



Cathedral ApS

Østerbrogade 136, 1.
2100 København Ø
CVR No. 27507824

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 06.07.2022

Henrik Albertsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Cathedral ApS
Østerbrogade 136, 1.
2100 København Ø

Business Registration No.: 27507824
Registered office: København
Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Executive Board

Henrik Albertsen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Cathedral ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 06.07.2022

Executive Board

Henrik Albertsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Cathedral ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cathedral ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 06.07.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Claus Jorch Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne33712

Management commentary

Primary activities

The main activity of the company is to hold shares in subsidiaries.

The result for the year is a loss 6 Thousand DKK against a loss of 134 Thousand DKK in 2020. Management sees this as not satisfying.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Gross profit/loss		(4,099)	(10,686)
Income from investments in group enterprises		0	(126,000)
Other financial income		4,041	3,885
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(243)	0
Other financial expenses		(1,061)	(1,012)
Profit/loss before tax		(1,362)	(133,813)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(5,084)	0
Profit/loss for the year		(6,446)	(133,813)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(6,446)	(133,813)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(6,446)	(133,813)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Investments in associates		60,000	60,000
Financial assets	3	60,000	60,000
Fixed assets		60,000	60,000
Receivables from associates		105,054	101,013
Receivables		105,054	101,013
Cash		2,558	29,265
Current assets		107,612	130,278
Assets		167,612	190,278

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		18,244	24,690
Equity		143,244	149,690
Trade payables		11,875	31,088
Payables to shareholders and management		12,493	0
Other payables		0	9,500
Current liabilities other than provisions		24,368	40,588
Liabilities other than provisions		24,368	40,588
Equity and liabilities		167,612	190,278

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement	1
Employees	4
Related parties with controlling interest	5

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	24,690	149,690
Profit/loss for the year	0	(6,446)	(6,446)
Equity end of year	125,000	18,244	143,244

Notes

1 Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

It should be noted that the financial statements of the associated company Unumed A/S include a reference to the material uncertainty about the company's continued operations, as the company depends on receiving further capital injections until it obtains a positive operating profit. The uncertainty affects the valuation of the investments in and the receivables from the associated company which, accordingly, are connected with some uncertainty in recognition and measurement.

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Adjustment concerning previous years	5,084	0
	5,084	0

3 Financial assets

	Investments in associates DKK
Cost beginning of year	60,000
Cost end of year	60,000
Carrying amount end of year	60,000

Investments in associates	Registered in	Equity interest %
Unumed ApS	Copenhagen	41,15

4 Employees

The company has no staff costs since Management is remunerated in the Group related company Unumed ApS.

5 Related parties with controlling interest

Related party with controlling interest consist of Henrik Albertsen, Copenhagen, whom is the only shareholder of the company and thereby has controlling interest.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administrative costs.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises comprises reversal of prior years impairment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises including interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet**Investments in associates**

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in associates fall within the definitions of both participating interests and associates, yet in the financial statements they have been presented as investments in associates because this designation reflects more accurately the Company's involvement in the relevant entities.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.