



Deloitte  
Statsautoriseret  
Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR-nr. 33963556  
Weidekampsgade 6  
Postboks 1600  
0900 København C

Phone 36 10 20 30  
Fax 36 10 20 40  
www.deloitte.dk

**PLM Group 3DX ApS**  
Langebjergvænget 4  
4000 Roskilde  
Business Registration No  
27744540

**Annual report 2017**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 18.05.2018

**Chairman of the General Meeting**

Name: Jess Glad Frandsen

## Contents

	<b><u>Page</u></b>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2017	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2017	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2017	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

## Entity details

### Entity

PLM Group 3DX ApS  
Langebjergvænget 4  
4000 Roskilde

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 27744540

Founded: 21.04.2004

Registered in: Roskilde

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

### Executive Board

Jan Olov Lundström, Chief Executive Officer

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Weidekampsgade 6  
Postboks 1600  
0900 København C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of PLM Group 3DX ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Roskilde, 18.05.2018

**Executive Board**



Jan Olov Lundström  
Chief Executive Officer

## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of PLM Group 3DX ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of PLM Group 3DX ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 18.05.2018

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556



Henrik Hjørt Kjelgaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne29484

## Management commentary

### Primary activities

PLM Group is the largest Dassault Systemes / SolidWorks value added reseller in Northern Europe serving approx. 5,000 customers from a wide range of industries.

PLM Group makes customers more competitive by implementing solutions based on PLM application software into their entire value chain. The intuitive and high torques solutions generate 3D capabilities to sell, design, manufacture, deliver and service better products, faster and more cost-effectively.

### Development in activities and finances

Very limited activities in PLM Group 3DX ApS during 2017. The result for 2017 is in accordance with the budget. The result for the year is a loss of DKK 38k and meet the expectations stated in the annual report 2016. The company is not expected to be profitable in 2018.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.



## Income statement for 2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK</u>
<b>Gross loss</b>		<b>(52.971)</b>	<b>(18.398)</b>
Other financial income	2	3.691	3.941
Other financial expenses	3	<u>(759)</u>	<u>(1.324)</u>
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>(50.039)</b>	<b>(15.781)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	<u>12.022</u>	<u>(3.982)</u>
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u>(38.017)</u></b>	<b><u>(19.763)</u></b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit/loss</b>			
Retained earnings		<u>(38.017)</u>	<u>(19.763)</u>
		<b><u>(38.017)</u></b>	<b><u>(19.763)</u></b>

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK</u>
Receivables from group enterprises		160.748	187.294
Other receivables		3.303	3.302
Income tax receivable		<u>11.009</u>	<u>2.373</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>175.060</u></b>	<b><u>192.969</u></b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b><u>1.971</u></b>	<b><u>4.728</u></b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b><u>177.031</u></b>	<b><u>197.697</u></b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b><u>177.031</u></b>	<b><u>197.697</u></b>

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>	<u>2016 DKK</u>
Contributed capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		(5.607)	32.410
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>119.393</u></b>	<b><u>157.410</u></b>
Payables to group enterprises		45.638	28.287
Other payables		12.000	12.000
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>57.638</u></b>	<b><u>40.287</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>57.638</u></b>	<b><u>40.287</u></b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b><u>177.031</u></b>	<b><u>197.697</u></b>
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		
Group relations	6		

**Statement of changes in equity for 2017**

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	125.000	32.410	157.410
Profit/loss for the year	0	(38.017)	(38.017)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>125.000</b>	<b>(5.607)</b>	<b>119.393</b>

## Notes

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
<b>2. Other financial income</b>		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	<u>3.691</u>	<u>3.941</u>
	<u><b>3.691</b></u>	<u><b>3.941</b></u>

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
<b>3. Other financial expenses</b>		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	<u>737</u>	<u>766</u>
Exchange rate adjustments	<u>22</u>	<u>558</u>
	<u><b>759</b></u>	<u><b>1.324</b></u>

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
<b>4. Tax on profit/loss for the year</b>		
Current tax	<u>(11.009)</u>	<u>(2.373)</u>
Adjustment concerning previous years	<u>(1.013)</u>	<u>6.355</u>
	<u><b>(12.022)</b></u>	<u><b>3.982</b></u>

### 5. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where MST Finance & Consult ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

The company has given guarantee of payment to PLM Group ApS for which reason SDH Development ApS and PLM Group ApS will be equally liable to PLM Group ApS' bankers.

### 6. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

PLM Holding ApS, Roskilde

## Accounting policies

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Income statement

#### Gross profit or loss

With reference to section 32 in the Danish Financial Statements Act, the gross profit/loss contains revenue, cost of sales and external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including banking fees and audit expenses.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income on receivables from group enterprises and transactions in foreign currencies.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year.

## Accounting policies

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### Balance sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.