Ryesgade 3E

2200 København N

CVR No. 28097417

# Annual Report 2017

13. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 14 March 2018

4 Peter Prosun Bose Chairman

## Contents

3
4
6
7
8
11
12
14

#### **Management's Statement**

Today, The Execituve Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Miso Film ApS for the financial year 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 14/7- 48

**Executive Board** 

Jonas Børre Allen

Manager

Peter Prosun Bose

Manager

**Board of Directors** 

Sangeeta Desai Chairman

Jonas Børre Allen

C

Peter Prosun Bose

Daniela Nicoleta Matei

Sarah Gill

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the shareholders of Miso Film ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Miso Film ApS for the financial year 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility under those standards and requirements are further described in our auditors' report under "Auditors' responsibility for the audit of the financial statements". As required by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we are independent of the Company, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management considers necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to either liquidate the Company or suspend operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and can be considered material if it would be reasonable to expect that these - either individually or collectively - could influence the economic decisions taken by the users of financial statements on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- \* Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- \* Conclude on whether Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and, based on the audit evidence obtained, conclude on whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions, which could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may imply that the Company can no longer remain a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of opinion providing assurance regarding the Management's review.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the financial statements is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or with the knowledge we have gained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review meets the disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we are of the opinion that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act. In our opinion, the Management's review is not materially misstated.

14/3 2018 Hellerup,

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisorpartnerselskab CVR-np. 3377/1231

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen

State Authorised Public Accountant mne16675

Martin Enderberg Lassen State Authorised Public Accountant mne40044

## **Company details**

Company	Miso Film ApS
	Ryesgade 3E
	2200 København N
Telephone	+ 45 33 337 337
email	info@misofilm.dk
Website	www.misofilm.dk
CVR No.	28097417
Date of formation	24 August 2004
Registered office	København
Financial year	1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017
Supervisory Board	Sangeeta Desai, Chairman
	Peter Prosun Bose
	Daniela Nicoleta Matei
	Jonas Børre Allen
	Sarah Gill
Executive Board	Jonas Børre Allen, Manager
	Peter Prosun Bose, Manager
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers
	Statsautoriseret Revisorpartnerselskab
	Strandvejen 44
	2900 Hellerup
	CVR-no.: 33771231

#### **Management's Review**

#### The Company's principal activities

The principal activities in the Company are to develop, finance and produce film- and TV-productions and any other activities related hereto.

#### Insecurity regarding recognition or measurement

There is no material insecurity regarding recognition or measurement.

#### **Exceptional circumstances**

No exceptional circumstances have affected recognition or measurement.

#### Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2017 - 31 December 2017 shows a result of DKK 17.099.939 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2017 a balance sheet total of DKK 92.441.043 and an equity of DKK 17.721.876.

#### Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

#### Risks

The Company is not assessed to be exposed to any particular risks.

#### **Environmental issues**

The activities of the Company does not have material impact on the external environment. The Company makes an effort to use scanning instead of printing to avoid unnecessary waste of paper resources.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Reporting Class**

The Annual Report of Miso Film ApS for 2017 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

#### **Reporting currency**

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

#### **General Information**

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income Statement**

#### Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Revenue

#### **Accounting Policies**

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the Income Statement from the date of delivery and when the risk has passed to the buyer if it is possible to calculate the income reliably. The revenue is calculated exclusive of VAT, charges and discounts.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses regarding sale and administration.

#### Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries, pensions and social security costs.

#### Amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible assets

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, debt and foreign currency transactions, dividends received from other equity investments, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and allowances under the tax repayment scheme.

#### Tax on net profit/loss for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity. The Company and the Danish associates are taxed jointly. The Danish income tax is distributed between profit- and loss-making Danish enterprises in relation to their taxable income (full distribution).

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are measured at cost plus revaluations, if any, and less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the purchase until the date when the asset is available for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years

Assets costing less than DKK 12,800 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

#### Contract work in progres

Supply of services in progress is measured at cost.

Prepayment and payments received on account are set off against the cost value. The individual contracts are classified as receivables when the net value is negative.

Expenses relating to sales work and the winning of contracts are recognised in the income statements as incurred.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

#### Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### Equity

Proposed dividend for the year is recognised as a separate item in equity.

#### Provisions

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the balance-sheet liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

#### Accruals and deferred income, equity and liabilities

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities consist of payments received regarding income in the subsequent financial years.

## **Income Statement**

		2017	2016
	Note	kr.	kr.
Gross profit		33.157.998	15.807.154
Employee benefits expense	1	-10.434.801	-8.825.373
Depreciation		-215.561	-258.063
Profit from ordinary operating activities		22.507.636	6.723.718
Other finance income	2	721.468	495.721
Finance expences	3	-1.188.983	-267.422
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		22.040.121	6.952.017
Tax expense on ordinary activities	4	-4.940.182	-1.532.423
Profit		17.099.939	5.419.594
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		14.663.882	4.281.212
Retained earnings		2.436.057	1.138.382
Distribuation of profit		17.099.939	5.419.594

## Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Nata	2017	2016
Assets	Note	kr.	kr.
Firtures fittings tools and equipment	5	659.529	481.048
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment Leasehold improvements	6	273.497	199.672
Property, plant and equipment	0	933.026	680.720
Fixed assets		933.026	680.720
Short-term trade receivables		6.964.133	3.986.962
Contract work in progress	7	0	2.039.954
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		9.103.523	0
Current deferred tax		0	41.653
Other short-term receivables		10.315.952	8.321.890
Deferred income		392.904	348.349
Receivables		26.776.512	14.738.808
Cash and cash equivalents		64.731.505	1.133.267
Current assets		91.508.017	15.872.075
Assets		92.441.043	16.552.795

**Related** parties

## Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2017 kr.	2016 kr.
Liabilities and equity	Note	кі.	кг.
Contributed capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		2.932.994	496.937
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		14.663.882	4.281.212
Equity	8	17.721.876	4.903.149
Provisions for deferred tax	9	22.965	0
Provisions		22.965	0
Prepayments received for work in progress	7	52.427.210	0
Trade payables		12.145.336	4.528.079
Payables to group enterprises		235.126	3.436.715
Tax payables		4.840.217	1.242.999
Other payables		1.156.784	1.861.431
Deferred income, liabilities		3.891.529	371.037
Lease commitments		0	209.385
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		74.696.202	11.649.646
Liabilities other than provisions within the busin	ness	74.696.202	11.649.646
Liabilities and equity		92.441.043	16.552.795

11

Notes

## 1. Employee benefits expense

	2017	2016
Wages and salaries	8.627.401	7.370.675
Post-employement benefit expense	794.882	650.669
Social security contributions	52.150	26.386
Other employee expense	960.368	777.643
	10.434.801	8.825.373
Average number of employees	36	26
2. Finance income		
Exchange gains	626.393	366.117
Interest group enterprises	95.075	129.604
	721.468	495.721
3. Finance expenses		
Interest bank etc	53.975	1.093
Creditor interest	4.539	5.057
Debtor cash discounts	0	-152
Other interest and fees	1.088	16.507
Exchange loss	1.120.586	218.197
Interest group enterprises	8.795	26.720
	1.188.983	267.422
4. Tax expense		
Current Taxes	4.875.564	1.242.999
Deferred tax	64.618	289.424
	4.940.182	1.532.423

Notes

## 5. Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

	2017	2016
Cost at the beginning of the year	1.590.223	1.732.680
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	448.541	0
Disposal during the year	-530.470	-142.457
Cost at the end of the year	1.508.294	1.590.223
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-1.109.175	-1.016.765
Amortisation for the year	-170.060	-234.867
Reversal of impairment losses and amortisation of disposed assets	430.470	142.457
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-848.765	-1.109.175
Carrying amount at the end of the year	659.529	481.048
6. Leasehold improvements		
Cost at the beginning of the year	237.775	180.280
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	102.327	57.495
Cost at the end of the year	340.102	237.775
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-38.103	-14.907
Amortisation for the year	-28.502	-23.196
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-66.605	-38.103
Carrying amount at the end of the year	273.497	199.672
7. Contract work in progress		
Cost value of work	130.004.297	97.080.330
Progress billings on contracts in progress	-182.431.507	-95.040.376
Net value of contract work	-52.427.210	2.039.954
Progress billings are divided as follows in the balance sheet:		
Net receivables	0	2.039.954
Net liabilities	-52.427.210	0
	-52.427.210	2.039.954

### Notes

## 8. Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	l alt
Equity, beginning balance	125.000	496.937	4.281.212	4.903.149
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2.436.057	0	2.436.057
Dividend paid	0	0	-4.281.212	-4.281.212
Proposed dividend			14.663.882	14.663.882
	125.000	2.932.994	14.663.882	17.721.876

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

### 9. Provisions for deferred tax

Deferred taxes	22.965	0
Balance at the end of the year	22.965	0

### 10. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### **Rental agreements and leases**

Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:

	2017	2016
Within 1 year	591.211	209.385
Between 1 and 5 years	224.970	0
	816.181	209.385
Lease obligations, period of non-terminability	816.181	1.334.840
	816.181	1.334.840

The Company is jointly taxed with the Danish companies in the Bertelsmann AG Group. The joint taxation also covers withholding taxes in the form of dividend tax, royalty tax and interest tax. The Danish companies are jointly and individually liable for the joint taxation. Any subsequent adjustments to income taxes and withholding taxes may lead to a larger liability. The tax for the individual companies is allocated in full on the basis of the expected taxable income.

### 11. Related parties

Consolidated Financial Statements The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company FremantleMedia Group Limited