

RAE Systems Europe ApS

Strandesplanaden 110, 2665 Vallensbæk Strand, Denmark

CVR- nr. 26 67 76 53

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2017

*The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at the
Annual General Meeting of the
Company on 28 Mar 2018.*

Jens Christian Jensen

Chairman



Contents

	Page
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2-3
Company Information	4
Management's Review	5
Accounting Policies	6-7
Income statement for the year ended 31 December	8
Balance sheet at 31 December	9-10
Statement of changes in Equity	11
Notes to the annual report	12-13

Management's Statement

The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of RAE Systems Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2017 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position. We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 28/Mar/2018

Executive Board

Timothy David Clothier

CEO



Jens Christian Jensen

Management's Statement

The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of RAE Systems Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2017 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position. We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 28/Mar/2018

Executive Board



Timothy David Clothier

CEO

Jens Christian Jensen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the owners of RAE Systems Europe ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of RAE Systems Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the entity's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, den 28/3 2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Central Business Registration No: 33963556



Jan Larsen
State-Authorised Public Accountant
MNE-number: 16541

Company Information

The Company	<p>RAE Systems Europe ApS Strandesplanaden 110 2665 Vallensbaek Strand Denmark</p> <p>Telephone: +45 86525155 Telefax: +45 86525177 Website: www.raesystems.eu</p> <p>CVR No.: 26 67 76 53 Established: 01 07 2002</p> <p>Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Vallensbaek</p>
Executive Board	<p>Timothy David Clothier Jens Christian Jensen</p>
Auditors	<p>Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6, DK-2300 København</p>

Management's Review

Principal activity

The main activities has been sales, technical support and the service of gas detectors, photo ionization detectors, temporary and fixed gas systems with our focus into 3 main markets:

- Oil and Gas upstream, refining and petrochemical downstream
- Hazmat, Civil Defense
- Environmental

During 2017, no operations have taken place in RAE Systems Europe Aps.

Outlook

The company is expected to operate as holding company in the future.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

RAE Systems abides with Honeywell Inc.'s strong financial and ethical controls and undertakes both Internal Financial and External SOX compliance audits to minimize any revenue recognition issues. Stringent controls remain in place and are reviewed annually, including FCPA training which is established as a mandatory requirement for all Honeywell employees.

Subsequent events

No events have occurred since year-end which could materially affect the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017.

Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

Financial Statements of RAE Systems Europe for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Financial Statements for 2017 are presented in EUR.

With reference to section 86 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, Cash Flow Statement has not been prepared for the Company as it is included in the Consolidated Financial Statement of Honeywell. The Financial Statement for the Honeywell Group can be obtained at www.honeywell.com

In accordance with section 112 (1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements. The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of Honeywell International Inc.

Recognition and measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost method.

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish subsidiaries in the Honeywell group. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Current assets

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable, and in respect of trade receivables, a general provision is also made based on the Company's experience from previous years.

Accounting Policies

Equity and liability

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry—forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on- account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Income statement

for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Other Income/Dividend		98,000	0
Other external expenses		-5,465	-28,841
Gross loss		92,535	-28,841
Ordinary operating loss		92,535	-28,841
Operating loss		92,535	-28,841
Financial expenses		-1,787	0
Profit before tax		90,748	-28,841
Tax benefit/(expense) for the year	1	-90,565	6,346
Profit for the year		183	-22,495
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		183	-22,495

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Investments			
Investments in subsidiaries	2	57,050	57,050
Investments in associates	3	29,320	29,320
Total Investments		86,370	86,370
Deferred tax asset- long term portion		2,663	3,551
Total non-current assets		89,033	89,921
Current assets			
Receivables			
Account Receivable		98,000	0
Amounts owed by subsidiaries		5,363,756	5,464,682
Other receivables		0	27,440
Corporation tax		2,356	7,529
		5,464,112	5,499,651
Total current assets		5,464,112	5,499,651
Total assets		5,553,145	5,589,572

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Share capital		67,278	67,278
Retained earnings		5,478,616	5,478,433
		5,545,894	5,545,711
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		0	15,012
Other payables		7,251	28,849
Total current liabilities		7,251	43,861
Total liabilities		7,251	43,861
Total equity and liabilities		5,553,145	5,589,572
Related parties and ownership	4		

Statement of changes in Equity

at 31 December 2017

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<i>EUR</i>	<i>EUR</i>	<i>EUR</i>
Equity at 1 January	67,278	5,478,433	5,545,711
Net loss for the year	0	183	183
Equity at 31 December	67,278	5,478,616	5,545,894

	Number	Nominal Value
		<i>DKK</i>
Shares at DKK 1	500,000	500,000
		<u>500,000</u>

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

Notes to annual report

at 31 December 2017

1. Tax on profit / loss for the year

	2017	2016
	<i>EUR</i>	<i>EUR</i>
Current tax for the year	-2,483	-7,529
Deferred tax for the year	888	1,183
Adjustments to prior year	92,160	0
	<u>90,565</u>	<u>-6,346</u>

2. Investments in subsidiaries

	2017	2016
	<i>EUR</i>	<i>EUR</i>
Cost at 1 January	57,050	57,050
Additions	0	0
Deletions	0	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>57,050</u>	<u>57,050</u>

Subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Financial Results	Equity	Votes and ownership
RAE UK Ltd.	Honeywell House Skimped Hill Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 1EB, United Kingdom	EUR 0*	EUR 167,000*	100%
SolidSense GmbH	Felix Wankel Str. 5, 82152 Krailing, Germany	EUR 30,597**	EUR 1,702,205**	100%

*The financial results and equity for RAE UK Ltd. are in accordance with the latest approved annual report for the year 2017.

**The financial results and equity for SolidSense GmbH are in accordance with the latest approved annual report for the year 2016.

3. Investments in associates

	2017	2016
	<i>EUR</i>	<i>EUR</i>
Cost at 1 January	29,320	29,320
Additions	0	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>29,320</u>	<u>29,320</u>

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Financial Results	Equity	Votes and ownership
RAE France S.A.R.L	305 Rue des 4 Chemins Parc D'activité des Ayats 69390, Millery, France	EUR 79,748*	EUR 431,928*	49%
RAE Spain S.L	Avenida Remolar 31EL Prat De Llobregat, 08820, Spain	EUR 36,294*	EUR 104,786*	19%
RAE Benelux	Registered Office Amsterdamstraat 28, 2321, Hoogstraten, Belgium	EUR -92,255**	EUR -104,986**	10%

*The financial results and equity for RAE France and RAE Spain are in accordance with the latest approved annual report for the year 2017.

**The financial results and equity for RAE Benelux are in accordance latest approved annual report for the year 2016.

Notes to annual report

at 31 December 2017

4. Related parties and ownership

Controlling interest	Basis
RAE Systems (Asia) Limited	Parent company

Ownership

The following shareholders are recorded in the Company's register of shareholders as holding at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

RAE Systems (Asia) Limited
15/F Delta House, 3 on Yiu Street
Shatin, N
Hongkong

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company Honeywell International Inc.

The Group Annual Report of Honeywell International Inc. may be obtained at the following address:

Honeywell International Inc.
115 Tabor Road
Morris Plains NJ 07950
United States

Or on the home page www.honeywell.com.

5. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the Honeywell group. As a consolidated entity, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish corporation tax and withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.