



DTD PRODUCTION CREW ApS

Studsgade 35, st.
8000 Aarhus C
CVR No. 27764983

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 29.06.2022

Flemming Myllerup

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

DTD PRODUCTION CREW ApS

Studsgade 35, st.

8000 Aarhus C

Business Registration No.: 27764983

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Board of Directors

Brian Nielsen

Allan Ottesen Thorup

Flemming Myllerup

Executive Board

Allan Ottesen Thorup

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

City Tower, Værkmestergade 2

8000 Aarhus C

Lead Client Service Partner : Mads Fauerskov

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of DTD PRODUCTION CREW ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 29.06.2022

Executive Board

Allan Ottesen Thorup

Board of Directors

Brian Nielsen

Allan Ottesen Thorup

Flemming Myllerup

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of DTD PRODUCTION CREW ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DTD PRODUCTION CREW ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 29.06.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

Sune Pagh Sølvsteen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne47819

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's key activity is to rental of crew in connection with concerts and theater production.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 6,957, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows an equity of DKK 433,316.

The Group's budget shows enough liquidity for the Group's future operations. For further information on this and our liquidity, please see note 1.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report. The Group expects all festivals and other operations to be held in 2022, and expects no further effects from COVID-19.

Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Gross profit/loss	2	120,751	127,466
Staff costs	3	(121,559)	(167,548)
Operating profit/loss		(808)	(40,082)
Other financial income		0	5
Other financial expenses		(1,471)	(1,605)
Profit/loss before tax		(2,279)	(41,682)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(4,678)	19,554
Profit/loss for the year		(6,957)	(22,128)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(6,957)	(22,128)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(6,957)	(22,128)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Trade receivables		31,838	0
Deferred tax	5	15,000	19,678
Other receivables		53,574	278,587
Receivables		100,412	298,265
Cash		415,235	266,592
Current assets		515,647	564,857
Assets		515,647	564,857

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		313,638	320,595
Equity		438,638	445,595
Trade payables		10,097	20,750
Payables to group enterprises		0	76,310
Other payables	6	66,912	22,202
Current liabilities other than provisions		77,009	119,262
Liabilities other than provisions		77,009	119,262
Equity and liabilities		515,647	564,857
Going concern	1		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Non-arm's length related party transactions	8		
Group relations	9		

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	320,595	445,595
Profit/loss for the year	0	(6,957)	(6,957)
Equity end of year	125,000	313,638	438,638

Notes

1 Going concern

The Company is a part of Superstruct Denmark Group including Northside and Tinderbox. Like 2020, the Group's activity has been significantly affected by the implications of COVID-19, which has led to the cancellation of the Group's primary activities in 2020 and 2021. In 2020 and 2021, the Group has received compensation as partial allowance of the costs associated with restrictions. A significant proportion of customers have chosen to exchange tickets for later events, which is why repayment of sold tickets has so far only taken place to a very limited extent. The Company expects to have sufficient funds from own operations. Furthermore, the Company has received a statement of support from DTD Holding ApS should that be necessary.

Management expects to hold the festivals Northside and Tinderbox in 2022, which will generate profit in the Group for 2022. As it is Management's assessment that the Group is sufficiently secured for the future, Management presents the consolidated financial statements on the assumption of going concern.

2 Gross profit/loss

Other operating income, which is a part of the gross profit, included compensation from the Covid-19 support packages related to events due to the outbreak and spread of Covid-19, in 2021 with DKK 32k, and in 2020 DKK 337k.

3 Staff costs

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	120,639	166,321
Other social security costs	920	1,227
	121,559	167,548
Average number of full-time employees	1	1

4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	4,678	(9,169)
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	(10,385)
	4,678	(19,554)

5 Deferred tax

Deferred tax comprises tax loss carry-forwards expected to be utilised within the next year in the joint taxation contribution.

6 Other payables

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
VAT and duties	46,223	0
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	18,234	19,606
Holiday pay obligation	2,455	2,596
	66,912	22,202

7 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Superstruct Denmark Holdings ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

8 Non-arm's length related party transactions

All related party transactions are carried out on an arm's length basis. The Group's intercompany loans, however, carry interest at a fixed rate which is different from the return on loans to the Group's foreign parent company.

9 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:
Superstruct Denmark Holdings ApS, Aarhus

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year, with some reclassifications.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise the consumption of raw materials and consumables for the financial year after adjustment for changes in inventories of these goods from the beginning to the end of the year. This item includes shrinkage, if any, and ordinary writedowns of the relevant inventories.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.