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# Nimbus Film Sales ApS

Vesterbrogade 149, st. b9., 1620 København V

Company reg. no. 26 43 16 11

**Annual report** 

1 January - 31 December 2020

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 18 June 2021.

Bo Ehrhardt Chairman of the meeting

#### Notes

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.







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### Management's report

The executive board has today presented the annual report of Nimbus Film Sales ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 18 June 2021

**Executive board** 

Bo Ehrhardt

Birgitte Hald



### Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of Nimbus Film Sales ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annual accounts of Nimbus Film Sales ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020, which comprise profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and accounting policies used. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.



### Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.



### Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 18 June 2021

### Christensen Kjærulff

Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

John Mikkelsen

State Authorised Public Accountant mne26748



## **Company information**

The company

Nimbus Film Sales ApS

Vesterbrogade 149, st. b9.

1620 København V

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E mail

kim@nimbusfilm.dk

Company reg. no.

26 43 16 11

Established:

24 January 2002

Domicile:

Copenhagen

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

**Executive board** 

Bo Ehrhardt

Birgitte Hald

**Auditors** 

Christensen Kjærulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Store Kongensgade 68 1264 København K

Parent company

Nimbus Film Holding ApS



### Management commentary

### The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the principal activities are distribution of movie og TV production and hereby related activities.

### Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is DKK -7.000 against DKK -8.000 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -5.000 against DKK -6.000 last year. The management consider the results as expected.

### Events subsequent to the financial year

The Corona /COVID-19 causes uncertainty both politically / socially and for the company. Current and any future political and economic measures that may be implemented could pose financial risks related to the company's operations and may limit the company's trading opportunities.



## **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.		
Note	2020	2019
Gross loss	-7.351	-7.600
2 Other financial costs	-782	-11
Results before tax	-8.133	-7.611
3 Tax on ordinary results	3.014	1.674
Results for the year	-5.119	-5.937
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Allocated from retained earnings	-5.119	-5.937
Total allocations and transfers	-5.119	-5.937



## Statement of financial position at 31 December

## All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
Note	2020	2019
Current assets		
Amounts owed by group enterprises	167.262	167.262
Deferred tax assets	11.987	10.198
Other debtors	2.572	2.573
Debtors in total	181.821	180.033
Available funds	2.925.371	1.176
Current assets in total	3.107.192	181.209
Assets in total	3.107.192	181.209



## Statement of financial position at 31 December

Total liabilities other than provisions

Total equity and liabilities

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
Note	2020	2019
Equity		
Contributed capital	125.000	125.000
Retained earnings	44.840	49.959
Total equity	169.840	174.959
Liabilities other than provisions		
Prepayments received from customers	2.924.602	0
Trade creditors	12.750	6.250
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	2.937.352	6.250

## 4 Contingencies

6.250

181.209

2.937.352

3.107.192



## Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2019	125.000	55.896	180.896
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-5.937	-5.937
Equity 1 January 2020	125.000	49.959	174.959
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-5.119	-5.119
	125.000	44.840	169.840



### Notes

All a	mounts in DKK.		
		2020	2019
1.	Staff costs		
	Average number of employees	0	0
	In 2020, the company has not paid salaries.		
2.	Other financial costs		
	Other financial costs	782	11
		782	11
3.	Tax on ordinary results		
	Adjustment for the year of deferred tax	-3.014	-1.674
		-3.014	-1.674

#### 4. Contingencies

### Joint taxation

With Nimbus Film Holding ApS as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.



### **Accounting policies**

The annual report for Nimbus Film Sales ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concern matters existing on the balance sheet date.

#### Income statement

#### **Gross loss**

The gross loss comprises the net turnover and other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration costs.



### **Accounting policies**

#### Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concern the financial year.

### Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

### The balance sheet

#### **Debtors**

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

#### Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Nimbus Film Sales ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.



## **Accounting policies**

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

### Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.