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Zymenex A/S

Roskildevej 12 C 3400 Hillerød Central Business Registration No 27394752

Annual report 2016

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 27.04.2017

Name: Lars Terp, Lawyer	

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Zymenex A/S Roskildevej 12 C 3400 Hillerød

Central Business Registration No: 27394752

Registered in: Hillerød

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

Phone: 48250054

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Registered in: Hillerød

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

Phone: 48250054

Board of Directors

Jens Morten Fogh, Chairman Claes Magnus Andersson Paolo Patri

Executive Board

Paolo Patri, CEO

Entity details

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Zymenex A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Hillerød, 20.04.2017

Executive Board

Paolo Patri CEO

Board of Directors

Jens Morten Fogh Chairman Claes Magnus Andersson

Paolo Patri

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Zymenex A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Zymenex A/S for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

København, 20.04.2017

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Flemming Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant

Management commentary

Primary activities

As in previous years, Zymenex A/S main activity has been the development of enzyme replacement therapy for the treatment of rare genetic diseases.

The Zymenex pipeline has been focused on Lamzede, Velmanase alfa (rhLAMAN) for the treatment of the lysosomal disease.

Project Status

Zymenex has focused the company's research and development on the recombinant enzyme Lamzede (rhLAMAN) for enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) for the lysosomal alpha-Mannosidosis storage disease.

This disease is caused by a deficiency of the Laman enzyme and affects approximately 500 patients world-wide. The disease is life-threatening and there is no treatment today. Previously, Zymenex has been a partner of European research groups under the EU grant "Euraman" for the development of the enzyme and has, together with this scientific group, published proof-of-principle data (Hum. Mol. Gen., vol. 13, no. 18, July 21, 2004). Zymenex and the research group concluded the EU grant "Hueman" under the 6th framework in October 2009 and has since October 2010, been working together with research groups and clinicians in a EU Framework 7 supported project group "ALPHA-MAN" with the continued development of Lamzede (rhLAMAN). In 2011 Phase 1 and Phase 2a clinical studies were conducted and in 2012, Phase 2b was completed with positive results in both biochemical and clinical parameters. Final phase 3 Clinical Trial results were presented in Q2 2016 and filing to EMA for obtaining marketing authorisation was performed in Q3 2016. Lamzede has Orphan Drug designation in both Europe and USA.

Zymenex licensed the rights to develop, register, manufacture, promote, distribute and sell certain of its Lamzede Compound to Chiesi Farmaceutici S.p.A. through a license agreement dated December 23, 2014.

Zymenex sold and transferred all intellectual rights regarding Lamzede, the medical use of Alpha-manno-sidosis, the process for concentration of a polypeptide and the process for production and purification of recombinant lysosomal alpha-mannosidosis to Chiesi Farmaceutici S.p.A. through a transfer agreement dated December 22, 2016.

At the end of 2016, headcount numbered 10 and 1 ad-interim worker, hereof 5 worked in the Swedish branch.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement for the period 01.01.16 – 31.12.16 showed a profit of tDKK 294,360 against DKK 656,421 for the period 01.01.15 – 31.12.15. The balance sheet showed equity of tDKK 230.260 as at 31.12.16.

Pharmaceutical development is in general an area with extensive risk. This includes delays in the development process, lack of effect of the product candidate in clinical trials or lack of approval from authorities in connection with production or marketing of the product candidate.

Management commentary

At the annual general meeting, the board of directors will propose that part of the Receivable with group companies (balance 31.12.2016: 347 million) will be distributed as dividend. The dividend in kind will amount to DKK 153 million.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2016

_	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Revenue		49.052	63.121
Gross profit/loss		49.052	63.121
Research and development costs		(40.487)	(52.501)
Administrative costs		(5.786)	(7.048)
Other operating income	1	334.539	0
Operating profit/loss		337.318	3.572
Other financial income from group enterprises		232	0
Other financial expenses	2	(3.019)	(3.575)
Profit/loss before tax		334.531	(3)
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(40.171)	659
Profit/loss for the year		294.360	656
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		152.900	0
Retained earnings		141.460	656
		294.360	656

Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	Notes	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
Plant and machinery		2.343	2.011
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	<u>-</u>	317	222
Property, plant and equipment	3	2.660	2.233
Other receivables		115	115
Fixed asset investments	-	115	115
Fixed assets	-	2.775	2.348
Receivables from group enterprises		347.343	4.433
Other receivables		320	578
Joint taxation contribution receivable	4	658	658
Prepayments	_	5.439	1.111
Receivables	-	353.760	6.780
Cash		3.494	8.826
Current assets		357.254	15.606
Assets	-	360.029	17.954

Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital	5	2.500	2.500
Retained earnings		74.860	(66.600)
Proposed dividend		152.900	0_
Equity		230.260	(64.100)
Dayables to group enterprises		60.046	74.264
Payables to group enterprises		69.046	74.364
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		69.046	74.364
Trade payables		17.461	1.768
Income tax payable		33.375	1.708
Joint taxation contribution payable		6.796	0
Other payables		3.091	5.922
Current liabilities other than provisions		60.723	7.690
Liabilities other than provisions		129.769	82.054
Elabilities other than provisions		129.709	82.034
Equity and liabilities		360.029	17.954
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	6		
Contingent liabilities	7		

Statement of changes in equity for 2016

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity	2 500	(55,500)	0	(64.100)
beginning of year	2.500	(66.600)	0	(64.100)
Proposed dividend	0	0	152.900	152.900
Profit/loss for the year	0	141.460	0	141.460
Equity end of year	2.500	74.860	152.900	230.260

Notes

1. Other operating income

Other operating income consist of sale of the immaterial rights to Lamazym® to the parent company CHIESI FARMACEUTICI S.p.A.

	2016 DKK'000	2015 DKK'000
2. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	2.958	3.404
Interest expenses	30	26
Exchange rate adjustments	31	145_
	3.019	3.575
		Other fixtures and fittings,
	Plant and	tools and
	machinery	equipment
	DKK'000	DKK'000
3. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	6.375	540
Additions	950	187
Disposals	(1.250)	(68)
Cost end of year	6.075	659
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(4.364)	(318)
Depreciation for the year	(618)	(66)
Reversal regarding disposals	1.250	42
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	(3.732)	(342)
Carrying amount end of year	2.343	317

4. Joint taxation contribution receivable

The company is taxed jointly with other Danish Companies in the group, and, as from the 2013 finical year, the company is liable for tax claims on a pro rata basis and most comply with any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The maximum liability totals an amount corresponding to the share of the capital in the company which is owned directly or indirectly by the ultimate parent. As at the balance date, the total liability amounts to DKK 0.

Notes

			Nominal
		Par value	value
	Number	DKK'000	DKK'000
5. Contributed capital			
Share Capital	2.500.000	0,001	2.500
	2.500.000	_	2.500

6. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

The Entity has entered into operating lease agreements with the non-cancellable period up to 15 months. At the balance sheet date is estimated lease obligations total t. DKK 1.143.

7. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Zymenex Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore alternatively liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, but only for the share by which the Entity is included in the Group, and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these entities. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue consist of founding from the Parent company CHIESI FARMACEUTICI S.p.A. for the research and development as well as administration cost that the company have based on a cost plus agreement.

Research and development costs

Research and development costs comprise cost related to research and development activities, including salaries and wages and other indirect cost.

Research and development cost, include ongoing cost of patent rights, recognized in the income statement as and when incurred.

Administrative costs

Administrative costs comprise expenses incurred for the Entity's administrative functions, including wages and salaries for administrative staff and Management, stationery and office supplies as well as amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment.

Accounting policies

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Plant and machinery 5 years

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Accounting policies

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax