

**Emporium Partners ApS  
Central Business Registration No  
27174892  
Hørskættens 10  
2630 Taastrup**

**Annual report 2015/16**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.10.2016

**Chairman of the General Meeting**



Name: Carsten Helt

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## **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Emporium Partners ApS  
Hørskættens 10  
2630 Taastrup

Central Business Registration No: 27174892

Registered in: Taastrup

Financial year: 01.07.2015 - 30.06.2016

### **Executive Board**

Carsten Helt  
Patrik Nilsson

### **Entity auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Weidekampsgade 6  
0900 København C

## **Statement by Management on the annual report**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Emporium Partners ApS for the financial year 01.07.2015 - 30.06.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2015 - 30.06.2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Taastrup, 31.10.2016

### **Executive Board**



Carsten Helt



Patrik Nilsson

## **Independent auditor's reports**

### **To the owners of Emporium Partners ApS Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements of Emporium Partners ApS for the financial year 01.07.2015 - 30.06.2016, which comprise the accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes for the Group as well as for the Parent. The consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Our audit has not resulted in any qualification.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 30.06.2016, and of the results of their operations for the financial year 01.07.2015 - 30.06.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the management commentary. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statement.

On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the management commentary is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statement.

## Independent auditor's reports

København, 31.10.2016

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

CVR-nr. 33963556

## **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The purpose of the company is to trade within electronic components.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The company result for 2014/2015 is not considered satisfactory.

### **Outlook**

Whilst we are expecting a market at the same level as this year, increases in revenue and expanding profitability remain our top priorities and we will be executing against and investing in IT, people and operations to achieve these goals.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied for these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence. Enterprises in which the Group, directly or indirectly, holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant, but not controlling influence are regarded as associates.

### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.



## Accounting policies

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in the income statement and the balance sheet, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

### Business combinations

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the consolidated income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. On acquisition of enterprises, provisions are made for costs relating to decided and published restructurings in the acquired enterprise. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful life, however, no more than 20 years. Negative differences in amount (negative goodwill), corresponding to an estimated adverse development in the relevant enterprises, are recognised in the balance sheet under deferred income, and they are recognised in the income statement when such adverse development is realised.

### Profits or losses from divestment of equity investments

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of subsidiaries are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment or winding-up, inclusive of non-amortised goodwill and estimated divestment or winding-up expenses.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## Accounting policies

When recognising foreign subsidiaries and associates that are independent entities, the income statements are translated at average exchange rates for the months that do not significantly deviate from the rates at the transaction date. Balance sheet items are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Goodwill is considered as belonging to the independent foreign entity and is translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising out of the translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year at the balance sheet date exchange rates as well as out of the translation of income statements from average rates to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

Exchange adjustments of outstanding accounts with independent foreign subsidiaries which are considered part of the total investment in the subsidiary in question are classified directly as equity.

When recognising foreign subsidiaries that are integral entities, monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate of the time of acquisition or the time of any subsequent revaluation or write-down. The items of the income statement are translated at the average rates of the months; however, items deriving from non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rates applicable to the relevant non-monetary items.

### Income statement

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs of sales for the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory write-downs.

## Accounting policies

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Parent is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. Current income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed Danish enterprises proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

## Balance sheet

### Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc. comprise development projects completed and in progress with related intellectual property rights, acquired intellectual property rights and prepayments for intangible assets.

## Accounting policies

Development projects on clearly defined and identifiable products and processes, for which the technical rate of utilisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be established, and where the intention is to manufacture, market or apply the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred.

The cost of development projects comprises costs such as salaries and amortisation that are directly and indirectly attributable to the development projects.

Completed development projects are amortised on a straight-line basis using the estimated useful lives of the assets. The amortisation period is usually five years, but in certain cases it may be up to 20 years if the longer amortisation period is considered to better reflect the Group's benefit from the developed product etc. For development projects protected by intellectual property rights, the maximum amortisation period is the remaining duration of the relevant rights.

### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 years
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Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or minus unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and minus or plus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity are measured at DKK 0, and any receivables from these enterprises are written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity value if it is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative equity value exceeds the amount receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise.

## Accounting policies

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is calculated as the difference between cost of the investments and fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life which is normally 5 years, however, in certain cases it may be up to 20 years for strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile if the longer amortisation period is considered to give a better reflection of the benefit from the relevant resources.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

### Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Cash**

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

### **Minority interests**

Minority interests consist of non-controlling interests share of equity in subsidiaries not 100% owned by the parent company.

### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Consolidated income statement for 2015/16**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015/16 DKK'000</u>	<u>2014/15 DKK'000</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>19.155</b>	<b>18.241</b>
Staff costs	1	(16.655)	(15.420)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		<u>(629)</u>	<u>(296)</u>
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>1.871</b>	<b>2.525</b>
Other financial income	2	1.211	2.143
Other financial expenses	3	<u>(2.551)</u>	<u>(2.955)</u>
<b>Profit/loss from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>531</b>	<b>1.713</b>
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	4	<u>(648)</u>	<u>(302)</u>
<b>Consolidated profit/loss</b>		<b><u>(117)</u></b>	<b><u>1.411</u></b>
Minority interests' share of profit/loss		<u>(141)</u>	<u>(156)</u>
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u><u>(258)</u></u></b>	<b><u><u>1.255</u></u></b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit/loss</b>			
Dividend for the financial year		0	1.000
Retained earnings		<u>(258)</u>	<u>255</u>
		<b><u>(258)</u></b>	<b><u>1.255</u></b>

**Consolidated balance sheet at 30.06.2016**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015/16 DKK'000</u>	<u>2014/15 DKK'000</u>
Completed development projects		4.359	4.131
Acquired intangible assets		<u>162</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Intangible assets</b>	<b>5</b>	<b><u>4.521</u></b>	<b><u>4.131</u></b>
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		<u>318</u>	<u>200</u>
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	<b>6</b>	<b><u>318</u></b>	<b><u>200</u></b>
Other receivables		119	83
Deferred tax		<u>903</u>	<u>854</u>
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b><u>1.022</u></b>	<b><u>937</u></b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b><u>5.861</u></b>	<b><u>5.268</u></b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		<u>499</u>	<u>405</u>
<b>Inventories</b>		<b><u>499</u></b>	<b><u>405</u></b>
Trade receivables		10.626	8.008
Other short-term receivables		595	225
Income tax receivable		314	390
Prepayments		<u>265</u>	<u>321</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>11.800</u></b>	<b><u>8.944</u></b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b><u>1.180</u></b>	<b><u>1.174</u></b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b><u>13.479</u></b>	<b><u>10.523</u></b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b><u>19.340</u></b>	<b><u>15.791</u></b>



**Consolidated balance sheet at 30.06.2016**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015/16 DKK'000</u>	<u>2014/15 DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital		146	146
Retained earnings		2.826	3.594
Proposed dividend		0	1.000
<b>Equity</b>		<u><b>2.972</b></u>	<u><b>4.740</b></u>
 <b>Minority interests</b>		 <u><b>0</b></u>	 <u><b>315</b></u>
Provisions for deferred tax		717	662
<b>Provisions</b>		<u><b>717</b></u>	<u><b>662</b></u>
Trade payables		9.313	5.808
Payables to group enterprises		3.067	2.053
Income tax payable		8	327
Other payables		3.263	(3.770.245)
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<u><b>15.651</b></u>	<u><b>(3.762.057)</b></u>
 <b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		 <u><b>15.651</b></u>	 <u><b>(3.762.057)</b></u>
 <b>Equity and liabilities</b>		 <u><u><b>19.340</b></u></u>	 <u><u><b>(3.756.340)</b></u></u>

Consolidation

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## Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2015/16

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	146	3.594	1.000	4.740
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(1.000)	(1.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(83)	0	(83)
Other adjustments	0	(427)	0	(427)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(258)	0	(258)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>2.826</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2.972</b>

## Notes to consolidated financial statements

	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Wages and salaries	14.595	13.014
Pension costs	356	345
Other social security costs	1.256	1.509
Other staff costs	448	552
	<b>16.655</b>	<b>15.420</b>
	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>2. Other financial income</b>		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	581	445
Interest income	2	1
Other financial income	628	1.697
	<b>1.211</b>	<b>2.143</b>
	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>3. Other financial expenses</b>		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	566	439
Interest expenses	174	163
Other financial expenses	1.811	2.353
	<b>2.551</b>	<b>2.955</b>
	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>4. Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities</b>		
Tax on current year taxable income	597	472
Change in deferred tax for the year	51	17
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	(142)
Effect of changed tax rates	0	(45)
	<b>648</b>	<b>302</b>

## Notes to consolidated financial statements

	Completed develop- ment pro- jects DKK'000	Acquired intangible assets DKK'000
<b>5. Intangible assets</b>		
Cost beginning of year	4.533	862
Additions	720	188
Disposals	0	(862)
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>5.253</b>	<b>188</b>
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year	(402)	(862)
Reversal of impairment losses	0	862
Amortisation for the year	(492)	(26)
<b>Amortisation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(894)</b>	<b>(26)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>4.359</b>	<b>162</b>
		<b>Other fix- tures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000</b>
<b>6. Property, plant and equipment</b>		
Cost beginning of year		1.312
Disposals		(37)
<b>Cost end of year</b>		<b>1.275</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year		(1.112)
Reversal regarding disposals		155
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year</b>		<b>(957)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>		<b>318</b>

## 7. Consolidation

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

PNC Holding ApS, Hørskættens 10, 2630 Taastrup, Central Business Registration 29 83 01 77

**Parent income statement for 2015/16**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>1.637</b>	<b>526</b>
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(516)	(202)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>1.121</b>	<b>324</b>
Income from investments in group enterprises		(667)	1.239
Other financial income	1	922	1.925
Other financial expenses	2	(1.579)	(2.414)
<b>Profit/loss from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>(203)</b>	<b>1.074</b>
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	3	(55)	181
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>(258)</b>	<b>1.255</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit/loss</b>			
Dividend for the financial year		0	1.000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		(667)	1.239
Retained earnings		409	(984)
		<b>(258)</b>	<b>1.255</b>

**Parent balance sheet at 30.06.2016**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015/16 DKK'000</u>	<u>2014/15 DKK'000</u>
Completed development projects		4.359	4.131
Acquired intangible assets		<u>146</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Intangible assets</b>	<b>4</b>	<b><u>4.505</u></b>	<b><u>4.131</u></b>
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	<b>5</b>	<b><u>0</u></b>	<b><u>0</u></b>
Investments in group enterprises		<u>7.160</u>	<u>12.263</u>
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>	<b>6</b>	<b><u>7.160</u></b>	<b><u>12.263</u></b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b><u>11.665</u></b>	<b><u>16.394</u></b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		<u>499</u>	<u>405</u>
<b>Inventories</b>		<b><u>499</u></b>	<b><u>405</u></b>
Trade receivables		10.626	7.994
Receivables from group enterprises		3.292	2.704
Other short-term receivables		435	200
Income tax receivable		0	155
Prepayments		<u>39</u>	<u>99</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>14.392</u></b>	<b><u>11.152</u></b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b><u>867</u></b>	<b><u>779</u></b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b><u>15.758</u></b>	<b><u>12.336</u></b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b><u><u>27.423</u></u></b>	<b><u><u>28.730</u></u></b>

**Parent balance sheet at 30.06.2016**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015/16 DKK'000</u>	<u>2014/15 DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital	7	146	146
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		0	2.094
Retained earnings		3.251	1.500
Proposed dividend		0	1.000
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>3.397</u></b>	<b><u>4.740</u></b>
Provisions for deferred tax		717	662
<b>Provisions</b>		<b><u>717</u></b>	<b><u>662</u></b>
Trade payables		9.247	5.612
Payables to group enterprises		13.869	17.482
Other payables		193	234
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>23.309</u></b>	<b><u>23.328</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b><u>23.309</u></b>	<b><u>23.328</u></b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b><u><u>27.423</u></u></b>	<b><u><u>28.730</u></u></b>
Mortgages and securities	8		
Related parties with controlling interest	9		
Ownership	10		

## Parent statement of changes in equity for 2015/16

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Reserve for net revalua- tion accor- ding to the equity me- thod DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	146	2.094	1.500	1.000
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(1.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	330	(413)	0
Other adjustments	0	(1.757)	1.755	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	(667)	409	0
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3.251</b>	<b>0</b>

  

	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	4.740
Ordinary dividend paid	(1.000)
Exchange rate adjustments	(83)
Other adjustments	(2)
Profit/loss for the year	(258)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>3.397</b>



## Notes to parent financial statements

	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>1. Other financial income</b>		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	299	218
Other financial income	623	1.707
	<b>922</b>	<b>1.925</b>
	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>2. Other financial expenses</b>		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	282	227
Interest expenses	174	163
Other financial expenses	1.123	2.024
	<b>1.579</b>	<b>2.414</b>
	<b>2015/16 DKK'000</b>	<b>2014/15 DKK'000</b>
<b>3. Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities</b>		
Tax on current year taxable income	0	(156)
Change in deferred tax for the year	55	20
Effect of changed tax rates	0	(45)
	<b>55</b>	<b>(181)</b>
	<b>Completed develop- ment pro- jects DKK'000</b>	<b>Acquired intangible assets DKK'000</b>
<b>4. Intangible assets</b>		
Cost beginning of year	4.533	862
Additions	720	170
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>5.253</b>	<b>1.032</b>
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year	(402)	(862)
Amortisation for the year	(492)	(24)
<b>Amortisation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(894)</b>	<b>(886)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>4.359</b>	<b>146</b>

## Notes to parent financial statements

	<b>Other fix- tures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000</b>
<b>5. Property, plant and equipment</b>	
Cost beginning of year	163
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>163</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(163)
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year</b>	<b>(163)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>0</b>
	<b>Investments in group enter- prises DKK'000</b>
<b>6. Fixed asset investments</b>	
Cost beginning of year	1.328
Additions	1.218
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>2.546</b>
Revaluations beginning of year	10.935
Exchange rate adjustments	330
Share of profit/loss for the year	(667)
Dividend	(6.000)
Other adjustments	16
<b>Revaluations end of year</b>	<b>4.614</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>7.160</b>

Other adjustments relate to accruals regarding loss on shares that have been deducted in receivables from group enterprises.

Investments in group enterprises comprise:

Emporium Partners Denmark ApS, Taastrup, 100%

Emporium Partners Sweden AB, Sweden, 100%

Emporium Partners Pte. Ltd., Singapore, 100%

Emporium Partners USA Inc., USA, 80%

Emporium Partners Germany GmbH, Germany 80%

## Notes to parent financial statements

	<b>Number</b>	<b>Par value DKK'000</b>	<b>Nominal value DKK'000</b>
<b>7. Contributed capital</b>			
Share capital	146	1	146
	<b>146</b>		<b>146</b>

The share capital consists of 145.832 shares at DKK 1. The shares have not been divided into classes. There have been no changes in share capital in the past 5 years.

## 8. Mortgages and securities

The Parent has entered into a credit hedging arrangement relating to the Parent's trade receivables. The Parent has also entered into a financial agreement secured on the Parent's trade receivable.

## 9. Related parties with controlling interest

PNC Holding ApS, Taastrup, Denmark, owns all of the shares in the company and has controlling interest in the company.

## 10. Ownership

The company has registered the following shareholders holding more than 5% of the voting share capital or the nominal value of the share capital:

PNC Holding ApS, Taastrup, Denmark, Central Business Registration no 29 83 01 77