# Proxeon Biosystems ApS

Kamstrupvej 90, DK-4000 Roskilde

Annual Report for 2022

CVR No. 26 84 80 24

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 28/6 2023

Michael Toftvad Chairman of the general meeting



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## Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Proxeon Biosystems ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Roskilde, 28 June 2023

**Executive Board** 

Michael Toftvad Manager

**Board of Directors** 

Piet Van der Zande Chairman Michael Toftvad

**Anthony Hugh Smith** 



## **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholder of Proxeon Biosystems ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Proxeon Biosystems ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



## **Independent Auditor's report**

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 28 June 2023

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Morten Jørgensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne32806 Mads Blichfeldt Fjord State Authorised Public Accountant mne46065



## **Company information**

The Company Proxeon Biosystems ApS

Proxeon Biosystems ApS Kamstrupvej 90 DK-4000 Roskilde CVR No: 26 84 80 24

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 31 October 2002 Financial year: 20th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Roskilde

**Board of Directors** Piet Van der Zande, chairman

Michael Toftvad Anthony Hugh Smith

**Executive Board** Michael Toftvad

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup



## Management's review

### **Key activities**

The Company's core activity is to develop and market technology, equipment and consumables for pharmaceutical and biotechnological research, and possibly clinical therapy, and other related activities.

#### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2022 shows a profit of TDKK 30,393, and at 31 December 2022 the balance sheet of the Company shows positive equity of TDKK 387,369.

#### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Gross profit		39,387	30,910
Administrative expenses		-264	-202
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	_	39,123	30,708
Financial income		380	0
Financial expenses		-478	-26
Profit/loss before tax	_	39,025	30,682
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	-8,632	-6,750
Net profit/loss for the year	-	30,393	23,932
Distribution of profit			
		2022	2021
	_	TDKK	TDKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	30,393	23,932
	_	30,393	23,932



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Assets

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Receivables from group enterprises		256,501	224,268
Other receivables		0	13
Corporation tax	_	130,941	139,572
Receivables	_	387,442	363,853
Current assets	_	387,442	363,853
Assets	_	387,442	363,853



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		4,000	4,000
Retained earnings		383,369	352,976
Equity		387,369	356,976
Trade payables		73	127
Corporation tax		0	6,750
Short-term debt		73	6,877
Debt		73	6,877
Liabilities and equity		387,442	363,853
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# **Statement of changes in equity**

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	4,000	352,976	356,976
Net profit/loss for the year	0	30,393	30,393
Equity at 31 December	4,000	383,369	387,369



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

	2022	2021
	TDKK	TDKK
1. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	8,632	6,750
	8,632	6,750

### 2. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### Contingent liabilities

The company has received a claim from the Danish Tax Authorities of 123.3 MDKK, regarding witholding tax. The claim has resulted in a mutual agreement procedure with Denmark and Germany, that is in the process of being transfered to USA as counterpart.

To avoid further interest payments on the tax claim Management has decided to pay the claim.

Management expects to win the case or at least to receive a corresponding correction from the parent Company in the USA. Therefore, Management has recognized the claimed amount including interests as a receivable in the financial statement line item Corporation tax.

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

### 3. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The company is included in the consolidated report of the Parent Company

The company is included in the consolidated report of the Parent Company		
Name	Place of registered office	
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., which is the company's ultimate Parent Company.	Massachusetts, USA	

The consolidated report of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. may be obtained at the following address:

Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., 168 Third Avenue, Waltham, MA 02451, USA



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### 4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Proxeon Biosystems ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in TDKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

#### **Income statement**

#### Net sales

Revenue from the sale is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

#### **Gross profit**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of revenue.

#### **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for Management, administrative staff, office expenses, depreciation, etc.



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish subsidiaries in the Thermo Fisher Scientific Group. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

