

### **Development in activities and finances**

Result for the year shows a profit of DKK 56,754, which management considers satisfactory.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Revenue		13,108,612	13,442,231
Cost of sales		(11,764,780)	(11,989,398)
Other external expenses		(288,856)	(251,256)
Gross profit/loss		1,054,976	1,201,577
Staff costs	1	(975,970)	(1,109,111)
Operating profit/loss		79,006	92,466
Other financial income	2	1,151	9
Other financial expenses	3	(4,208)	(7,468)
Profit/loss before tax		75,949	85,007
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(19,195)	(16,687)
Profit/loss for the year		56,754	68,320
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:		F.C. 75.4	60.222
Retained earnings		56,754	68,320
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		56,754	68,320

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2022**

### **Assets**

	2022	2022 2021 DKK DKK
	DKK	
Trade receivables	1,899,432	1,790,843
Receivables from group enterprises	2,394,874	3,589,805
Other receivables	55,126	22,418
Receivables	4,349,432	5,403,066
Current assets	4,349,432	5,403,066
Assets	4,349,432	5,403,066

### **Equity and liabilities**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		2,771,157	2,714,403
Equity		2,896,157	2,839,403
Prepayments received from customers		56,417	0
Trade payables		92,631	40,778
Payables to group enterprises		233,681	464,072
Joint taxation contribution payable		17,494	18,721
Other payables	5	1,053,052	2,040,092
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,453,275	2,563,663
Liabilities other than provisions		1,453,275	2,563,663
Equity and liabilities		4,349,432	5,403,066
Contingent liabilities	6		
Group relations	7		

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2022**

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	2,714,403	2,839,403
Profit/loss for the year	0	56,754	56,754
Equity end of year	125,000	2,771,157	2,896,157

## **Notes**

### 1 Staff costs

	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	736,536	901,010
Pension costs	232,009	201,826
Other staff costs	7,425	6,275
	975,970	1,109,111
Average number of full-time employees	1	1
2 Other financial income		
	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Other interest income	1,125	0
Exchange rate adjustments	26	9
	1,151	9
3 Other financial expenses		
	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Other interest expenses	1,241	5,236
Exchange rate adjustments	30	184
Other financial expenses	2,937	2,048
	4,208	7,468
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	17,494	18,721
Adjustment concerning previous years	1,701	(2,034)
	19,195	16,687

### 5 Other payables

	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
VAT and duties	853,308	1,729,298
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc. payable	191,745	306,753
Accrued interest	0	4,041
Other costs payable	7,999	0
	1,053,052	2,040,092

### **6 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Algol Chemicals ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

### Responsibilities for behalf of companies belonging to the same group

The commitment is related to the company's ultimate Algol Group parent company Algol Oy and it is EUR 500,000 overdraft facility in Nordea Bank Finland Ltd. The overdraft facility constitutes the base of the Algol Group cash pool. The company and other Algol Group companies having an internal overdraft facility within the Group cash pool have each given Nordea Bank Finland Ltd a guarantee covering the Algol Oy cash pool account liability in addition to other collateral provided by Algol Oy.

### **7 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Algol OY, Espoo, Finland

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Income statement**

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including

interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

### Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.